

CATHOLIC HIGH SCHOOL CONTINUAL ASSESSMENT 2 (2004) PRIMARY FIVE ENGLISH LANGUAGE

Carly my man

Name.
Class: Primary Five
BOOKLET A
35 QUESTIONS (35 MARKS)
TOTAL TIME FOR BOOKLETS A & B: 1 HOUR 50 MINUTES
INSTRUCTIONS:
Do not turn over this page until you are told to do so. Follow all instructions carefully. Answer all the questions.
Parent's Signature:

The Revenge of the DIM SUM DOLLIES





Starring Selena Tan Pam Oei Emma Yong

> Directed by Glen Goei



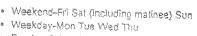
All new! All original!
All Singaporean musical cabaret show!

They sizzled in last year's box office and now, the Dim Sum Dollies are back! The Revenge of the Dim Sum Dollies! is a BRAND NEW musical action adventure! Through big hair, wacky songs, nifty choreography, a forest of false eyelashes, mile high heels and amazing costume changes, our intrepid heroines bring you a buffel of show-slopping, laugh-a-minute numbers about life in the Lion City.



Opens 5 Aug 2004, Esplanade Theatre For a limited run only!

Tickets from SISTIC tel: 63485555, <u>www.sistic.com</u> and SISTIC outlets islandwide



* Preview S Aug (no offers apply)

Students

* Early bird discount (5 to 30 June)

Party Pack Groups of 10 to 14

· Indae.com members privilege (from 1 July)

 Big Party Pack Groups of 15 & above 20% off S68 weekend and Contact Gillian Kang 97108676 or gillkang@singnet.com.sg for bookings.

\$68 \$58 \$48 \$38 \$58 \$48 \$38 \$28 \$48 \$38 \$28 \$18

S18 (Circle 3)

10% off \$68 weekend and \$58 weekday tickets.

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For each question from 1 to 5, four options are given. One of them is the correct answer. Make your choice 1, 2, 3 or 4. Shade the correct oval (1, 2, 3 or 4) on the Optical Answer Sheet. (5 marks)

1.	This is an advertisement for a						
	(1) play(2) movie(3) musica(4) restaur	al			•		
2.	The director of	f this produc	ction is				
	(1) Pam O (2) Glen G (3) Selena (4) Emma	loci Tan					
3.	An adult who performance	does not enj on Friday,	ioy any disc 6th Augus	ount privileges t will need t	and wishes to to pay a mi	watch the inimum of	
	(1) \$18 (2) \$28 (3) \$38 (4) \$48		.•				
4.	Which one of the of the top prices	he following d tickets on	categories 30th of June	of people is eli ?	gible for a 209	% discount	
	(2) A group (3) A group	of 9 people of 16 people of 10 stude of fridae.co	e. nts.	•			
5.	Which one of th	ne following	is <u>not</u> a spo	nsor for the eve	enť?		
	(1) B.U.M.(2) Yamaha(3) Infinite I						

an: the	STILL A TL	lake your choic Il Answer Sheet	≈ (1, 2, 3 or 4)	ions are given. Shade the co	One of them is rrect oval (1, 2	the correct, 3 or 4) on
6.		the day yo	u left this place	, she has not spo	oken to anyone :	at all.
	(1) (2) (3) (4)	If By Since When				
7.	The	damage	_ been worse if	Petc had not ca	dled the police i	n time.
	(1) (2) (3) (4)	has had could have should have				
8.	Mr.	Sim, as well as h	nis sons,	taking walks	in the park ever	V evenina
	(1) (2) (3) (4)	enjoy enjoys has enjoyed have enjoyed				y evening.
9.	The	wail of sirens	so pierci	ng that it can w	ake even the de:	ad.
	(1) (2) (3) (4)	is are was were				٠.
0.	There emplo	is a widespread oyers today.	d prejudice	workers o	ver the age of	45° among
	(2) (3)	to for against towards			1 · ·	
1.	The fa	mily heirloom h	as been handed	from	father to son.	
	(1) (2)	in out over down				

For each question from 6 to 17, four options are given. One of them is the correct

12.	Claudia likes to sit at the balcony and sing to herself, she?
	(1) can (2) does (3) can't
·	(4) doesn't
13.	no account must Ellen go to the park alone late at night.
	(1) In (2) On (3) At
	(4) With
14.	Nobody knew country the stranger had come from.
	(1) who (2) whom (3) which (4) where
15.	There was damage done to the residential areas when the big earthquake struck.
	(1) few (2) much (3) many (4) several
16.	The boys when the storm started suddenly.
	 (1) had fished (2) have fished (3) are fishing (4) were fishing
17.	If I the puzzle earlier, I would have won the prize.
	 (1) solve (2) solved (3) will solve (4) had solved

For each question from 18 to 20, choose the correct punctuation to complete the passage. Shade the correct oval (1, 2, 3 or 4) on the Optical Answer Sheet. (3 marks)

An old man was sitting with his grandson (18) Ah Meng, when Ah Meng asked him, "Grandfather, why do we have to live in such an old house since we are so rich (19)

His grandfather looked at him and said, "You must continue to live in this old house after my death. I will tell you why (20)

- 18. (1) [:] colon
 - (2) [,] comma
 - (3) [;] semi-colon
 - (4) [.] full stop
- 19. (1) [."] full stop and inverted commas
 - (2) ["?] inverted commas and question mark
 - (3) [?"] question mark and inverted commas
 - (4) [!"] exclamation mark and inverted commas
- 20. (1) [.] full stop
 - (2) [,"] comma and inverted commas
 - (3) [:"] full stop and inverted commas-
 - (4) [?"] question mark and inverted commas

For each question from 21 to 25, four options are given. One of them is the correct answer. Make your choice (1, 2, 3 or 4). Shade the correct oval (1, 2, 3 or 4) on the Optical Answer Sheet. (5 marks)

21.	The old woman was very ill, but with medical treatment and nursing, she was able to
	 (1) pull up (2) pull out (3) pull over (4) pull through
22,	This news article is short and The journalist did not use any unnecessary words.
	(1) brief(2) scanty(3) concise(4) abbreviated
23.	The unruly student was with expulsion if he misbehaved again.
	(1) warned (2) threatened (3) reproached (4) reprimanded
24.	My class is organising a trip to Thailand as the principal has given the
	 (1) green light (2) green card (3) green paper (4) green thumb
25.	It is easy to Mrs. Tan in the crowd as she towers over everyone else.
	 (1) observe (2) glimpse (3) identify (4) scrutinise

For each question from 26 to 30, choose the word(s) closest in meaning to the underlined words. Shade the correct oval (1, 2, 3 or 4) on the Optical Answer Sheet. (5 marks)

The lion spotted a skunk and (26) mistakenly regarded it as a possible meal. (27) Moving quietly to prevent being noticed, the lion edged closer to its would-be prey. The skunk had already sensed its enemy and instead of scampering away to escape, it took up a defensive (28) stance. The skunk raised its tail, stamped its feet (29) one after the other on the ground and growled. It tried to give ample opportunity for the intruder to (30) back off. But the lion remained ignorant. Swiftly, the skunk squirted a smelly, yellowish liquid onto the eyes of the victim, causing it to recoil in agony.

- 26. (1) wrongly
 - (2) wrongfully
 - (3) unwittingly
 - (4) accidentally.
- 27. (1) Silently
 - (2) Secretly
 - (3) Sedately
 - (4) Stealthily
- 28. (1) act
 - (2) posture
 - (3) manner
 - (4) appearance
- 29. (1) orderly.
 - (2) regularly
 - (3) alternately
 - (4) systematically
- 30. (1) quit
 - (2) exit
 - (3) retreat
 - (4) evacuate

When you eat maple syrup with your pancakes and waffles, do you realize that it comes from a tree? Of course, that does not mean just any tree. It comes from a certain kind of tree called a sugar maple. Sugar maple trees grow best in England, some parts of Canada, and the north-eastern part of America. The sugar maple leaf on the Canadian flag is evidence of the species' importance in Canada.

When you look at a sugar maple tree, you do not see anything unusual about it. It is a beautiful tree with a trunk, branches and leaves. The sugar maple is a hard maple tree. It can grow as tall as 100 feet and as wide as 4 feet. The sugar maple is valued for its sap, which is used in the making of maple syrup. The sap comes from inside the trunk of the tree. However, many things have to be done to this sap to make it edible.

A group of sugar maple trees is called a sugar bush. Making maple syrup is called sugaring. Usually, the ideal time for sugaring takes place between the months of December and April. This is when the trees are ready to be tapped. To tap a tree, a small, harmless hole is made in the tree trunk. Next, a short, hollow tube is put into the hole. Then a bucket is hung below the tube. The <u>water-like</u> sap flows easily out of the tree through the tube and drips into the bucket. When the bucket is full, it is transported to a building called a sugar house.

People have many different ways of getting the sap from the tree to the sugar house. Some people carry the buckets by hand, but they are heavy! Other people empty the smaller buckets into larger containers that sit on a sled. They pull the sled with a truck or horses. Some people do not bother using buckets at all. They run long tubes all the way from the trees to their sugar house.

In the sugar house, the sap is put into long pans that are not very deep. Then it is boiled for a long time. Boiling intensifies the flavour as well as adds colour to the sap. Boiling also increases the sugar content of the sap and so changes it into a thick brown syrup. After boiling, the syrup is poured through a clean cloth to filter out the impurities. Finally it is poured into bottles and cans and prepared for sale.

The maple syrup found in the supermarkets, however, is usually not pure and has other additives. The colour of pure maple may range from golden honey to light brown. Also popular for the strength and texture of its wood, the sugar maple tree has been put to use in furniture, interior woodwork, flooring, and crates.

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For each question from 31 to 35, four options are given. One of them correct answer. Make your choice (1, 2, 3 or 4). Shade the correct oval ('or 4) on the Optical Answer Sheet. (5 marks)	is the 1, 2, 3
A mackagy	
31. The main purpose of this passage is to provide information on	
 (1) how maple syrup is made (2) the method of tapping sap from trees (3) the countries that produce maple syrup (4) why maple wood is used in furniture and other products 	
	•
32. The word "water-like" (line 15) is used to describe the sap because it	
time 137 is used to describe the sap because it	
(1) is actually water (2) flows like water (3) looks like water (4) tastes like water	`
33. According to the passage, sugar maple trees	
Andreas The Angre Angre 20 Ray Luable Mees	•
 (1) produce sap that is edible (2) look different from other trees (3) can be found only in Canada, England and parts of America (4) are ready to be tapped only during parts. 	
(4) are ready to be tapped only during certain months of the year	
and the year	
34. From the people is a second of the people is a second of the people is a second of the people of	
34. From the passage, it can be inferred that boiling the maple sap does not	
(1) purify it (2) sweeten it (3) change its colour (4) improve its flavour	· .
35. The word "its" in line 30 refers to the	•
(1) sap (2) sugar house (3) maple syrup	
(4) sugar maple tree	

There are 10 blanks, numbered 36 to 45, in the passage below. From the list of words given, choose the most suitable word for each blank. Write its letter (A to Q) in the blank. The letters (I) and (O) have been omitted to avoid confusion during marking. (10 marks)

EACH	WORL	CAN	BE	USED O	NLY ONCE.		
**************************************		ď	(E)	before	(G) having (H) next (J) of		
							l days". The dentist
would	operate	(36)_		,	a member of	a Chinese ma	utial arts troupe. He
would (offer his	s servî	ce to	yank (37)	tooth out	for a fee as now as
twenty	to fifty	cents	and :	the ease w	rith (38)	; it	was done was quite
intrigui	ng, espe	ecially	to	me, (39)	And a gradual of the second of	C177745 11/3 11/3 11/3 11/3 11/3 11/3 11/3 11/	igh the horrendous
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(40)		. ų		zaucius /	were his Irien	ds or sidekiel	cs, I could not tell
(41)			cert	am. But	a quick insp	ection, a little	rub of ointment
(41)		•	the d	lecayed to	oth, and the n	iartial arts exp	onent would signal
for a dn	ım roll.	(42)	-		_a loud voice	and his two i	ingers gripping the
tooth of	the distr	essed ;	patie	nt standing	g (43)	min, i	he would command
the patie:	nt to cry	out-	·and	with one	tug lift the dec	ayed tooth ou	t to the applause of
the spect							«Nhimaic ()[
L	ined up	for (44	4)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	to see we	re hundreds of	teeth of all shapes
							fil parear No una

Adapted from Wee Kim Wee's Glimpses and Reflections

questioned his ability or his qualification.

	. (46)
	Twenty years ago, children in school has never even heard of the Internet.
Nov	(47)wadays, many of us use the Internet on a regular basis and even have ercces to
it fr	(48) (48) (48) (48) (48) (48) (48) (48)
	(49)
dov	valoading your favourite songs or communicating to friends and family. The 'net'
	(50)
n Ir	nternet stands as network. A network is two or more computers connected
	(51)
14 .4	ether so that information can be shared, or konvayed from one computer to
oge	
	ther. Information is obtained through web pages that colperasions,
inol	ther. Information is obtained through web pages that colperasions,
inol	ther. Information is obtained through web pages that colperasions,

Fill in each blank with a suitable word. (15 marks)

Every year, we read of people who die by drowning, and perhaps three-
quarters of these accidents occur in public places where rescue is possible. When
most of these accidents occur, there are probably other (56) nearby
who can help but (57) to do so, either because they do not know what
to do or because they are (58) that the swimmer, struggling to save
himself, may pull them (59)
Bystanders can be lifesavers if they make use of the simple (60)
usually found at hand. Consider the spare tyre. In an emergency, (61)
it into the water, and even with the (62) steel wheel in the centre, it will
rise to the surface and (63). The drowning swimmer or swimmers can
(64) onto it. If everyone keeps his shoulders under the water, the
(65) will support six or seven persons. If the swimmer is
(66)
(67) of you. You will be in no (68) yourself as you too
can rest on the tyre if necessary.
Various other objects usually (69) at a family outing can be
used in a similar way. If you have a gallon-size thermos jug flask, empty it, replace
the lids, then toss the jug to a tired swimmer. It will actually buoy him up a bit, and he
may be able to (70) his way to safety.

For each of the questions 71 to 75, rewrite the given sentence(s) using the word(s) provided. Your answer must be in one sentence. The meaning of your sentence must be the same as the meaning of the given sentence(s). (10 marks)

71. Mabel left her handbag in the bus and lost her money. She was very careless.

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OT		response to the second			
"Did the childr	en amive at s	school punct	ually today?"	`asked Mr R	ama.

Classmates swarmed around William, laughing and slapping his head. William shifted in his seat, scanning for help. Pent-up anger, frustration and resentment were building up within William as he recalled such similar episodes. Unable to control his mounting rage, he lunged at his tormentor, catching his arm and biting down on it with all his might. Consequently, William was expelled from kindergarten and the principal advised William's parents to send him to a school for the disabled.

William was born normal in a local hospital. He was only diagnosed with polio in 1960. One day, the usually active three-year-old became feverish and sluggish and by evening he could no longer stand. The physician said that he would never walk again. From that day onwards, William's parents knew that their son's future especially depended on a good education.

When William enrolled for Primary One in a local school, his mother cautioned him to behave himself. His sister, Lily, ten years his senior, accompanied him to school and carried him up the stairs to his classroom. As she waited, she wove fishing nets for extra money. At the end of the year, William emerged as the top pupil. In front of a school assembly, Lily proudly carried her brother on stage to receive his award. By Primary Three, William longed to walk but he had to wait for his braces. Finally, he received a pair of donated crutches and iron braces. After PSLE, he scored well enough to earn a place at a top secondary school.

To reach the Science laboratory in school, his mother had to carry her teenage son up several flights of stairs. Shirley Lim, a Mathematics teacher, told William, "Don't let your mum help you. You do it yourself." Soon, William willed himself up the staircases, sometimes helped by classmates. Yet, despite new friends and growing independence, he was still insecure because of his disability.

In 1973, William read of a paralysed policeman, Wahid Baba. He coached disabled athletes after work. Here was William's chance to try a wheelchair. The next Saturday, he took a taxi to meet Baba. Baba gestured at a wheelchair and asked William to get in. Some laps later, his arms burned from the effort. After training, Baba picked up his wife and then drove William home in his specially equipped car. Looking at Baba, William felt that he could lead a normal life too.

Under Baba's tutelage, William became a medical scientist and developed into an outstanding athlete. In 1980, he became the first wheelchair athlete to complete the Singapore marathon. He has raised \$7.5 million for charity and the disabled in various long distance pushes, including a journey to Thailand and the London and Boston marathons.

Adapted from The Giant Inside by Christopher Cux

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ALL ANSWERS MUST BE IN COMPLETE SENTENCES. Why did William hit back at his classmates? 76. What happened to William as a result of contracting polio? 77. 78. Why did William's mother caution him to behave himself when he went to primary school? 79. What do the words "do it" in line 22 refer to? 80. From the passage, give two examples to show that William's family was not . welloff.

For each question from 76 to 85, write your answer in the space provided.

Explain in your own words what the "arms burned from the effort" in line	. writer meant when he said that William
Explain in your own words what the "arms burned from the effort" in line	writer meant when he said that William
	28.
The second secon	
Why did William feel that Baba led	a normal life?
In what two ways does William cont	ribute to society?
Which word in the passage has the sa	me meaning as "lethargic and listless"?
	The state of the s

- END OF PAPER -



1)	3	28)	2	55)	Verify	71)	, Due to Mabel's
2)	2	29)	3	56)	people		carelessness, she left her handbag in the bus
3)	3	30)	3		refuse	•	and lost all her money.
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5)	1 -	32)	2	59)	down		any prior warning.
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7)	3	34)	1		throw		there was a massive blackout in the
8)	2	35)	4 .		heavy		neighbourhood.
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10)	3	37)	В		hang	フにヽ	bus.
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12)	4.	39)	G·		far	76)	at school punctually. He was angry with his
13)	2	40)	F.		ahead		classmates' constant teasing.
14)	3	41)	C '	68)	danger	77)	He could not walk after
15)	2 -	42)	Q	69)	found		contracting polio.
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