UNIVERSITY COLLEGE LONDON

University of London

EXAMINATION FOR INTERNAL STUDENTS

For The Following Qualification:-

B.Sc.

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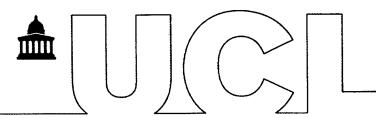
BSc Audiology: Hearing Therapy and Communication Strategies

COURSE CODE	: AUDLS007
UNIT VALUE	: 0.50
DATE	: 15-MAY-06
TIME	: 14.30
TIME ALLOWED	: 2 Hours

TURN OVER

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UCL EAR INSTITUTE SCHOOL OF AUDIOLOGY



BSc Audiology Year 2 AUDLS007

Hearing Therapy and Communication Strategies

15TH MAY 2006 EXAMINATION

Do <u>NOT</u> write your name on the answer sheet, only your assessment number

Answer **FIVE** questions in Section A Section A: 60 marks

Answer only **ONE** question in Section B Section B: 40 marks

TURN OVER

Section A: Answer only FIVE questions

1. Tinnitus can be a problem that leads to patients seeking help – Why does this happen?

How can hearing therapy enable an individual with problem tinnitus to manage their symptoms? List the possible treatment options briefly.

- 2. Write a list of the communication strategies you would suggest to a patient with hearing loss in order to maximise their ability to communicate on a day to day basis. You should write the list as if you were going to give it to a patient to take home as part of their rehabilitation programme.
- 3. Speech and language therapists assess communication difficulties. Explain the difficulties an assessment could reveal in the case of:
 - a) A patient with a congenital hearing loss (profound).
 - b) A patient with a profound acquired hearing loss.
- 4. Hearing loss can result in an individual requiring additional help and equipment (other than a hearing aid) to cope with day to day living. How can they access this? List the equipment and human aids to communication that are available?
- Counselling is a 20th Century invention. What is it, who needs it and why? List the core qualities a counsellor needs to have to establish a successful counselling relationship.
- 6. What is active listening?
- 7. What are the potential psychological consequences of acquiring a hearing loss in adult life?

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Section B: Answer only <u>ONE</u> question

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1. Hearing therapists are involved in the audiological management of adult patients presenting in hospital with hearing loss and associated conditions.

What is the current role of the therapist in management and the aim of hearing therapy? Include details of the services provided to patients referred to Hearing therapy.

2. What is audiological rehabilitation?

Outline how a Hearing therapist might assess the needs of a patient presenting with a hearing loss and how the information obtained is used to contribute to the process of rehabilitation?

END OF PAPER

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