

### RAFFLES GIRLS' PRIMARY SCHOOL

#### SEMESTRAL ASSESSMENT (2)

#### 2005

Name:	Class: P5 _	Index No
28 October 2005	SCIENCE	Att: 1 h 45 min

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Your	ĺ	
Score		
Out of		
90 marks		
	Class	Level
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Highest		<b></b>
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#### SECTION A (25 X 2 marks)

For each question from 1 to 25, four options are given. One of them is the correct answer. Make your choice (1, 2, 3 or 4). Shade the correct oval on the Optical Answer Sheet (OAS).

1 The table below contains some information about five planets.

Planets	Number of Moons	Surface	Speed around Sun (km/s)	Distance from Sun (millions of km)
<u> </u>	0	solid	48	58
Q	1	solid	30	150
R	15	gas	13	778
<u> </u>	6	gas	5	4 496
<u> </u>	1	solid	5	5 946

These tables show how Matthew and Mark grouped these planets.

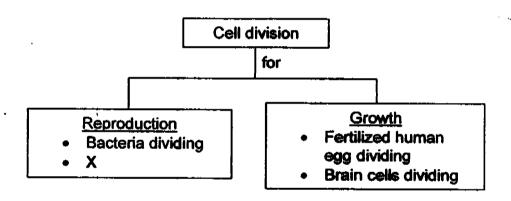
Matthew		
Group 1 Group 2		
Р	R	
Q	s i	
т	_	

Mark		
Group 1	Group 2	
Р	S	
Q	T	
R		

Which characteristics did Matthew and Mark use to group the planets?

	Matthew	Mark
(1)	surface	distance from the Sun
(2)	speed around the Sun	distance from the Sun
(3)	surface	number of moons
(4)	speed around the Sun	number of moons

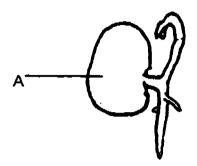
- Without the help of Man, which of the following organism(s) can produce young that have exactly the same genetic material as the parent?
  - A Cow
  - B Grasshopper
  - C Paramecium
  - D Yeast
  - (1) C only
  - (2) A and B only
  - (3) C and D only
  - (4) A, B and D only
  - 3 Study the classification table below carefully.



#### What do you think 'X' represents?

- (1) cheek cells dividing
- (2) yeast cells budding
- (3) baby growing in size
- (4) tree growing in height

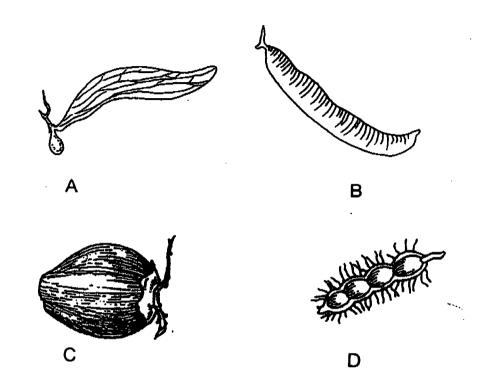
4 The diagram below shows a seedling.



#### Which one of the following is correct?

Part A	Function
seed leaves	provide food for the plant
shoot	carries out photosynthesis
baby plant	absorbs water
new leaf	traps light energy to make food
	seed leaves shoot baby plant

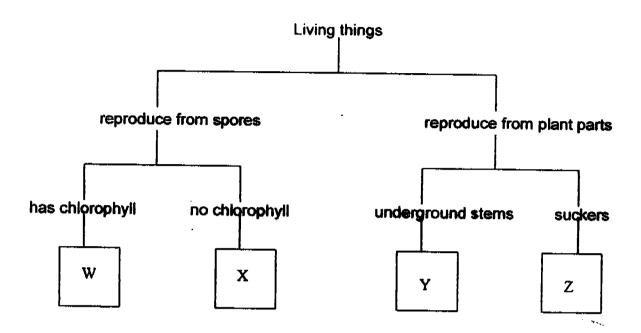
### 5 The diagram below shows four different fruits.



# Which one of the following shows correctly the method of dispersal of their seeds?

	A	В	С	D
(1)	splitting	splitting	water	animals
(2)	wind	splitting	water	animals
(3)	wind	wind	water	splitting
(4)	animals	water	splitting	wind

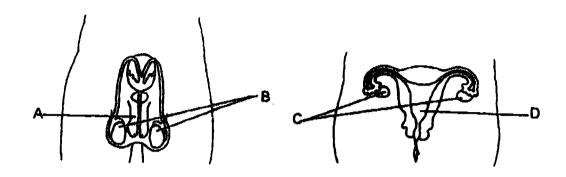
### 6 Study the classification table below.



Which one of the following shows correctly what W, X, Y and Z are?

	W	X	Y	7
(1)	maidenhair fern	bracket fungus	sweet potato	sealing wax palm
(2)	hibiscus	moss	ginger	pineapple
(3)	stag's horn fern	Jew's ears	potato	banana
(4)	bird's nest fern	mould	onion	begonia

# 7 The diagrams below show the male and female human reproductive systems.



male human reproductive system

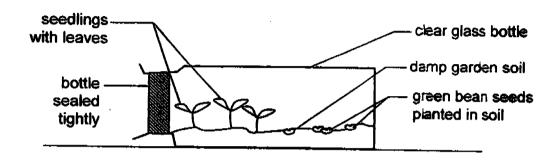
female human reproductive system

Which of the parts (A, B, C or D) produce the male sex cells and female sex cells?

	Produce male sex cells	Produce female sex cells
<u>(1)</u>	A	C
<u>(2)</u>	Α	O
<u>(3)                                    </u>	В	C
(4)	В	D

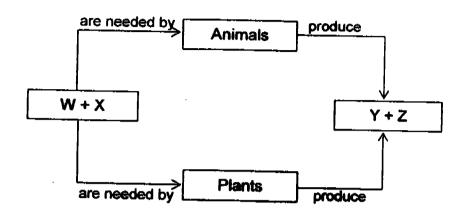
For questions 8 and 9, please refer to the diagram below.

Ahmad set up a bottled garden as shown in the diagram below. He sealed it so that no air can enter or leave the bottle. He then placed it besice an open window for a week.



- 8 What do you think Ahmad observed after one week?
  - A The seedlings with leaves had died.
    - B New seedlings are seen emerging from the soil's surface.
    - C There are water droplets on the inner surfaces of the bottle.
    - (1) A only
    - (2) B only
    - (3) A and C only
    - (4) B and C only
- 9 Which of the following processes would have taken place during the week?
  - A Germination
  - B Photosynthesis
  - C Respiration
  - (1) A only
  - (2) A and B only
  - (3) B and C only
  - (4) A, B and C

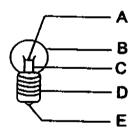
Study the diagram below carefully. It gives you information about a process carried out by both plants and animals.



What do W, X, Y and Z represent?

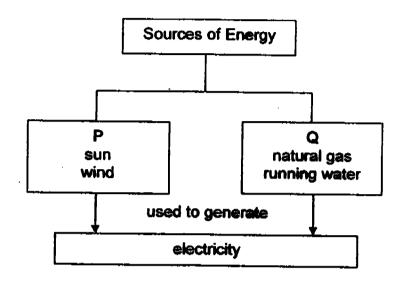
	W	X		7
1	sugar	carbon dioxide	water	4
2	oxygen	sugar	energy	oxygen
3	water	carbon dioxide	starch	carbon dioxide
4	starch	water	oxygen	oxygen energy

# Which of the following part(s) of a bulb is/ are made of conductors of electricity?



- (1) A only
- (2) B, C and D only
- (3) A, D and E only
- (4) A, C, D and E only

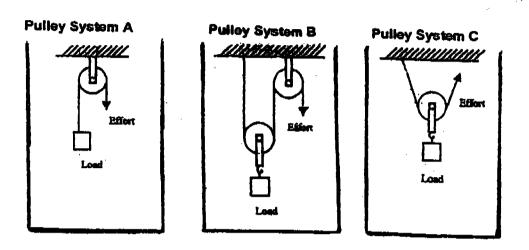
John drew the diagram shown below to summarise what he had learnt about sources of energy used to generate electricity. He classified the different types of energy into two groups, P and Q.



Which source of energy did he classify wrongly?

- (1) sun
- (2) wind
- (3) natural gas
- (4) running water
- 13 All simple machines \_\_\_\_
  - A enable work to be done more easily
  - B need an effort to overcome the load
  - C change the direction of the force applied
  - (1) A only
  - (2) A and B only
  - (3) B and C only
  - (4) A, B and C

Joey carried out an experiment using the three pulley systems shown below. For each system, he applied a force over different distances to lift a similar load.



#### Study the following table.

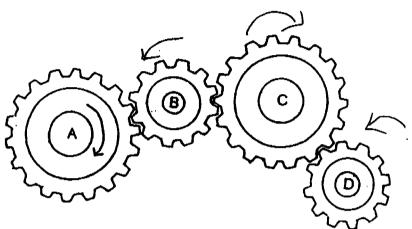
Distance moved by the load (m)	Distance moved by the effort (m)
0.5	1.0
1.0	2.0
3.0	6.0

Which pulley system(s) can give rise to the set of data shown in the table above?

- (1) A only
- (2) A and B only
- (3) B and C only
- (4) A, B and C

The figure below shows four gears. Gear A has the same number of teeth as Gear C, while Gear B has the same number of teeth as Gear D.

If Gear A turns in the clockwise direction, which of the following statements about the other gears is correct?



- (1) All the other gears turn in the same direction.
- (2) Gear C makes twice as many turns as Gear B in the clockwise direction.
- (3) Gear B makes half as many turns as Gear A in the anti-clockwise direction.
- (4) Gear D makes the same number of turns as Gear B in the anticlockwise direction.

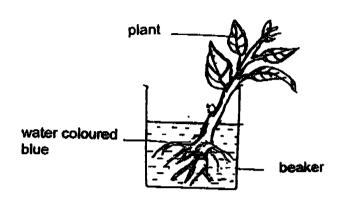
16 In the diagram below, mouth-to-mouth resuscitation is being carried out.



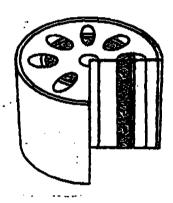
Mouth-to-mouth resuscitation is an emergency procedure carried out on a person who has stopped breathing. In this procedure, the rescuer helps to keep the person alive by blowing exhaled air into the person's lungs. This procedure is possible because exhaled air still has \_\_\_\_\_\_

- (1) warmth
- (2) oxygen
- (3) water vapour
- (4) carbon dioxide

17 Joseph placed a plant in a jar of coloured water as shown below.



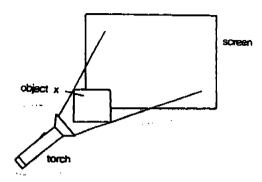
The plant was left aside for a day. It was then removed from the jar and a short length of the stem was cut. The diagram shows a section through the stem which reveals blue-coloured tubes.



Without the blue-coloured tubes, A cannot be absorbed by the B to be transported to the C

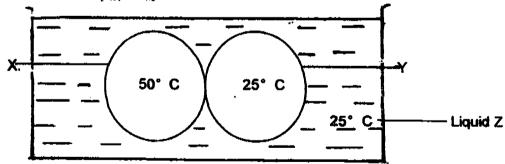
	Α	В	С
(1)	water and mineral salts	roots	leaves and other parts of the plant
(2)	food	roots	leaves and other parts of the plant
(3)	water and mineral salts	leaves	other parts of the plant
(4)	food	lea <b>ve</b> s	other parts of the plant

A torch is shone onto an object X as shown. A dark shadow is formed on the screen.



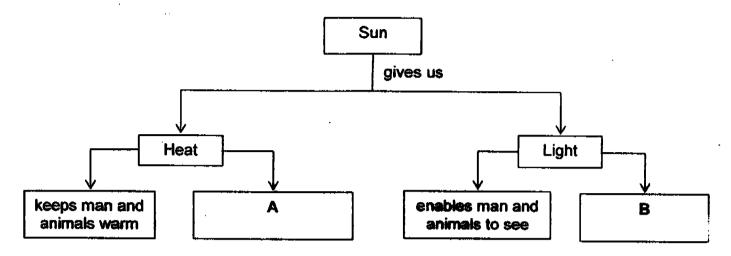
Object X is most likely \_\_\_\_

- (1) a mirror
- (2) a glass slide
- (3) frosted glass
- (4) cellophane paper
- The diagram below shows two similar objects, X and Y, which have been heated to a temperature of 50 °C and 25 °C respectively. Both objects are made of the same material. Both objects are then immersed at the same time into Liquid Z which has a temperature of 25 °C.
  - Which one of the following describes how heat will flow immediately after X and Y are immersed in Liquid Z?



- (1) X to Y; X to Z
- (2) X to Y; Z to X
- (3) X to Z; Y to X
- (4) Y to X; Z to X

### 20 Study the concept map below carefully.

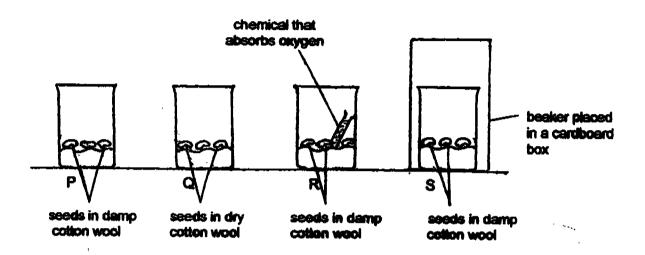


### Which one of the following shows correctly what A and B represent?

	A	В
1	required to form ice	needed for condensation
2	causes metals to melt	needed for respiration
3	enables us to boil water	needed for germination
4	enables the water cycle to take place	needed for photosynthesis

Minah sets up an experiment as shown below to see which seeds will be able to germinate. She uses four similar glass beakers sealed with a lid each. In each beaker, there are fifteen similar green bean seeds.

Beakers P, Q and R are placed near the window. Beaker S is placed in a cardboard box. In which container(s) will the seeds be able to germinate?



Legend:	*
One ⇔	represents 5 beans

- (1) Ponly
- (2) Q and R only
- (3) P and S only
- (4) R and S only

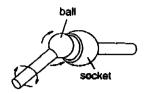
#### 22 Study the situations below.

A. The ice-cube is cold, wet and slippery.	B. The coffee is bitter.
C. The shadow cast by the tree is long.	D. The perfume is very strong.

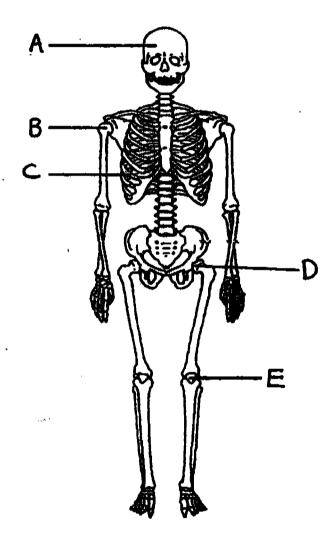
# Which of the following correctly represents the senses Sally made use of in situations A, B, C and D?

	Α	В	С	D
(1)	smell	sight	touch	taste
(2)	sight	smell	touch	taste
(3)	touch	taste	. sight	smell
(4)	taste	sight	touch	smell

23 Mei Mei made a model to resemble a certain part of our skeletal system as shown below.



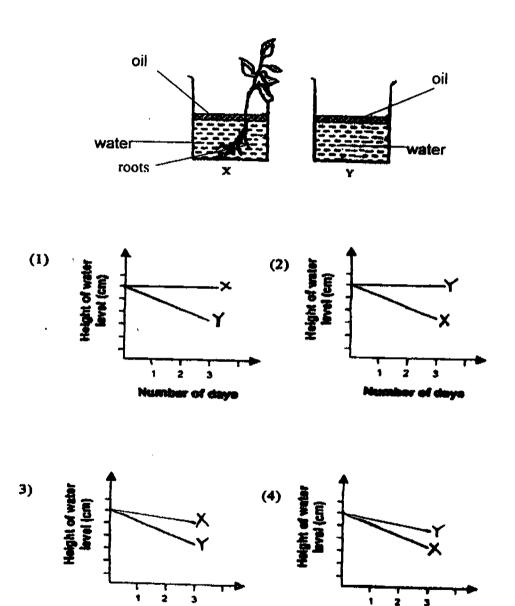
Which part(s) of the skeleton shown below does Mei Mei's model represent?



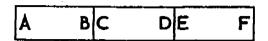
- (1) A only
- (2) B only
- (3) The arms D only
- (4) D and E only

Li Ming labelled 2 identical beakers X and Y. She poured in 200 cm³ of water and 50 cm³ of oil in each beaker. A balsam plant with roots was placed in Beaker X. Both beakers were placed near the window. Li Ming recorded the height of the water level in Beakers X and Y over a period of 3 days. She then plotted the results in a graph.

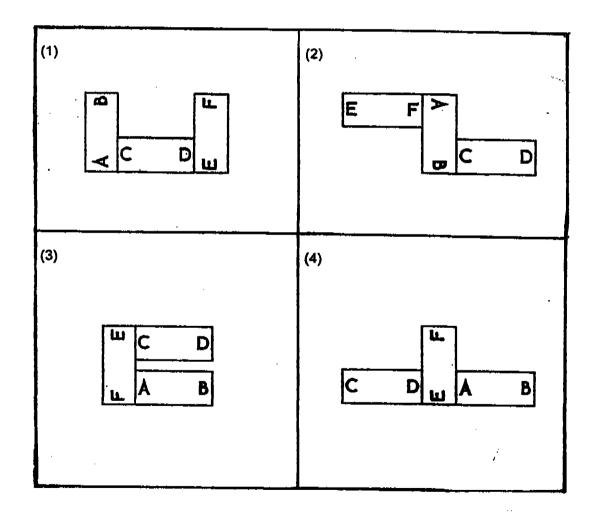
Which one of the following graphs shows correctly the changes in the water level in both Beakers X and Y?



25 Danny was able to arrange 3 magnets as shown below.



Which of the following shows another possible arrangement?



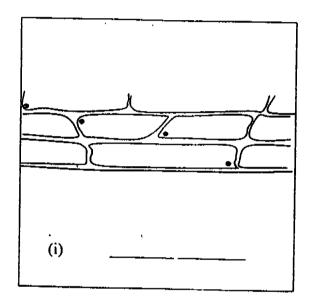
NAME:\_\_\_ DATE : -- 8-10-05 CLASS: \_ WRITE SHADE OVALS SUBJECT: 000000 (2) N D 0000000000 E X ◎ (1) ② 3 1 **(3)** (I) (I) (I) (I) EXAMPLE: IF YOU THINK N ® O O O O O O O O THE 2ND OPTION IS THE CORRECT ANSWER SHADE M THE OVAL ② LIKE THIS: ⊚ ① 2 3 4 В **3**  $\odot$   $\bigcirc$   $\bigcirc$   $\bigcirc$ E Ø **(B)** © @ © © Œ 3 4  $\odot$  $\Theta$ **②**  $\bigcirc$ ① ② **④** ④  $\bigcirc$   $\bigcirc$   $\bigcirc$   $\bigcirc$ ① ② \varTheta ④ ① ② 👁 ◑  $\bigcirc$   $\bigcirc$   $\bigcirc$   $\bigcirc$ 42  $\odot$ **🕏** ③ ④ ① ② **⑤** ④ 43 0000 **@** ② ③ ④ ① **②** ③ ④  $\bigcirc$ ① 🕯 ③ ④ **②** ①  $\bigcirc$   $\bigcirc$   $\bigcirc$   $\bigcirc$ (1) (2) **(2) (4)** 00000000 46 ① ② 🚳 **4** 00000 $\bigcirc$   $\bigcirc$   $\bigcirc$   $\bigcirc$ 47 ① ② ③ 000028 ① ② ③ ④ @ ③  $\bigcirc$   $\bigcirc$   $\bigcirc$   $\bigcirc$ (1) (2) (3) (4) ′②) 3 000050 **①②③④** ① ② ③ 🚭 0000 31 51 (T) (B) (B) (A) ① 🚳 (I ③ 0000 32 ① ② ③ ④ 52 13  $\odot$ ஂ② **(4)**  $\bigcirc$  $\bigcirc$   $\bigcirc$   $\bigcirc$   $\bigcirc$ 53 (3) ◎  $\bigcirc$   $\bigcirc$   $\bigcirc$   $\bigcirc$   $\bigcirc$ 54 0000 ① **®** 3 (3)  $\bigcirc$   $\bigcirc$   $\bigcirc$   $\bigcirc$ 0000 55 ③ 36  $\odot$   $\odot$   $\odot$ · 56 ① ② ③ ④ 17 (D ② ③ 🥸 00000 $\bigcirc$   $\bigcirc$   $\bigcirc$   $\bigcirc$   $\bigcirc$ 18 ③  $\bigcirc$   $\bigcirc$   $\bigcirc$   $\bigcirc$ 38  $\bigcirc$   $\bigcirc$   $\bigcirc$   $\bigcirc$   $\bigcirc$ 58 ③ 🜑 39  $\bigcirc$   $\bigcirc$   $\bigcirc$   $\bigcirc$   $\bigcirc$ ① ② ① ① 3 3 580 f 602.

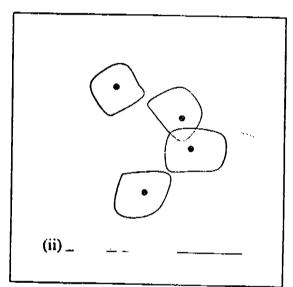
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SECTION B (40 marks)
There are 16 questions in this section. Answer all of them. Write the answers in the spaces provided.

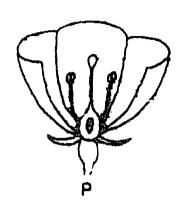
- 26 Jane made the following drawings of cheek cells and onion skin cells during a science lesson. However, she forgot to give each drawing a title.
- Please help Jane identify the cells she drew by writing 'cheek cells' and 'onion (a) skin cells' in the spaces provided below each drawing. [1]

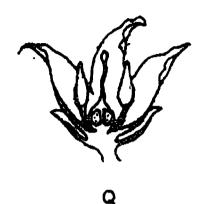


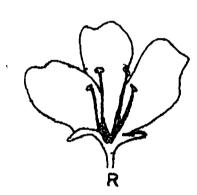


(b)	Explain how you Jane's drawings.	wer <b>e</b>	able	to	identify	the	two	different	types	of cells from [1]
		<del></del>	<del></del>		·· ··.			<del></del>		······································
	·	·	<del></del>		····	<del></del>			·- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

### 27 Study the diagrams below.









- (a) Which of the flowers above can never develop into a fruit?
- [1]

(b) Explain why.

[2]

The diagram below shows a new plant growing from the bud at the base of an adult plant.

new plant

a)	State one advantage of using this method of reproduction.	[1
		<del></del>
b)	State one disadvantage of using this method of reproduction.	 [1]
<del></del>		<del>-</del>

Bob is given a table to fill in.

Help him to identify the parts in which the male and female sex cells in plants are found.

[2]

<u> </u>	Plant part
Male sex cells	
Female sex cells	

30 Study the diagram below carefully. The diagram shows how two processes that take place in our bodies enable us to make use of the stored energy in the food we eat.

food we eat	Process A digested Process B release of stored energy in digested food to do work
(a)	What are Process A and December 100

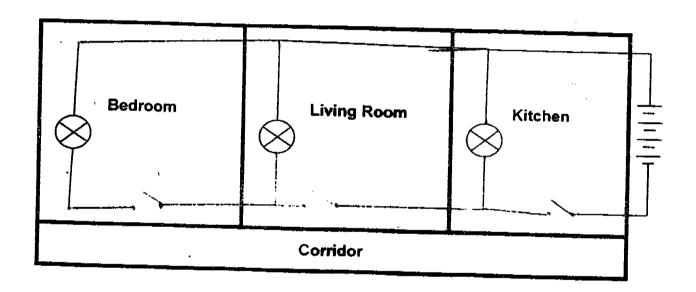
(a)	A STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE	[1
Proc	cess A:	
	cess B:	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
(b)	Where do Process A and Process B take place in our body?	[1]
	ess A takes place	۲۰.
	ess B takes place	<del></del>
t	Which process, A or B, takes place in plants as well?	
		_ [1]
(d)	What is the original source of the stored energy in the food we	-40 541

(d) What is the original source of the stored energy in the food we eat? [1]

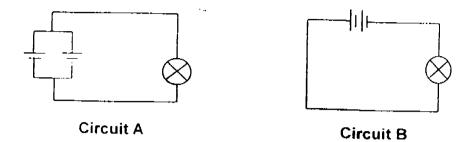
The diagram below shows the layout of Siti's doll house. There is one lamp in the kitchen, one in the living room and another in the bedroom.

Draw a circuit diagram on the layout shown below to show the lamps connected in a closed circuit with each controlled individually by a switch. The symbol for a bulb representing each lamp has been drawn in for you. The batteries that supply the electricity needed to light the bulbs have been drawn in with two wires connecting them to one side of the doll house. Complete the circuit diagram by using the appropriate symbols for open switches and wires.

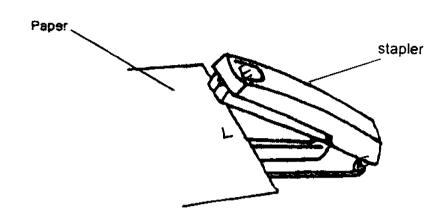
[3]



Johnny set up the electric circuits shown below. He is planning to carry out an experiment with these circuits.



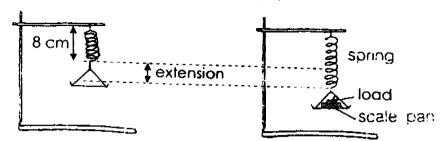
(a)	What do you think the aim of his experiment is?	[1]
(b)	What variable(s) must he keep the same?	[1]
(c) 	What variable(s) must he change?	[1]
(d)	What observation must he make in order to draw a conclusion his experiment?	from [1]



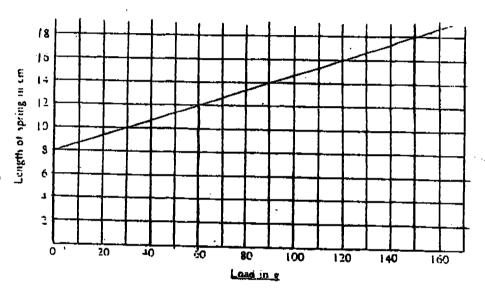
- (a). On the diagram, label the positions of the effort, load and fulcrum using the letters 'E', 'L' and 'F' respectively.
- (b) Explain how a stack of paper can be stapled using the least force. [1]

[1]

Wenwu set up an experiment as shown below.

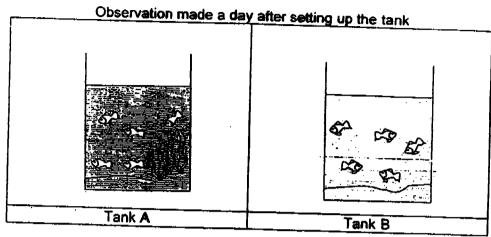


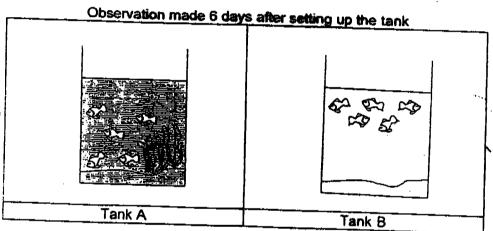
The spring was 8 cm long before any load was placed on the scale pan. He recorded the length of the spring for different loads placed on the scale pan and plotted a graph as shown.



- (a) What pattern did he notice between the load placed on the scale pan and the length of the spring? [1]
- (b) What would the length of the spring be if a 60-g load is placed on the scale pan? [1]
- (c) If the extension of the spring is 10 cm, what would the load on the scale pan be? [1]

Shanthi set up 2 similar fish tanks; one with water plants, the other without. For each tank, she observed the section of the tank where the fish swam in. She then sketched the following observations.





(a) Based on his observations over this period of time, explain why the fish in both tanks swam in similar sections of the tank on the first day the tanks were set up?

[1]

(b) Explain why the fish swam in different sections of the tank a few days later?

[1]

36 The table below shows the normal pulse rate of some mammals at rest.

Mammal	Resting Pulse Rate (heartbeats per minute)			
Cat	250			
Man	73			
Hamster	950			
Elephant	45			

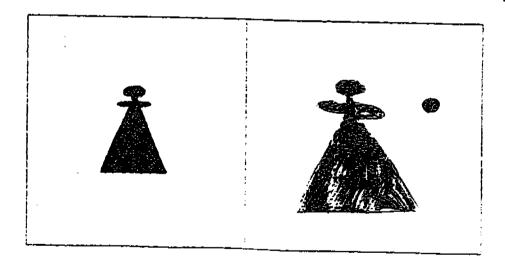
(a)	Based on the information in the table above, what can you cabout the size of the mammals and their pulse rates?	onclude
		[1]
		<del>_</del>
(b)	The lion's pulse rate is likely to be between	
	heartbeats per minute andheartbeat	s per
	minute.	[1]



Different shadows are formed when she shines her torch on it from various angles.

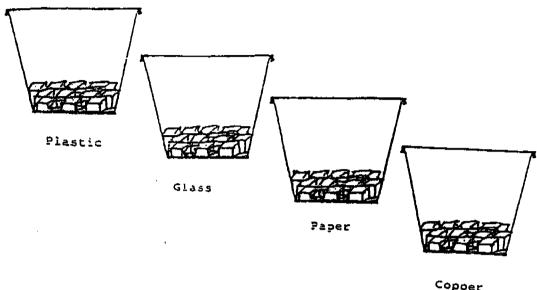
(a) The space below shows one possible shadow that is formed. In the space next to it, draw in another shadow which can be formed by the perfume bottle. Draw the outline of the shadow and then shade the inside of the shadow.





(b)	How is a shadow formed?	[1]

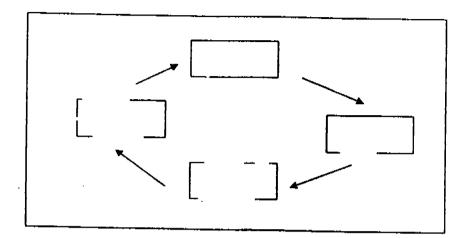
An equal number of ice cubes, all of the same size, were placed in each of the 38 4 cups shown below. The 4 cups are similar in size but are made from different materials. The cups were all placed in the same room.



- Copper
- In which cup will the ice cubes take the shortest time to melt completely? [1] (a)
- Give a reason for your answer in (a) (b) [1]

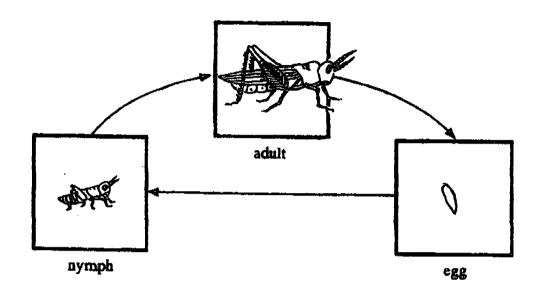
- The life cycle of a mosquito has the same number of stages as a butterfly.

  Write the stages of
  - (a) Draw the life cycle of the mosquito in the box below. [1]



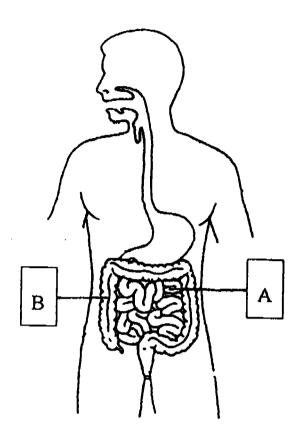
(b) State one difference between the life cycle of a mosquito and the life cycle of a cockroach.

(c) The following diagram shows the life cycle of a grasshopper.



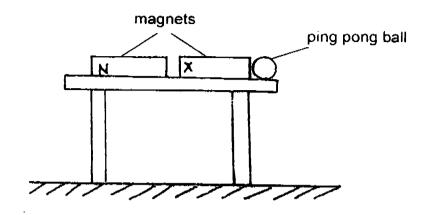
State one diffe grasshopper.	erence between the adult stage and the nymph stage of a (Do not compare sizes)	[1]
-	•	
<del></del>		

# The diagram below shows the human digestive system.



Use the diagram to complete the table below by naming the parts of the digestive system marked A and B and describing their functions.

Jeremy placed a ping pong ball, next to a magnet, at the edge of a table. He then put a second magnet near to X as shown in the diagram below.



(a) If 'X' is the south pole of the magnet, what will most likely happen to the ping pong ball?

[1]

(b) Give a reason for your answer in (a)

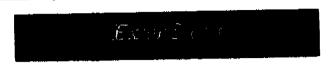
[1]

End of paper

Setters: Mrs M. John Mrs C. Quek Mdm Lim S. P.

## Raffles Girls Primary School

# Primary 5 Science SA2 Exams (2005)



### **Answer Sheets**

01	O2	O3	04	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10_
1	3	2	1	2	3	3	4	4	2_
011	012	Q13	014	015	Q16	017	Q18	Q19	Q20
<u>Qii</u>	<u>Q12</u>	<u> </u>	2	4	2	1	1	1	4
4	4	4	3	4		<u> </u>		<u>.                                    </u>	
Q21	Q22	Q23	Q24	Q25_	]				
3	3	3	2	2	1				
-	, -				_				

26a (i) Onion skin cells

(ii) Cheek cells

26b Plant cell: cell wall (gives its shape) - onion skill cells.

Animal cell: no cell wall - cheek cells.

27a R

27b No female part of flower, no ovary, so cannot develop into a fruit.

Reproduction from the seed is very slow, suckers are grow into new plants easier and faster.

28b It is comparatively slow compared to plants grow by man through artificial methods.

29 Pollen gains Eggs/ovules

30a Digestion (chewing) Absorption

30b Mouth Small intestine

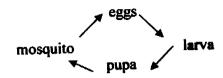
30c B

30d Plants

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	D
31	Drawing
32a	Test for the brightness of bulb using parallel / series arrangement.
32b	The bulb, the voltage of the battery.
32c	The arrangement of batteries.
32d	The degree of brightness
33a	The nearer you place the load from the fulcrum, the less effort you need to apply.  Here, less effort is needed to staple no. stack of paper.  The further the point at which you apply the effort from the fulcrum, the less effort you need to exert.
34a	The heavier the load, the larger the length of the spring.
34b	12cm
34c	150g
35a	There are sufficient and ample oxygen throughout the whole tank, so the fishes swim freely to absorb oxygen.
35b	Since Tank A have a plant. It releases oxygen in the tank during photosynthesis, so the tank is still filled with oxygen, the fish can swim freely; whereas Tank B run out of oxygen and the fishes need to swim at the surface in order to get more oxygen.
36a	The smaller the size of mammals, the faster the resting pulse rate.
36b	73, 250
37a	
3 <b>7</b> b	Shining the torch on top of the perfume bottle cap.
38a	Copper
38b	Good conductor of heat

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- For cockroach, it is from egg to nymph then to adult cockroach.

  3 stages cycle only whereas mosquitoes, it is from to larva, pupa then to adult mosquito. 4 stages of life cycle
- 39c The nymphs do have wings
- Small intestine:
  Digestion of food is completed in small intestine. Digested food is used to provide the body with energy and material for growth and repair.
- Most water and mineral salts are absorbed from the undigested food. And the solid waste is then passed out of the body through anus.
- The ping pong ball will fall to the ground. Because like poles repel, this action pushes the ping pong ball, resulting it landing on the floor.