## **UNIVERSITY COLLEGE LONDON**

University of London

## **EXAMINATION FOR INTERNAL STUDENTS**

For the following qualifications:-

M.A.

## Hebrew G1: The Politics of the State of Israel to 1967

COURSE CODE

: HEBRG001

DATE

: 29-APR-02

TIME

: 10.00

TIME ALLOWED

: 3 hours

02-N0140-3-30

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**TURN OVER** 

## The Politics of the State of Israel to 1967

Answer THREE of the following questions. All questions carry equal marks.

- 1. Examine the reasons for the failure of Herut/Gahal to win power between 1948 and 1967.
- 2. To what extent did the Suez War (1956) represent a victory for 'the activists' over 'the moderates' in Israeli politics?
- 3. Examine the role of the United States in the creation of the State of Israel between 1945 and 1948.
- 4. Assess the importance of the formation of the Histadrut (1920) and Mapai (1930) on the Yishuv.
- 5. What, in your opinion, are the three most important books dealing with Israeli history up to 1967? Defend your choices.
- 6. Assess the extent to which the death of Jabotinsky in 1940 contributed to the splits within the Revisionists up to 1948.
- 7. Examine the key differences between Israel's 'new historians' and 'old historians' over the military balance between Israeli and Arab forces during the 1948 War.
- 8. To what extent did national goals take priority over socialist goals between 1948 and 1967?
- 9. Why did the Lavon Affair of 1954 become so important? Examine with reference to the conflict in Mapai between the 'young guard' and the 'party machine.'
- 10. Assess the extent to which the Arabs adopted a unified position towards Israel between 1956 and 1967.

END OF PAPER