protect the domestic producer.

Foundation/Modular Examinations

Spring 2001



(12)

March 14, 2001

INTRODUCTION TO ECONOMICS & FINANCE FE-1 (Paper-5)/MODULE "A" (Paper-A3)				
Q.1	(a)	What do you understand by: (i) income elasticity of demand, and (ii) cross elasticity of demand.	(02) (02)	
	(b)	Product Zeta currently sells for Rs.10 per unit and the demand at this price is 22,000,000 units. If the price fell to Rs.8 per unit, demand would increase to 27,000,000 units. Compute price elasticity of demand and interpret your result.	(05)	
	(c)	'The price elasticity of demand of cigarette is low', Discuss the importance of this statement for a government policy maker involved in levying taxes to generate revenues.	(05)	
	(d)	What does unit elasticity of demand signify?	(02)	
Q.2	(a)	Draw a labeled diagram of equilibrium of a firm in the long run under perfect competition. Explanation is not required.	(06)	
	(b)	What is 'Price Discrimination'? Such discrimination is profitable for the seller under certain conditions. Please explain.	(08)	
Q.3	(a)	There are circumstances under which a government that is normally committed to the principles of a 'Free Market' decides to take interventionist measures. List down such circumstances.	(05)	
	(b)	'Two indifference curves on a single indifference map never intersect each other'. Comment with the help of a diagram.	(06)	
Q.4	(a)	Explain the effect of 'devaluation of currency' on the balance of payment - current account of the country with the help of J-curve.	(07)	
	(b)	Briefly discuss the arguments against the policies of a government to	(4.0)	

Q.5 The Economic Survey of the government of Aladina discloses the following:

Government expenditure		
Sales value of out put of firms		
Imports		
Profit before tax of firms		
Consumers' expenditure		
Wages etc. received by employees		
Tax deducted out of wages		
Exports		
Cost of goods and services purchased from outside firms		
rms		

Rupees in millions

You are required to compute the Gross Domestic Product (GDP) by:

		i) expenditure approachii) income approachiii) value added approach	(05) (05) (05)
Q.6	(a)	What are the advantages of 'Paper Money'?	(05)
	(b)	Discuss the Principles of Note issue	(10)
Q.7	(a)	What is 'Velocity of circulation of money'? Identify four different functions of money.	(05)
	(b)	If money (i.e. nominal) rate of interest is 16% and the annual rate of inflation is 5.45%. What is the real rate of interest?	(05)

(THE END)