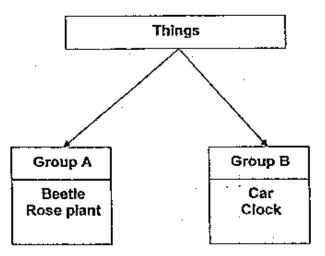
	RAFFLES GIRLS' PRIMARY SCHOOL SEMESTRAL ASSESSMENT (1)	Your score out of		
	2006	60 marks	Class	Level
Name ;	Class: P3 Index No:	Highest score		
10 May 2006	5 SCIENCE Att: 1 hr 15 min	Average score		
		Parent's signature		·

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SECTION A (15 x 2 marks) There are 15 questions in this section. Answer all of them. For each question, 4 suggested answers numbered 1, 2, 3 and 4 are given. Choose the most suitable answer and shade the correct oval on the Optical Answer Sheet (OAS).

- What do living things need to stay alive? 1.
 - А. Аіг
 - 8. Food
 - С. Water
 - (1) A only
 - 8 only (2)
 - 8 and C only (3)
 - A, B and C (4)

2. Study the classification chart below carefully.

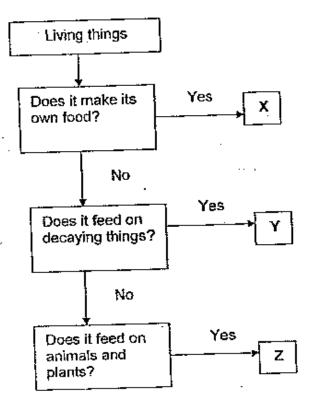


Which one of the following shows the things mentioned placed in the correct groups?

	Group A	Group B
(1)	Baby	Fish
(2)	Basket	Kite
(2) (3)	Dead Fish	Bag
(4)	Sleeping Baby	Moving car

- 3. When Susan tried to catch a butterfly which was on a leaf with her net, the butterfly flew away. The way that the butterfly behaved shows us that living things _____.
 - A. can die
 - B. can grow
 - C. can move by themselves
 - D. respond to changes around them
 - (1) A only
 - (2) Confy
 - (3) A and C only
 - (4) C and D only

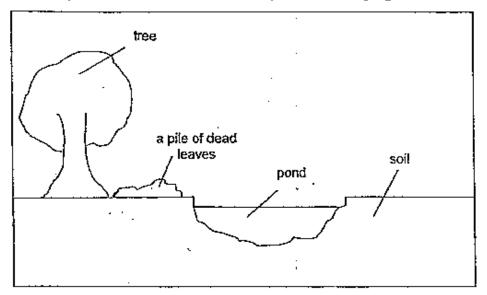
Study the chart below carefully.



Which one of the following shows correctly what X, Y and Z most likely represent?

	_		
	X	Y	Ζ
(1)	bird's nest fem	Jew's ears	hydrilla
(2)	water hyacinth	maidennair fem	mouse
(3)	moss	bracket fungus	chicken
(4)	duckweed	puff balls	stag's horn fern
· · · ·			

5. The diagram below shows the different parts of Mr Ong's garden.



Study the picture of the living thing shown below.



In which part of Mr Ong's garden would this living thing most likely make its home?

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- (1) in the soil
- (2) on the tree
- in the pond
- (3) (4) amongst the dead leaves

6. Siti filled in the table shown below to show how some animals move.

Animal	Type of movement	Body part used to move
emu	fly	wings
snake	crawi	legs
dolphin	swim	flippers
kangaroo	run	legs

For which animal did she write in the information correctly?

(1) emu

;

- (2) snake
- (3) dolphin
- (4) kangaroo

Goldfishes breathe through their _____

- (1) gills
- (2) skin
- (3) lungs
- (4) mouth

8. A squirrel and a bat both _____

- A. have four legs
- B. have a pair of wings
- C. reproduce by giving birth
- D. have hair on their bodies
- (1) A and B only
- (2) B and D only
- (3) C and D only
- (4) A, C and D only
- Animal X has wings, lays eggs and has feelers on its head.
 Which one of the following animals is Animal X likely to be?
 - (1) swan
 - (2) eagle
 - (3) iguana
 - (4) housefly

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10. Study the pictures of the leaves shown below.



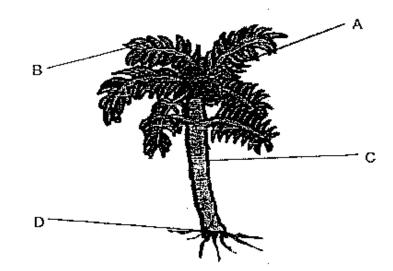
Leaf A

Leaf B

Which one of the following describes correctly the edges of the leaves shown?

Ĺ	Leaf A	Leaf B
(1)	Lobed-edged	Tooth-edged
(2)	Entire-edged	Lobed-edged
(3)	Lobed-edged	Entire-edged
(4)	Tooth-edged	Lobed-edged

11. The picture below shows a coconut tree.



Which one of the following shows correctly what A, B, C and D represent?

	A	В	С	D
(1)	Leaf	Stem	Root	Fruit
(2)	Stem	Root	Fruit	Leaf
(3)	Root –	Fruit	Leaf	Stem
(4)	Fruit	Leaf	Stem	Root

6

12. Study the description of a plant given below.

) am a land plant.

I have fruits which grow in clusters.

My fruit has one seed and a hairy outer covering.

. .

Which one of the following is likely to be the plant described above?

- (1) kiwi plant
- (2) mango tree
- (3) papaya plant
- (4) rambutan tree
- 13. Study the table below.

Group A	Cattail, Water lily
Group B	Water hyacinth, Water lettuce

Which one of the following most likely shows what Group A and Group B represent?

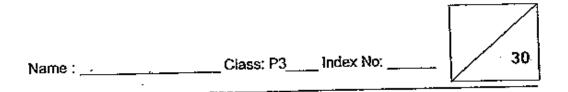
Г	Group A	Group B
1)	Land plants	Water plants
żΈ	Flowering plants	Non-flowering plants
Ξή [Non-flowering plants	Flowering plants
ñF	Partially submerged plants	Floating plants

14. <u>A</u> and <u>B</u> are two examples of micro-organisms. Which one of the following shows correctly what A and B represent?

Г	Α	В
(1)	yeast	bracket fungus
(2)	Jew's ears	puff balls
	bracket fungus	bacteria
(3) (4)	bacteria	yeast

- Which of the following statements about micro-organisms are true? 15.
 - Micro-organisms can reproduce. A.
 - В,
 - All micro-organisms are harmful to people. We can only see micro-organisms with the help of a microscope. C.
 - A and B only (1)
 - A and C only (2)
 - B and C only (3)
 - A, B and C (4)

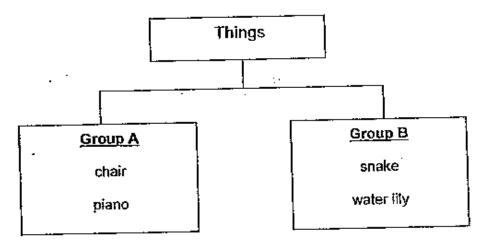
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SECTION B (30 marks)

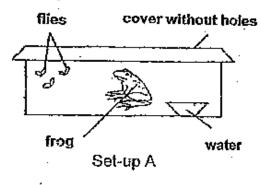
There are 15 questions in this section. Answer all of them. Write your answers clearly in the spaces provided.

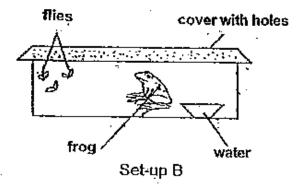
Look at the classification chart below. 16,



- i would place a 'pencif' in Group _____((1 m) (a)
- Give a reason for your answer in (a). (1 m) (b)

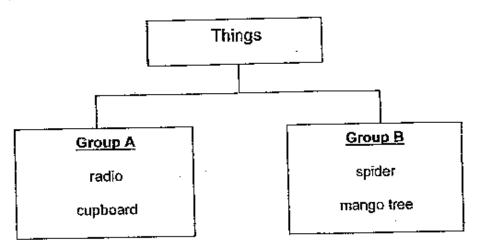
17. Look at the set-ups below.





- (a) After a few days, the frog in Set-up _____ will still be alive. (1 m)
- (b) Give a reason for your answer in (a). (1 m)

Look at the classification chart below. 18.



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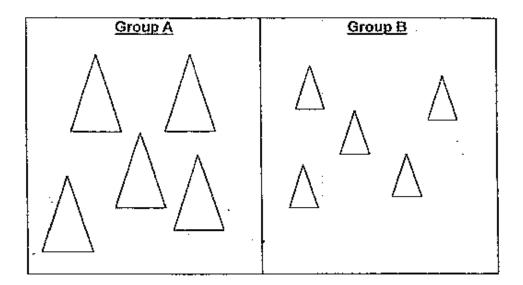
.......

Give a suitable heading for Group A and Group B.

(a) Group A: _____(1 m)

(b) Group B: _____(1 m)

19. Look at the objects below carefully.

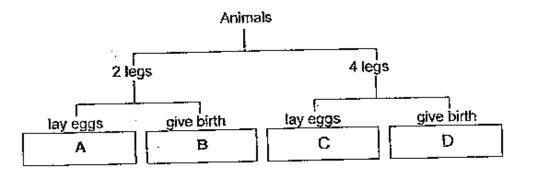


- (a) Based on your observation, state one similarity between the two groups. (1 m)
- (b) State one way in which Group A and Group B are different. (1 m)

.

12

20. The classification chart below shows how some animals are grouped.



A, B, C and D represent different animals. Which letters most likely represent the 'chimpanzee' and the 'frog'? Write A, B, C or D in the spaces provided below.

- (a) Chimpanzee: _____ (1 m)
- (b) Frog :_____(1 m)
- 21. Join the boxes on the left to the correct boxes on the right with lines to match the outer coverings to their function(s). (2 m)

Outer covering	Function
Feathers of an eagle	Protect the animal from injuries
Shell of a turtle	Help the animal to fly
Scales of a fish	

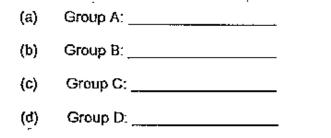
- 22. (a) In what way is a sparrow similar to a butterfly? (1 m)
 - (b) In what way is a sparrow different from a butterfly? (1 m)

/3

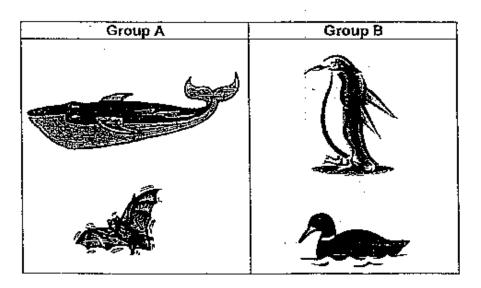
23. Look at the classification table below.

Group A	Group B	Group C	Group D
ow!	dog	shark	bee
crow	tiger	guppy	butterfly

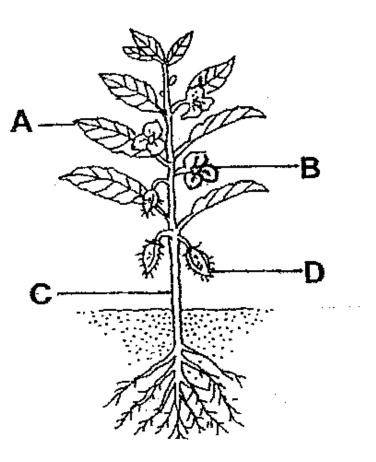
What do groups A, B, C and D represent? (2 m)



24.



Based on <u>what you know</u> about the characteristics₃of animals, state two ways in which animals in Group A are different from animals in ' Group B. (2 m) 25. Look at the picture of a balsam plant shown below.

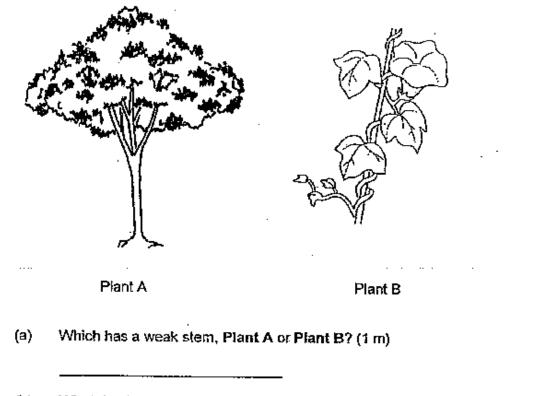


- (a) Which part of the plant, A, B, C or D supports the leaves? (1 m)
- (b) Which part of the plant, A, B, C or D will develop into a fruit?
 (1 m)

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26. Study the pictures shown below.

....



(b) What do plants with weak stems do to reach for the sunlight? (1 m)

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16

27. A gardener planted seedlings of a balsam plant in Pot A, Pot B and Pot C. Each pot had 10 seedlings. The seedlings in the three pots, were then grown under different conditions for one month.

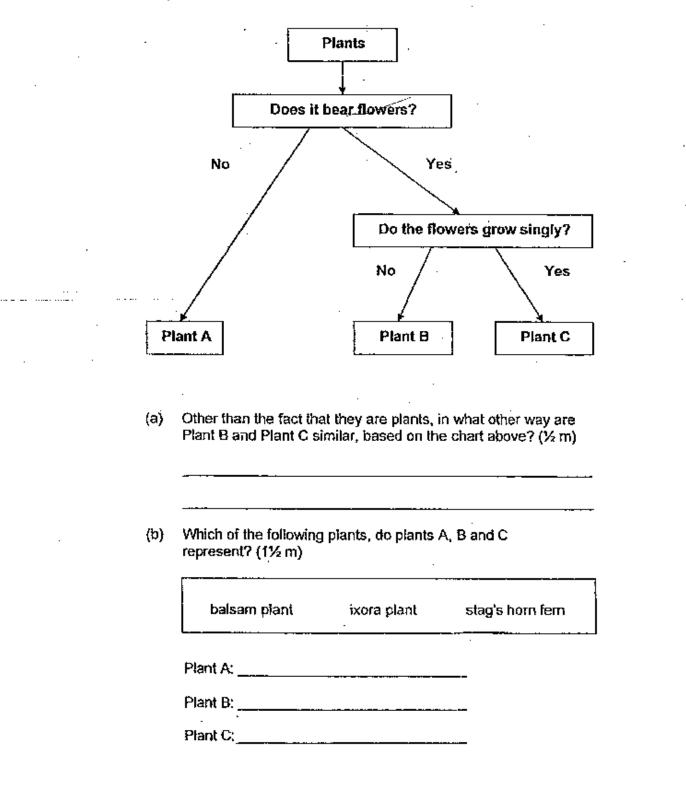
Conditions			
Pot A	ал	water	light
Pot B	air	water	no light
Pot C	air	no water	light

- (a) The plants in which pot will survive? (1 m)
- (b) Give a reason for your answer in (a). (1 m)

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- - -

28. Study the chart below.



٠.,

- 29.
- The picture below shows a mushroom. (a) What do A, B and C represent? (1½ m) (a)

	A }	c C							
		Part A:							
		Part B:							
	,	Part C:							
	(b)	Spores are found in Part (½ m)							
30.	Susan put a piece of moist bread into a clear plastic bag. The bag was then teft in a cupboard. After a week, she saw black patches growing on the bread.								
	(a)	What is the name of the fungus growing on the bread? (1 m)							
	(b)	(b) Why does the fungus mentioned in (a) need to grow on the bread? (1 m)							

END OF PAPER

Ms Haslina Setters: Mr Ronald Lee Mdm Doris Yap

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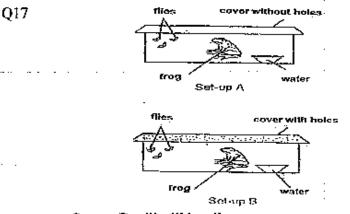
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Answer Sheets <u>Raffles Girls Pri 3 SA1 / 2006 Science</u>

1)	4	2)	4	3)	4	4)	3	5)	1
6)	3	7)	1	8)	3	9)	4	10)	2
11)	4	12)	4	13)	4	14)	4	15)	2

Q16a. I would place a 'pencil' in Group A

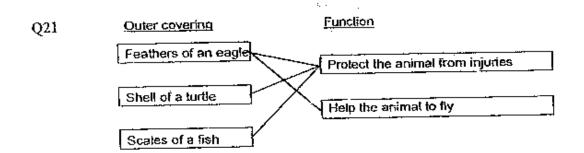
b. Group A is non-living thing thus pencil also a non-living things.



- a. Set-up B will still be alive.
- b. Set-up B the cover with holes, the frog has air to breathe while Set-up A the cover without holes.
- Q18a. Group A : Non-living things Group B : Living things
- Q19a. Both groups are triangles
 - b. Group A have bigger triangle than Group B.
- Q20a. Chimpanzee : <u>Group B</u> Frog : <u>Group C</u>

Page 1 of 3

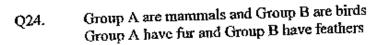
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Both can fly. Q22a.

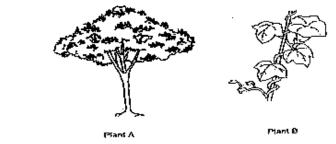
Sparrow has 2 legs and butterfly has 6 legs. b.

- Group A : Birds Q23a.
 - Group B : Mammals b.
 - Group C : Fishes c.
 - Group D : Insects đ.



- Part C supports the leaves. Q25a.
- Part B will develop into a fruit. Ъ.





- <u>Plant B</u> has a weak stem a.
- They cling onto other plants and things for support to reach for sunlight. b.

Pot A plant will survive. Q27a.

Plants need air, water and sunlight to grow. Ъ.

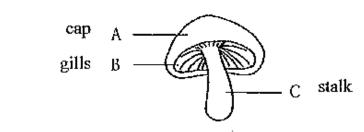
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Q28a. Both plants have flowers. Ь.

Plant A : stag's horn fern Plant B : ixora plant

Plant C : balsam plant



Spores are found in Part B b.

Q30a. Mould

Q29a.

The bread is moist. b.

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