

TIME ALLOWED: Three Hours

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Answer ALL questions in Section A and THREE questions from Section B.
The total of the marks available on Section A is 55.

S E C T I O N A

1. Let $\overrightarrow{OA} = \mathbf{a}$ and $\overrightarrow{OB} = \mathbf{b}$.
- (a) Express \overrightarrow{AB} in terms of \mathbf{a} and \mathbf{b} .
 - (b) Let X be the point on AB such that $\overrightarrow{AX} = 2\overrightarrow{XB}$. Find \overrightarrow{OX} in terms of \mathbf{a} and \mathbf{b} .

[8 marks]

2. Let $(\mathbf{i}, \mathbf{j}, \mathbf{k})$ be a right handed set of mutually orthogonal unit vectors. Suppose that $\mathbf{a} = 2\mathbf{i} - 2\mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}$ and $\mathbf{b} = 3\mathbf{i} - \mathbf{k}$. Find

(a) $2\mathbf{a} - 3\mathbf{b}$, (b) $|\mathbf{a}|$, (c) $\mathbf{a} \cdot \mathbf{b}$, (d) $\mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{b}$.

Find also

- (e) the angle between \mathbf{a} and \mathbf{b} correct to the nearest degree,
and
- (f) a unit vector orthogonal to both \mathbf{a} and \mathbf{b} .

[18 marks]

3. Let O be a fixed origin and let \mathbf{i} , \mathbf{j} and \mathbf{k} be constant mutually orthogonal unit vectors. The position vector with respect to O of a particle P is

$$\mathbf{r}(t) = \{5\mathbf{i} + (4t + 3)\mathbf{j} + (7t - t^2)\mathbf{k}\} \text{metres.}$$

at time t seconds. Find

- (a) the position of P at time $t = 0$;
- (b) the velocity of P at time t seconds;
- (c) the speed of P when $t = 2$;
- (d) the acceleration of P at time t seconds.

[14 marks]

4. Evaluate the determinant

$$\begin{vmatrix} 3 & 5 & 7 \\ 2 & -1 & 3 \\ 2 & 1 & 2 \end{vmatrix}.$$

[9 marks]

5. Let \mathbf{i} , \mathbf{j} and \mathbf{k} be unit vectors parallel to the coordinate axes Ox , Oy and Oz . Suppose that $\mathbf{n} = \mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j} - 3\mathbf{k}$. Find the Cartesian equation of the plane through the point $(1, 0, -1)$ and perpendicular to \mathbf{n} .

[6 marks]

SECTION B

6. Suppose that A , B , C and D are four distinct, non-collinear points in space and that $\overrightarrow{AB} = \mathbf{x}$, $\overrightarrow{BC} = \mathbf{y}$ and $\overrightarrow{CD} = \mathbf{z}$.

- (a) Find an expression for \overrightarrow{DA} in terms of \mathbf{x} , \mathbf{y} and \mathbf{z} .
- (b) What condition must be satisfied by \mathbf{x} , \mathbf{y} and \mathbf{z} in order that $ABCD$ should be a parallelogram?
- (c) Suppose that, in terms of mutually orthogonal unit vectors \mathbf{i} , \mathbf{j} and \mathbf{k} ,

$$\mathbf{x} = 2\mathbf{i} - 3\mathbf{j} + 2\mathbf{k}, \quad \mathbf{y} = -2\mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}, \quad \text{and} \quad \mathbf{z} = 2\mathbf{i} - 5\mathbf{j} + 3\mathbf{k}.$$

Show that

- i. $ABCD$ is not a parallelogram;
- ii. A , B , C and D lie in the same plane.

[15 marks]

7. The points A , B and C have Cartesian coordinates $(2, 1, 0)$, $(1, -1, -1)$ and $(-1, -1, 1)$, respectively. Find

- (a) the area of the triangle ABC ;
- (b) the Cartesian equation of the plane Π through A , B and C ;
- (c) the distance from the plane Π of the point X with coordinates $(1, 2, 3)$.

[15 marks]

8. (a) Find a parametric equation for the line of intersection of the planes

$$x - y + 3z = 3 \quad \text{and} \quad 3x + y - z = 11.$$

- (b) Let A , B and C be the points with Cartesian coordinates $(3, -1, 1)$, $(1, -3, 3)$ and $(1, -1, 2)$, respectively. Find the volume of the parallelepiped with edges parallel to OA , OB and OC and which has O , A , B , and C as four of its vertices.

[15 marks]

9. Use the method of elimination to find the solution of the simultaneous equations

$$\begin{array}{rccccrcrcl} x & + & 2y & - & z & - & 3w & = & 2 \\ x & + & 3y & + & 4z & + & 4w & = & 5 \\ 2x & + & 3y & - & 6z & + & 3w & = & -13 \\ x & + & 2y & & & + & 4w & = & -3. \end{array}$$

[15 marks]