



THE UNIVERSITY
of LIVERPOOL

SUMMER 1998 EXAMINATIONS

Degree of Bachelor of Science : Year 0
Degree of Bachelor of Science : Year 1
Degree of Bachelor of Engineering : Year 0

VECTORS AND KINEMATICS

TIME ALLOWED : Three Hours

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Answer ALL questions in Section A and THREE questions from Section B.
The total of the marks available on Section A is 55.



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SECTION A

1. The points A , B and C have position vectors \mathbf{a} , \mathbf{b} and \mathbf{c} , respectively, with respect to an origin O . Express each of the following in terms of \mathbf{a} , \mathbf{b} and \mathbf{c} .

- (a) \overrightarrow{BC} ;
- (b) the position vector with respect to O of the point D such that $ABDC$ is a parallelogram;
- (c) the position vector with respect to O of the point E such that $\overrightarrow{BE} = 3\overrightarrow{BA}$.

[8 marks]

2. Let \mathbf{i} , \mathbf{j} and \mathbf{k} be mutually orthogonal unit vectors. Suppose that

$$\mathbf{u} = 2\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j} - 2\mathbf{k} \quad \text{and} \quad \mathbf{v} = \mathbf{i} - 4\mathbf{j} - \mathbf{k}.$$

Find

- (a) the lengths of \mathbf{u} , \mathbf{v} and $\mathbf{u} + \mathbf{v}$;
- (b) a unit vector parallel to $\mathbf{u} + \mathbf{v}$;
- (c) $\mathbf{u} \cdot \mathbf{v}$;
- (d) a vector orthogonal to both \mathbf{u} and \mathbf{v} .

[11 marks]

3. Let \mathbf{a} , \mathbf{b} and \mathbf{c} be non-zero vectors.

- (a) What can you deduce from the statement $\mathbf{a} \cdot \mathbf{b} = 0$?
- (b) What can you deduce from the statement $\mathbf{b} \times \mathbf{c} = \mathbf{0}$?
- (c) What can you deduce from the statement $(\mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{b}) \cdot \mathbf{c} = 0$.

[7 marks]



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4. The points A , B and C have Cartesian coordinates $(1, -3, 4)$, $(2, -4, 4)$ and $(2, -2, 2)$, respectively. Find
- the lengths of the sides of triangle ABC ;
 - the angles of the triangle ABC ;
 - the area of triangle AOB , where O is the origin.

[12 marks]

5. The unit vectors \mathbf{i} , \mathbf{j} and \mathbf{k} are parallel to the coordinate axes Ox , Oy and Oz respectively. The points A and B have coordinates $(1, -1, 1)$ and $(2, 1, -1)$ respectively.
- Express \overrightarrow{AB} in terms of \mathbf{i} , \mathbf{j} and \mathbf{k} .
 - Find the vector equation of the line through A and B .
 - Find the Cartesian equation of the plane through A and perpendicular to AB .

[9 marks]

6. The equation of motion of a particle of mass m , moving under a constant force \mathbf{F} , is

$$m \frac{d^2 \mathbf{r}}{dt^2} = \mathbf{F}.$$

The particle is projected from the origin at time $t = 0$ with velocity \mathbf{u} . Integrate the equation of motion twice to obtain \mathbf{r} as a function of t .

Suppose now that $\mathbf{F} = -mg\mathbf{k}$ and $\mathbf{u} = v(\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{k})$, where \mathbf{i} is a unit vector in a horizontal direction and \mathbf{k} is a unit vector in the vertically upwards direction, and g and v are constants. Find the time at which the particle reaches the highest point of its trajectory.

[8 marks]



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SECTION B

7. The position vectors with respect to O of the vertices A and B of the triangle OAB are \mathbf{a} and \mathbf{b} respectively. The mid point of AB is D and that of OA is E .
- (a) Find, in terms of \mathbf{a} and \mathbf{b} , the vector equations of the line l_1 through B and E and the line l_2 through O and D .
 - (b) Let G be the point of intersection of l_1 and l_2 . Find \overrightarrow{OG} in terms of \mathbf{a} and \mathbf{b} .
 - (c) Write down the equation of the line l_3 through A and G .
 - (d) Show that l_3 passes through the mid point of OB .

[15 marks]

8. The planes Π_1 and Π_2 have equations

$$x + 2y - z = 4 \quad \text{and} \quad 2x - y - 3z = 3,$$

respectively, with respect to Cartesian axes $Oxyz$. Find

- (a) the angle between the planes Π_1 and Π_2 ;
- (b) the distance of the origin O from Π_1 ;
- (c) the equation of the line l of intersection of the planes Π_1 and Π_2 in terms of a parameter λ ;
- (d) the coordinates of two (different) points on the line l .

[15 marks]



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9. Let \mathbf{i} , \mathbf{j} and \mathbf{k} be mutually orthogonal unit vectors. Suppose that

$$\mathbf{a} = \mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j}, \quad \mathbf{b} = \mathbf{j} + 3\mathbf{k} \quad \text{and} \quad \mathbf{c} = \mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}.$$

- (a) (i) Show that \mathbf{a} , \mathbf{b} and \mathbf{c} are linearly independent.
(ii) Express $2\mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}$ as a linear combination of \mathbf{a} , \mathbf{b} and \mathbf{c} .
- (b) Establish whether the lines with vector equations

$$\mathbf{r} = \mathbf{a} + 2\mathbf{c} + \lambda\mathbf{b} \quad \text{and} \quad \mathbf{r} = \mathbf{c} + \mu(\mathbf{a} - \mathbf{c})$$

do or do not intersect, giving reasons.

- (c) Show that the position vector of the point on the line with equation

$$\mathbf{r} = \mathbf{c} + \mu(\mathbf{a} - \mathbf{c})$$

which is nearest to the origin can be written as

$$\mathbf{c} + \frac{\mathbf{c} \cdot (\mathbf{c} - \mathbf{a})}{|\mathbf{c} - \mathbf{a}|^2}(\mathbf{a} - \mathbf{c})$$

(*Hint*: consider the distance squared $\mathbf{r} \cdot \mathbf{r}$).

[15 marks]

10. (a) The position vector, with respect to a fixed origin O , of a particle at time t is

$$\mathbf{r} = (a \cos \omega t)\mathbf{i} + (a \sin \omega t)\mathbf{j},$$

where \mathbf{i} and \mathbf{j} are fixed mutually orthogonal unit vectors and a and ω are constants.

- (i) Show that the path of the particle is a circle centre O .
(ii) Find the velocity \mathbf{v} of the particle at time t and deduce that $\mathbf{r} \times \mathbf{v}$ is constant.
(iii) Show that the acceleration of the particle is, at all times, of the form $\alpha\mathbf{r}$ and give the value of the constant α .
- (b) An aircraft has constant velocity $200(\mathbf{i} - 2\mathbf{j})$ km h⁻¹ with respect to the wind, where \mathbf{i} and \mathbf{j} are unit vectors pointing due East and due North, respectively. The wind is blowing *from* the South-West at a speed of $50\sqrt{2}$ km h⁻¹ with respect to the ground. What is the speed of the aircraft with respect to the ground.

[15 marks]