

**UNIVERSITY COLLEGE LONDON**

University of London

**EXAMINATION FOR INTERNAL STUDENTS**

For The Following Qualifications:–

*B.Sc. M.Sci.*

**Mathematics C356: Fractal Geometry**

COURSE CODE : **MATHC356**

UNIT VALUE : **0.50**

DATE : **10–MAY–04**

TIME : **14.30**

TIME ALLOWED : **2 Hours**

All questions may be attempted but only marks obtained on the best four solutions will count.

The use of an electronic calculator is **not** permitted in this examination.

1. (a) Give the definition of a similitude  $w : \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$ .
- (b) Show that if  $w : \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$  is a similitude,  $w(x) = Ax + b$ , where  $b \in \mathbb{R}^2$  and  $A$  is a  $2 \times 2$  matrix, then  $A$  can be written either as  $A = rR_\theta$  or as  $A = rRR_\theta$ , where  $R$  is a reflection and  $R_\theta$  is a rotation by an angle  $\theta$ ,  $0 \leq \theta < 2\pi$  and  $r > 0$ .
- (c) Verify that the following two functions are similitudes and find their scaling factors:

$$w_1 \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} .2 & .15 \\ .15 & -.2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$
$$w_2 \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} .24 & -.07 \\ .07 & .24 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

- (d) Find the fractal dimension of the attractor of the hyperbolic iterated functions system  $\{\mathbb{R}^2; w_1, w_2\}$ .

2. Let  $K$  be a non-empty compact subset of a complete metric space  $X$ .

- (a) Give the definition of the fractal dimension  $D(K)$  of  $K$ .
- (b) Prove that if  $0 < r < 1$ ,  $\epsilon_n = r^n$  and  $D = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\ln(\mathcal{N}(K, \epsilon_n))}{-\ln \epsilon_n}$  exists, then  $D$  is the fractal dimension of  $K$ . Here  $\mathcal{N}(K, \epsilon_n)$  is the smallest number of closed balls of radius  $\epsilon_n$  that cover the set  $K$ .
- (c) Give the definition of the Hausdorff-Besicovitch dimension of a subset of  $\mathbb{R}^d$ . Prove that the Hausdorff-Besicovitch dimension of any countable set is zero.
- (d) Compute the fractal dimension of the compact set  $\{0, 1, 1/2, 1/3, \dots, 1/n, \dots\}$  in the unit interval.

3. Let  $K$  denote a compact metric space and  $\mathcal{H}(K)$  the space of non-empty closed subsets of  $K$ .

- (a) Define the Hausdorff metric  $h$  on  $\mathcal{H}(K)$  and prove that  $(\mathcal{H}(K), h)$  is totally bounded.
- (b) Prove that a decreasing sequence  $(J_n)$  of non-empty closed sets in  $K$  is a Cauchy sequence in  $(\mathcal{H}(K), h)$  with limit  $\bigcap_{n=1}^{\infty} J_n$ .

4. (a) Let  $\{X; w_1, w_2, \dots, w_N\}$  be a hyperbolic IFS. Give the definition of the code space associated with the IFS and the metric on the code space.
- (b) Let  $\{X; w_1, \dots, w_N\}$  be a hyperbolic IFS. For  $\sigma$  in the code space  $\Sigma$ ,  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ , and  $x \in X$  let  $\phi(\sigma, n, x) = w_{\sigma_1} \circ \dots \circ w_{\sigma_n}(x)$  and  $\phi(\sigma) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \phi(\sigma, n, x)$ . An address of a point  $a$  in the attractor  $A$  of the IFS is any element of the set  $\phi^{-1}(a) = \{\omega \in \Sigma : \phi(\omega) = a\}$ . Prove that a point  $x \in A$  is a periodic point of the IFS if and only if it has a periodic address.
- (c) Define what it means for the IFS to be totally disconnected, just-touching and overlapping.
- (i) Prove that a hyperbolic IFS  $\{X; w_1, w_2, \dots, w_N\}$  with attractor  $A$  is totally disconnected if and only if  $w_i(A) \cap w_j(A) = \emptyset$  for all  $i \neq j$ ,  $i, j \in \{1, 2, \dots, N\}$ .
- (ii) Prove that the IFS  $\{\mathbb{R}; \frac{1}{2}x, \frac{1}{2}x + \frac{1}{2}\}$  is just-touching.
5. Let  $\mathbb{C}$  denote the complex plane.
- (a) Consider a set  $A$  in  $\mathbb{C}$  that is constructed by replacing the square with vertices  $0, 1, i, 1 + i$  by four squares of  $\frac{1}{10}$  the side length positioned inside the square in the corners, then replacing these four boxes each by four boxes of  $\frac{1}{10}$  their side lengths, and iterating this process. Construct a hyperbolic IFS whose attractor is  $A$  and compute the fractal dimension of  $A$ .
- (b) Prove that if  $f : \mathbb{C} \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$  is a continuous function and  $z_0 \in \mathbb{C}$ , then  $\lim_{z \rightarrow z_0} \frac{f(z) - f(z_0)}{z - z_0}$  exists if and only if there exists a similitude of the form  $w(z) = az + b$ , where  $a, b \in \mathbb{C}$ , such that  $\lim_{z \rightarrow z_0} \frac{|f(z) - w(z)|}{|z - z_0|} = 0$ .
- (c) Find a similitude that approximates the behaviour of  $f(z) = (z - 1)^5$  near  $z_0 = 1 + i$ .