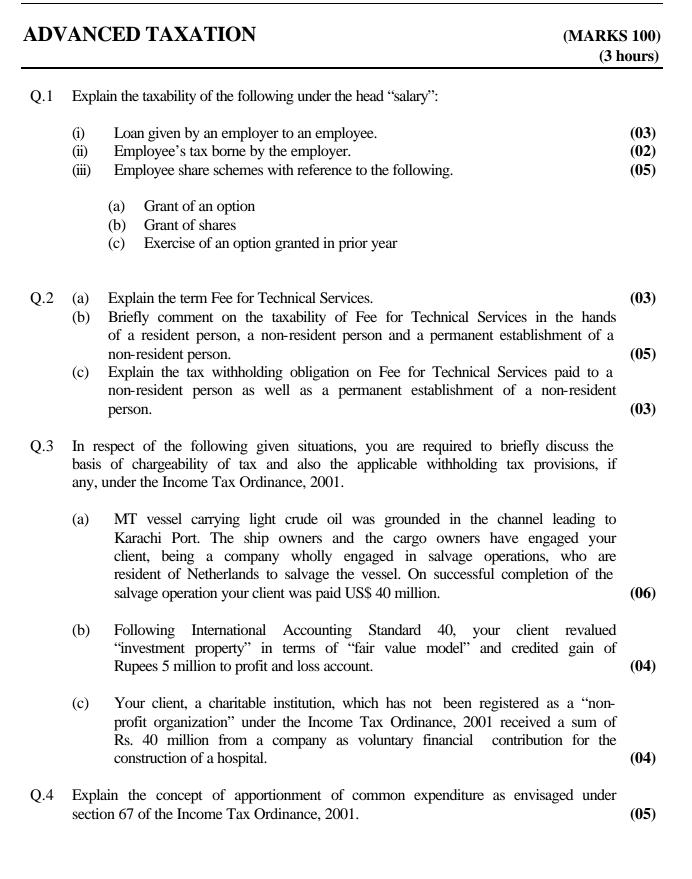
Final Examinations Summer 2004

June 09, 2004





- Under section 108 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, the Commissioner of Q.5 Income Tax in respect of any transaction with associates is authorized to distribute, apportion or allocate income, deductions or tax credits etc. between the persons to reflect the income that the persons would have realized in an arm's length transaction. In this context, briefly discuss:
  - (i) The arms length standard to be applied by the Commissioner; and
  - (ii) Methods to be applied for the purpose of determining the arm's length result.
- Q.6 M/s Khan, Hussain & Simon were equal partners in a firm KHS Textiles, engaged in the business of manufacturing and sale of garments. Their products were mainly supplied to large retail stores in Pakistan and certain European Union countries. They decided to convert their firm into a private limited company with effect from October 1, 2002.

All assets and liabilities of KHS Textiles were taken over by the new company named KHS & Co. (Pvt) Limited. Each partner received 400,000 shares of Rs. 10/= each in the new company. The profit & loss account and balance sheets of the two businesses are given below:

#### **BALANCE SHEET**

	KHS Textiles	KHS & Co. (Pvt)
	as at Sep 30,	Ltd. as at Jun 30,
	as at Sep 30, 2002	2003
	Rupees	Rupees
ASSETS	Kupees	Rupees
NON CURRENT ASSET		
Property, Plant & Equipment – Tangible	8,000,000	17,000,000
- Intangible	984,375	937,500
Investments	1,000,000	2,000,000
	9,984,375	19,937,500
CURRENT ASSETS		
Stocks	3,000,000	6,000,000
Trade Debts	2,500,000	4,200,000
Other Assets	500,000	2,600,000
Cash & Bank	215,625	362,500
	6,215,625	13,162,500
Total Assets	16,200,000	33,100,000
EQUITY & LIABILITIES		
Capital/Share Capital	10,700,000	12,000,000
Unappropriated Profit		15,200,000
	10,700,000	27,200,000
Long-term Loans	4,000,000	4,000,000
	14,700,000	31,200,000
Current Liabilities	1,500,000	1,900,000
	16,200,000	33,100,000

(14)

## **PROFIT & LOSS ACCOUNT**

		KHS & Co.
	KHS Textiles	(Pvt) Ltd.
	Jul 02– Sep 02	Oct 02 – Jun 03
	Rupees	Rupees
Sales	10,000,000	45,000,000
Cost of Sales	5,500,000	23,000,000
Gross Profit	4,500,000	22,000,000
Selling & Administrative Expenses	1,500,000	6,000,000
Operating Profit	3,000,000	16,000,000
Other Income	500,000	1,200,000
	3,500,000	17,200,000
Financial & Other Charges	500,000	2,000,000
Profit before tax	3,000,000	15,200,000

The following further information is available

1) At the time of transfer, Property Plant & Equipment consisted of the following

		OWNED	LEASED
Plant & Machinery		1,000,000	4,000,000
Furniture & Equipment		1,000,000	0
Vehicles		2,000,000	0
	Rupees	4,000,000	4,000,000

The accounting depreciation charged in the books during the three months ended September 2002 was Rs. 256,545. Tax WDV of owned assets as on June 30, 2002, was as under:

Plant & Machinery	500,000
Furniture & Equipment	1,000,000
Vehicles	2,000,000
Mandala mandala of the local or	$D_{1} = 120,000$ mere merelle The feature

Monthly rentals of the leased assets are Rs. 120,000 per month. The fair market value of the owned assets on September 30, 2002 was Rs. 5,200,000 and the assets were recorded accordingly in the books of the new company. No new assets were acquired during the year except for plant and machinery which was imported in January, 2003 at a total cost of Rs. 8,500,000.

- 2) Intangibles were acquired in 1999 and had a further useful life of 16 years as on 1.7.2002.
- 3) The cost of stock-in-trade valued in accordance with section 35 of the Income Tax Ordinance 2001, as on September 30, 2002 was Rs. 3,200,000 whereas net realizable value was Rs. 3,000,000. It was taken over in the books of the new company at NRV.
- 4) Trade debts of Rs. 2,500,000 were net of provision for bad debts of Rs. 200,000 provided in prior years. However, since bad debts were actually estimated at Rs. 100,000, these were taken over by the new company at Rs. 2,600,000. No further provisions were made.
- 5) Financial charges include those booked on finance leases amounting to Rs. 100,000 in the books of KHS Textilities and Rs. 275,000 booked by KHS & Co. (Pvt) Ltd.
- 6) 50% of the sale of both entities was export sales. All exports were made against confirmed LC's

### **Required:**

After considering the information given above, work out taxable income and income tax liability of the firm as well as the company for the tax year 2003. (18)

- M/S ABC Limited is contemplating ways to increase its sales. They have **Q**.7 approached you for advice on the sales tax implications of the various schemes as under:
  - For a certain range of products, it is being proposed to provide sample packs (i) 'Free of Cost' to the customers.
  - A mix of products X, Y & Z is proposed to be sold at a concessional rate as a (ii) 'Package Deal'. (03)
  - (iii) Sales of a certain product is intended to be introduced under the hire purchase / installment mode. An additional issue in this regard has been raised in the context of a subsequent change in the rate of sales tax. (06)
- Q.8 K Limited is a manufacturer of vehicles and has its production facility in Karachi. In view of the warranty given on vehicles sold, K Limited is under obligation to remove any defects/faults in the vehicle including replacement of parts free of cost and without any consideration during the warranty period.

Discuss the sales tax implication on the replacement of parts during the warranty period. (05)

- Q.9 Explain the terms and procedures laid down for registration and/or enrolment (a) of persons engaged in taxable activities. (04)
  - (b) Explain the procedure to be complied with in respect of "Deregistration" if a person decides to discontinue the business. (06)
  - Is there any possibility of having a multiple registration for a enterprise (c) having more than one branch or division? (02)

#### (THE END)

# (02)