## <u>Vibrations and Waves</u> <u>Errors & Corrections Sheet</u> Last updated: 17 February 2005

## Handout Sheet for Lecture 2: In DERIVATION 2.3: Anharmonic SHM

Original:  $-s_{2}\left[A_{1}^{2}\exp(j2\omega_{0}t) + A_{1}A_{2}\exp(j3\omega_{0}t) + ...\right]$ Should read:  $-s_{2}\left[A_{1}^{2}\exp(j2\omega_{0}t) + 2A_{1}A_{2}\exp(j3\omega_{0}t) + ...\right]$ 

## Handout Sheet for Lecture 8:

Should have copy with <u>CORRECTED VERSION</u> at top.

Handout Sheet for Lecture 10: In DERIVATION 10.4: GroupVelocity Original:

$$v_{g} = \frac{d\omega}{dk} = \frac{d}{dk}(kv) = v + k\frac{dv}{dk} = v - \lambda\frac{dv}{d\lambda}v_{g}$$
  
Should read:  
$$v_{g} = \frac{d\omega}{dk} = \frac{d}{dk}(kv) = v + k\frac{dv}{dk} = v - \lambda\frac{dv}{d\lambda}$$

\*Slit separation a, distance to screen s,

Classwork 2 <u>Question Sheet:</u> (viii) Calculate  $\omega_r$  ..... <u>Answer Sheet:</u> viii)  $\omega_r = \sqrt{\omega_0^2 - \frac{r^2}{2M^2}} = \sqrt{37.64^2 - \frac{5630^2}{2 \times 95^2}}$ = 41.91rad/s

<u>Wrong</u> => I miscalculated this when I wrote the answer sheet. You cannot calculate  $\omega_r$  in this system.

Why??? The system is so close to critical (see part (ix) in Classwork 2) that  $\left(\omega_0^2 - \frac{r^2}{2M^2}\right) < 0$ but  $\left(\omega_0^2 - \frac{r^2}{4M^2}\right) > 0$ . Therefore,  $\omega_r$  cannot be calculated and

is meaningless.

Remember, we work out  $\omega_r$  from when the amplitude  $x_0$ of forced SHM is a maximum. However, close to critical the peak in the curve disappears! Hence you can't calculate a value of  $\omega_r$ .

Homework 1 Answer Sheet:

I left out the factor of 2 in the  $4^{th}$  line in front of  $A_1A_2$  – same mistake is noted above in Handout 2

Solve:  

$$-m\omega_{0}^{2}A_{1} \exp(j\omega_{0}t) - m4\omega_{0}^{2}A_{2} \exp(j2\omega_{0}t)$$

$$-m9\omega_{0}^{2}A_{3} \exp(j3\omega_{0}t)....$$

$$= -50[A_{1} \exp(j\omega_{0}t) + A_{2} \exp(j2\omega_{0}t) + A_{3} \exp(j3\omega_{0}t) + ...]$$

$$-3[A_{1}^{2} \exp(j2\omega_{0}t) + 2A_{1}A_{2} \exp(j3\omega_{0}t) + ...]$$

$$-0.06[A_{1}^{3} \exp(j3\omega_{0}t) + ...]$$

Hence answer is different for:

## 3<sup>rd</sup> Harmonic:

$$\begin{split} m9\omega_0^2A_3 &= 50A_3 + 6A_1A_2 + 0.06A_1^3\\ &=> 9\frac{50}{m}A_3 = \frac{50}{m}A_3 + \frac{6}{m}A_1A_2 + \frac{0.06}{m}A_1^3\\ &=> 8\frac{50}{m}A_3 = \frac{6}{m}A_1A_2 + \frac{0.06}{m}A_1^3\\ &=> A_3 = \frac{6A_1A_2 + 0.06A_1^3}{8 \times 50}\\ &=> A_3 = \frac{(6/50)A_1^3 + 0.06A_1^3}{8 \times 50}\\ &=> A_3 = \frac{[0.12 + 0.06]A_1^3}{8 \times 50}\\ &=> A_3 = \frac{[0.12 + 0.06]A_1^3}{8 \times 50} \end{split}$$