

## ANALYSIS B

### Question 21

- (a) The function  $f$  is defined on  $[0, 1]$  by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & x = 0, \\ 2x, & 0 < x < 1, \\ 0, & x = 1. \end{cases}$$

- (i) Sketch the graph of  $f$ .  
(ii) Determine the values of the Riemann sums  $L(f, P)$  and  $U(f, P)$  for the partition  $P$  of  $[0, 1]$  where

$$P = \left\{ \left[0, \frac{1}{3}\right], \left[\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}\right], \left[\frac{1}{2}, 1\right] \right\}. \quad [5]$$

- (b) Show that

$$\int \frac{dx}{x(\log_e x)^{3/4}} = 4(\log_e x)^{1/4},$$

and hence determine whether the series

$$\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n(\log_e n)^{3/4}}$$

converges or diverges. [5]

### Question 22

- (a) Determine the Taylor polynomial  $T_3(x)$  for the function  $f(x) = (3+x)^{5/2}$  at 1. Show that  $T_3(x)$  approximates  $f(x)$  to within  $10^{-2}$  on the interval  $[1, 2]$ . [6]  
(b) Determine the interval of convergence of the power series

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{4^n}{n} (x-1)^n. \quad [4]$$

[END OF QUESTION PAPER]