# **UNIVERSITY COLLEGE LONDON**

## University of London

### **EXAMINATION FOR INTERNAL STUDENTS**

For The Following Qualifications:-

B.Sc.

B.Sc. (Intercal)

Hist. of Medic. C122: The Rise of Modern Medicine 1650 - 1900

COURSE CODE

: HMEDC122

UNIT VALUE

: 0.50

DATE

: 10-MAY-06

TIME

: 10.00

TIME ALLOWED

: 3 Hours

### THREE HOURS

## Answer FOUR questions. 2 from section A and 2 from section B

#### Section A

- 1. Explain why historians place inverted commas ('...') around 'fact', 'truth', and 'science'.
- 2. With reference to William Harvey, explain what was revolutionary about the scientific revolution.
- 3. To what extent can 18<sup>th</sup> century medicine be said to be have been a part of the Enlightenment?
- 4. Describe the 'birth of the clinic' and its impact.
- 5. Explain the emergence of medical ethics in the late 18<sup>th</sup> century.
- 6. How, and to what extent, did medicine become a coherent profession between the 1750s and 1850s?

#### Section B

- 1. Why were voluntary hospitals built?
- 2. If the history of public health in 19<sup>th</sup> century Britain is not a progress story, what is it?
- 3. Explain the appeal of 'alternative medicine' in the 19<sup>th</sup> century.
- 4. The anti-vivisection movement was a women's movement. Discuss.
- 5. The history of sexuality has nothing to do with sex. Discuss, with reference to 19<sup>th</sup> century Britain.
- 6. Explain the opposition to medical specialization in 19<sup>th</sup> century Britain.

**END OF PAPER**