

TIME ALLOWED: Three Hours

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Answer ALL questions in Section A and THREE questions from Section B.
The total of the marks available on Section A is 55.

S E C T I O N A

1. The points A , B and C have position vectors \mathbf{a} , \mathbf{b} and \mathbf{c} , respectively, with respect to an origin O . The point D is the mid point of \overline{AB} and X is a point such that $ADXC$ is a parallelogram. Express \overrightarrow{AB} , \overrightarrow{AD} and \overrightarrow{OX} in terms of \mathbf{a} , \mathbf{b} and \mathbf{c} .

[8 marks]

2. Let \mathbf{i} , \mathbf{j} and \mathbf{k} be mutually orthogonal unit vectors. Suppose that $\mathbf{a} = \mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}$ and $\mathbf{b} = 3\mathbf{i} - \mathbf{k}$. Find

- (a) the lengths of \mathbf{a} and \mathbf{b} ;
- (b) the angle between \mathbf{a} and \mathbf{b} , to the nearest degree;
- (c) a unit vector parallel to $\mathbf{a} - \mathbf{b}$.

Assume now that $(\mathbf{i}, \mathbf{j}, \mathbf{k})$ is a right handed set. Find also

- (d) $\mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{b}$.

[12 marks]

3. Let \mathbf{u} be a unit vector. Show that, for all vectors \mathbf{a} , the vector $\mathbf{a} - (\mathbf{a} \cdot \mathbf{u})\mathbf{u}$ is orthogonal to \mathbf{u} .

[3 marks]

4. The points A , B and C have Cartesian coordinates $(1, 2, 1)$, $(3, 4, 2)$ and $(-3, 1, 2)$, respectively. Find

- (a) the length of AC ;
- (b) the area of the triangle ABC ;
- (c) the volume of the parallelepiped with edges parallel to \overrightarrow{OA} , \overrightarrow{OB} and \overrightarrow{OC} .

[11 marks]

5. Points A , B , and C have position vectors, with respect to an origin O , \mathbf{a} , \mathbf{b} and \mathbf{c} , respectively. Write down the vector equation for the line through A and parallel to a given vector \mathbf{s} .

Find the vector equation for the line l through A and the mid point of BC .

[5 marks]

6. Let P be the point with Cartesian coordinates $(1, 2, 3)$. Find the Cartesian equation of the plane through the origin O and orthogonal to OP .
[4 marks]

7. Suppose that $\mathbf{a} \cdot \mathbf{b} \times \mathbf{c} = \alpha$. What is the value of $(\mathbf{b} - \mathbf{c}) \cdot \mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{c}$?
[4 marks]

8. The equation of motion of a particle of mass m , moving under a constant gravitational force $-mg\mathbf{k}$, where \mathbf{k} is a unit vector directed vertically upwards, is

$$\frac{d^2\mathbf{r}}{dt^2} = -g\mathbf{k}.$$

The particle is thrown with velocity \mathbf{u} from a height h above the ground. Choose a suitable origin and integrate the equation of motion twice to obtain \mathbf{r} .

Assume that $\mathbf{u} \cdot \mathbf{k} > 0$. What is the greatest height above the ground reached by the particle?

[8 marks]

SECTION B

9. The planes Π_1 and Π_2 have equations

$$4x + y + z = 4 \quad \text{and} \quad 7x + y - 2z = 10,$$

respectively, with respect to Cartesian axes $Oxyz$.

- (a) Find the angle between the planes Π_1 and Π_2 .
- (b) Find the line of intersection of the planes Π_1 and Π_2 in terms of a parameter λ .
- (c) Find the distance of the point P with coordinates $(4, -3, 3)$ from the plane Π_1 and determine whether or not P lies on the same side of Π_1 as the origin.
- (d) Find the equation of the plane Π_3 through P and at right angles to both Π_1 and Π_2 .

[15 marks]

10. Let \mathbf{i} , \mathbf{j} and \mathbf{k} be mutually orthogonal unit vectors.

- (a) Suppose that $\mathbf{a} = 2\mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j} - \mathbf{k}$, $\mathbf{b} = 3\mathbf{i} - 2\mathbf{j} - \mathbf{k}$, $\mathbf{c} = \mathbf{i} - 3\mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}$ and $\mathbf{d} = \mathbf{i} - 2\mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}$.
 - i. Show that \mathbf{a} , \mathbf{b} and \mathbf{c} are linearly independent.
 - ii. Show that \mathbf{a} , \mathbf{b} and \mathbf{d} are linearly dependent.
 - iii. Express \mathbf{d} as a linear combination of \mathbf{a} and \mathbf{b}
- (b) Let $\mathbf{u} = 2\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j} - 2\mathbf{k}$, $\mathbf{v} = \mathbf{i} + \mathbf{k}$ and $\mathbf{w} = -\mathbf{i} + 4\mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}$.
 - i. Verify that \mathbf{u} , \mathbf{v} and \mathbf{w} are mutually orthogonal.
 - ii. Suppose that $\mathbf{s} = \alpha\mathbf{u} + \beta\mathbf{v} + \gamma\mathbf{w}$. Show that $\alpha = \mathbf{s} \cdot \mathbf{u} / |\mathbf{u}|^2$ and write down similar expressions for β and γ .
 - iii. Express \mathbf{i} as a linear combination of \mathbf{u} , \mathbf{v} and \mathbf{w} .

[15 marks]

11. (a) A ship sailing due north at a speed of 20 km h^{-1} observes another ship 2 km to the north east which appears, to those on the first ship, to be travelling north-west at 15 km h^{-1} . Find the true speed and direction of motion of the second ship.
- (b) Find the distance between the lines

$$\mathbf{r} = \mathbf{i} + \lambda(2\mathbf{j} - 5\mathbf{k}) \quad \text{and} \quad \mathbf{r} = \mathbf{j} + \mu(3\mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{k}).$$

[15 marks]

12. (a) The position vector at time t of a particle P , with respect to a fixed origin O , is

$$\mathbf{r}(t) = a(\omega t - \sin \omega t)\mathbf{i} + a(1 - \cos \omega t)\mathbf{j},$$

where a and ω are constants and \mathbf{i} and \mathbf{j} are constant, mutually orthogonal unit vectors. Find

- i. the velocity of the particle at time t ;
- ii. the acceleration of the particle at time t .

Show that the magnitude of the acceleration is constant,

What is the direction of motion when the speed is greatest?

- (b) The position vector, with respect to a fixed origin O , of a particle at time t is $\mathbf{r} = \mathbf{r}(t)$. Show that

$$\frac{d}{dt}(\mathbf{r} \times \dot{\mathbf{r}}) = \mathbf{r} \times \ddot{\mathbf{r}}.$$

The equation of motion of the particle is

$$\ddot{\mathbf{r}} = \mathbf{F}.$$

Show that, if \mathbf{F} is always parallel to \mathbf{r} , then $\mathbf{r} \times \dot{\mathbf{r}} = \mathbf{h}$ is a constant vector.

Deduce that the motion of the particle lies in the plane $\mathbf{r} \cdot \mathbf{h} = 0$.

Show also that, if $|\mathbf{r}|$ is constant, then \mathbf{r} , $\dot{\mathbf{r}}$ and \mathbf{h} are mutually orthogonal vectors.

[15 marks]