

(6)

(i) Let

$$I_n = \int_1^e x^2 (\log_e x)^n dx, \quad n = 0, 1, 2, \dots$$

(a) Evaluate  $I_0$ .

(b) Prove that

$$I_n = \frac{1}{3}e^3 - \frac{1}{3}nI_{n-1}, \quad \text{for } n = 1, 2, \dots$$

(c) Deduce the values of  $I_1$  and  $I_2$ . [5]

(ii) Show that

$$\int \frac{dx}{x(\log_e x)^{1/2}} = 2(\log_e x)^{1/2},$$

and deduce by the Integral Test that the series

$$\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n(\log_e n)^{1/2}}$$

is divergent. [5]

(7)

(a) Use Stirling's Formula

(i) to estimate the following number to 1 significant figure:

$$1000\sqrt{2\pi} \frac{400!}{4^{400}(100!)^4}; \quad [3]$$

(ii) to determine a real number  $\lambda$  such that

$$\frac{(2n)!}{(n!)^2} \sim \lambda \frac{2^{2n}}{\sqrt{n}} \text{ as } n \rightarrow \infty. \quad [2]$$

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(b) Let  $f$  be the function

$$f: [0, 2] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$x \mapsto \begin{cases} x, & x \in [0, 1[ \\ x-1, & x \in [1, 2] \end{cases}$$

(i) Sketch the graph of  $f$ . [1](ii) Determine the values of the Riemann sums  $L(f, P)$  and  $U(f, P)$  for the partition  $P$  of  $[0, 2]$ , where

$$P = \left\{ \left[0, \frac{2}{3}\right], \left[\frac{2}{3}, \frac{3}{2}\right], \left[\frac{3}{2}, 2\right] \right\}. \quad [4]$$

(8)

This question concerns the linear flow with velocity function

$$V(x, y) = (x + 4y, x - 2y).$$

(i) Write down

(a) the matrix  $A$  of the flow; [1](b) the first order differential equations satisfied by the coordinate functions  $f, g$  of any flow function for this flow; [1]

(c) a second order differential equation satisfied by these coordinate functions. [1]

(ii) Find the general solution of the differential equation in part (i)(c). [2]

(iii) Determine the flow function  $\alpha$  corresponding to  $V$  which satisfies  $\alpha(0) = (5, 0)$ . [5]

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(9)

This question concerns the linear flow with velocity function

$$V(x, y) = (x + 2y, 2x + y).$$

(i) Write down

(a) the matrix  $A$  of the flow; [1](b) the first order differential equations satisfied by the coordinate functions  $f, g$  of any flow function for this flow; [1]

(c) a second order differential equation satisfied by these coordinate functions. [1]

(ii) Find the general solution of the differential equation in part (i)(c). [2]

(iii) Determine the flow function  $\alpha$  corresponding to  $V$  which satisfies  $\alpha(0) = (2, 0)$ . [5]

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