# Primary Three <br> Science <br> Continual Assessment One 

## Section A

I. Choose the best option and write its number (1, 2, 3 or 4 ) in the boxes provided. (20 X 2 Marks)

1. Which one of the following statements is incorrect?
(1) Living things can breathe.
(2) Living things can stay alive forever.
(3) Non-living things cannot make their own food.
(4) Living things can reproduce.
$\square$
2. Which one of the following pairs are non-living things?
(1) bird and feather
(2) shirt and mouse
(3) plate and table
(4) mosquito and dried orchid

3. Which one of the following statements is false about fish?
(1) All fish live in water.
(2) They have different sizes and shapes.
(3) All fish have scales as their outer coverings.
(4) All fish lay eggs.
$\square$
4. Study the diagram below. It shows how living things are grouped.


Under which group would you put a hamster?
(1) Micro-organisms
(2) Plants
(3) Fungi
(4) Animals

5. Which of the following animals gives birth to its young?
(1) seahorse
(2) angelfish
(3) carp
(4) goldfish
$\square$
6. Which one of the following can move by itself?
(1) owl
(2) pear
(3) paper
(4) bag

7. There is a change in $\qquad$ when a baby girl grows into an adult.
a) size
b) appearance
c) date of birth
d) sex
(1) a and b
(2) b and c
(3) $c$ and d
(4) a and d
8. A polar bear is a living thing because it is $\qquad$ .
a) it is warm
b) it can breathe
c) it eats bamboo leaves
d) it can move about
e) it can be seen
f) it makes sounds
(1) $a$ and $b$
(2) c, d and f
(3) a, d and e
(4) b, c and d

9. Rabbits can hop about while hawks can fly. This shows that living things can $\qquad$ .
(1) reproduce
(2) move by themselves
(3) respond to changes
(4) grow
$\square$
10. Three guppies are placed in an aquarium. After six months, John found that the total number of guppies has increased to five. This shows that living things $\qquad$ .
(1) can reproduce
(2) can move by themselves
(3) can respond to changes
(4) cannot live without their friends

11. Identify the pair of animals which have similar shapes.
(1) deer and hen
(2) turtle and tortoise
(3) lamb and pig
(4) camel and snail
12. In what ways are horses and monkeys similar?
(1) They both like to eat banana.
(2) They both have the same size.
(3) They have the same type of outer covering.
(4) They are very friendly animals.

13. Which one of the following animals has the most colourful outer covering?
(1) cat
(2) parrot
(3) rabbit
(4) dog
$\square$
14. A cow is useful to us because it provides us with $\qquad$ .
a) milk
b) cheese
c) eggs
d) meat
(1) a and b
(2) $a$ and d
(3) a, b and c
(4) a, b and d
$\square$
15. Why do animals move about? It is because it can $\qquad$ .
a) follow other animals
b) look for food and water
c) stay near to their enemies
d) get away from danger
(1) a and b
(2) a and d
(3) b and c
(4) b and d
$\square$
16. Which one of the following animals moves in more than one way?
(1) crow
(2) snail
(3) catfish
(4) centipede

17. Which one of the following statements about the goat and the cow is correct?
(1) Both make the same sounds.
(2) Both produce by laying eggs.
(3) Both are animal-eaters.
(4) Both produce milk.

18. This animal carries a shell on its back. It hides in it when there is enemy. It can live on land and water. What is this animal most likely to be?
(1) camel
(2) frog
(3) turtle
(4) crab
$\square$
19. Which one of the following statements is not a response to changes?
(1) Linda moved her hands to block an attack from the robbers who wanted to snatch her gold bracelet.
(2) Peter's shirt flew up when the strong gust of wind blew in his direction.
(3) The little boy ran across the road to get his ball when it was kicked to the road by his friend.
(4) Jane scolded her brother when he accidentally hit her with a badminton racket.
20. Which is the fastest animal on land?
(1) cheetah
(2) kangaroo
(3) lion
(4) tiger

21. Which of the following animals is not covered with hair?
(1) bear
(2) penguin
(3) parrot
(4) bat

22. Which of the following statements is incorrect?
(1) Animals reproduce by giving birth or laying eggs.
(2) A piece of paper is once alive.
(3) A seed is a living thing.
(4) A non-living thing can move by itself.

23. Which one of the following animals moves differently from the rest?
(1) earthworm
(2) jellyfish
(3) snake
(4) centipede
$\square$

## Section B

II. Write your answers in the spaces provided. (6 X 2 Marks)
24. Classify the following objects.


Living things: $\qquad$
Non-living things: $\qquad$
25. Different animals use different parts to move from one place to another. Which part of the body do the following animals use to do this?
a) millipede: $\qquad$
b) angelfish: $\qquad$
c) duck: $\qquad$
d) eagle: $\qquad$
26. State two characteristics of mammals.
a) $\qquad$
b) $\qquad$
27. Study the diagram below and group the animals under the correct group which they belongs.


Animals that give birth: $\qquad$
Animals that lay eggs: $\qquad$
28. Study the table below. Answer parts a and b.

| Group 1 | owl and hawk |
| :---: | :---: |
| Group 2 | clownfish and snake |
| Group 3 | bat and bear |
| Group 4 | prawn and tortoise |

a) The above animals are grouped according to their
$\qquad$
b) Name another animal to add to Group 2.
29. Look at the diagram below. Group the animals in the list according to what they eat.


|  <br> Animals | Eats Plants | Eats Animals |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

30. Group the animals in the list under the 3 different groups below.


| On land and in <br> water | On land | In water |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

