

PROBLEM SHEET 7

1 (a) $y+dy = 3(x+dx)^2 + (x+dx) = 3x^2 + 6x dx + dx^2 + x + dx$

$\therefore \frac{dy}{dx} = 6x dx + dx^2 + dx$

$\therefore \frac{dy}{dx} = 6x + dx + 1, \frac{dy}{dx} = \lim_{dx \rightarrow 0} \frac{dy}{dx} = 6x + 1$

(b) $y+dy = (x+dx)^3 = x^3 + 3x^2 dx + 3x dx^2 + dx^3$

$\therefore \frac{dy}{dx} = 3x^2 + 3x dx + dx^2, \frac{dy}{dx} = \lim_{dx \rightarrow 0} \frac{dy}{dx} = 3x^2$

(c) $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{(x+dx)x} - \frac{1}{x(x+dx)} = -\frac{dx}{(x+dx)x} \therefore \frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{1}{x(x+dx)}$

$\therefore \frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{1}{x \cdot x} = -\frac{1}{x^2}$

2 (a) $y+dy = \sin(x+dx) = \sin x \cos dx + \cos x \sin dx$

small $dx \rightarrow y+dy \approx \sin x(1-d^2 x^2/2) + \cos x(dx)$

$\therefore \frac{dy}{dx} \approx -\frac{d^2 x}{2} \sin x + dx \cos x$ (since $y = \sin x$)

$\therefore \frac{dy}{dx} \approx \cos x - \frac{dx}{2} \sin x$, take $\lim_{dx \rightarrow 0}$ $\frac{dy}{dx} = \cos x$

(b) $y+dy = \cos(x+dx) \approx \cos x(1-d^2 x^2/2) - \sin x(dx)$

$\therefore \frac{dy}{dx} \approx -\sin x - \frac{dx}{2} \cos x, dx \rightarrow 0$ gives $\frac{dy}{dx} = -\sin x$

3 (a) $y = u^2, u = 3x+2, \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{dy}{du} \times \frac{du}{dx} = 2u \cdot 3 = 6(3x+2)$

(b) $y = u^{10}, u = 7x^4, \frac{dy}{dx} = 10u^9 \cdot 4x = 140x(7x^2+1)^9$

(c) $y = u^{-4}, u = 2x-3, \frac{dy}{dx} = -4u^{-5} \cdot 2 = -8(2x-3)^{-5}$

(d) $y = u^\alpha, u = \alpha x + \beta, \frac{dy}{dx} = \alpha u^{\alpha-1} \cdot \alpha = \alpha^2 (\alpha x + \beta)^{\alpha-1}$

(e) $y = \ln u, u = \alpha x + \beta, \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{u} \cdot \alpha = \frac{\alpha}{\alpha x + \beta}$

4 (a) $y+dy = (u+du)(v+dv) = uv + u dv + v du + du dv$

$\therefore \frac{dy}{dx} = u \frac{dv}{dx} + v \frac{du}{dx} + du dv$ (since $y = uv$)

$\therefore \frac{dy}{dx} = u \frac{dv}{dx} + v \frac{du}{dx} + du dv \rightarrow 0$ then $\frac{du}{dx} \rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx}$

(continued...)

$\frac{dv}{dx} \rightarrow \frac{dv}{du} \lim_{du \rightarrow 0} \therefore \frac{dy}{dx} = u \frac{dv}{dx} + v \frac{du}{dx}$

(b) $\frac{dw}{dx} = \frac{dw}{dv} \times \frac{dv}{dx} = -v^{-2} \frac{dv}{dx}$

$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{d(uw)}{dx} = u \frac{dw}{dx} + w \frac{du}{dx} = -\frac{u}{v^2} \frac{dv}{dx} + \frac{1}{v} \frac{du}{dx}$

S (a) $= 2x+1$ (b) $= (4x+3)^2 + x\{2 \cdot 4 \cdot (4x+3)\} = (4x+3)(12x+3)$

(c) $= 21x^2(2x+1)^{-1} + 7x^3\{-1\} \cdot 2(2x+1)^{-2} = 7x^2(4x+3)(2x+1)^{-2}$

(d) $= 4e^{2x} + 4x \cdot 2e^{2x} = 4e^{2x}(1+2x)$

(e) $= 2 \cdot 4(4x-2) \ln x + (4x-2)^2 \cdot \frac{1}{x} = (4x-2)\{8 \ln x + (4x+2)/x\}$

6 (a) $f' = 14x^6, f'' = 84x^5$ (b) $f' = 6x^{-3}, f'' = -18x^{-4}$

(c) $f' = 10(x+5)^9, f'' = 90(x+5)^8$

(d) $f' = 15e^{5x}, f'' = 75e^{5x}$ (e) $f' = (x+1)^{-1}, f'' = -(x+1)^{-2}$

7 (a) $\frac{dy}{dx} = 2x-2, \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = 2$ S.P. when $2x-2=0 \rightarrow x=1 \rightarrow y=4$
 $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} > 2 \rightarrow \text{min.}$

(b) $\frac{dy}{dx} > 3-3x^2, \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = -6x$, S.P.'s when $x^2=1 \rightarrow x=\pm 1$.

$x=1 \rightarrow y=2, \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = 6 \rightarrow \text{min.}, x=-1 \rightarrow y=2, \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = -6 \rightarrow \text{max.}$

(c) $\frac{dy}{dx} = -4x^2+1, \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = 8x^3$ S.P.'s when $4x^3=1 \rightarrow x=\pm 1/2$

$x=-1/2, y=4, \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = -1 \rightarrow \text{max.}, x=1/2, y=4, \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = 1 \rightarrow \text{min.}$

8 (a) $y = \ln x, \frac{dy}{dx} = 1/x, \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = -1/x^2$ $\therefore y+dy \approx \ln x + dx/x$

(b) $\ln(1.05) \approx \ln 1 + \frac{1}{1} \times 0.05 = 0.05$ (calculator $\rightarrow 0.04879$)

(c) $y = x^{1/2}, \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{2} x^{-1/2} \frac{dx}{dx}$, choose $x=25, \frac{dy}{dx} = 1$ then $y=5$

$\frac{dy}{dx} \approx \frac{1}{2} \cdot 25^{-1/2} = 1/10 \therefore (26)^{1/2} = y+dy \approx 5.1$ (calculator $\rightarrow 5.099$)