

## Vibrations & Waves Classwork 1 (Monday 17 January 2005)

Twenty students are packed into a small minibus driving down a road. They drive over a speed bump. The minibus takes off, and upon landing oscillates violently up and down. The oscillations decay away with time.

(mass of each student: 70kg; mass of minibus: 1000kg)

- i) What type of oscillation is occurring?
- ii) What general equation does this follow?
- iii) The minibus oscillates with a period of 1 second. By assuming  $\omega' \approx \omega_0$  find an *approximate* value of spring constant  $s$ .
- iv) For simplicity assume that the initial amplitude  $A(t = 0) = 0.05$  m and the phase  $\phi = 0$ . After 10 seconds the oscillation has decayed to  $10^{-3}$  m. Calculate the mechanical resistance  $r$ .
- v) Recalculate  $s$  given this value of  $r$ . How much would the period vary from the observed period if  $r = 0$ ?
- vi) What is the total energy TE stored in the oscillations initially ( $t = 0$ ) and after 10 seconds?
- vii) What is the quality factor  $Q$ ?

The students return to Imperial and get a new minibus with different suspension (different  $r$  &  $s$ ) but the same mass. They drive over the original speed bump again. The minibus oscillates violently again with a period of 1 second. However, after 1 second the oscillation has decayed to  $10^{-4}$  m.

- viii) Taking  $A$  as before, recalculate  $r$ .
- ix) Recalculate  $s$ .
- x) Recalculate  $Q$ .

The students then notice that they are driving towards another much larger bump in the road. Some of the students begin to jump out the back of the minibus.

- xi) About how many students need to jump out before the remainder in the minibus will have the most comfortable landing?