DIRECTORATE FOR QUALITY AND STANDARDS IN EDUCATION

Department for Curriculum Management and eLearning Educational Assessment Unit

Annual Examinations for Secondary Schools 2011

watchtowers built?

Tract	17	
	-	~

(1)

(2)

FORM 3	HISTORY (GENE	ERAL) TIME: 1h 30min
Name:		Class:
1. Look at the p	icture and answer the question	s.
	Source Fort S	ce A: St Lucian.
1. Look at the picture and answer the quality of the picture and answer the picture and answ	1.	1. This fort is in Marsaxlokk. Why do you think was it built there?
		(2)
	1.	2. During whose Grand Mastership was it built?
1.3. Name TWO	other forts built by that same Gran	nd Master.
		(2)
1.4. Around Malta	a there are 13 watchtowers. Durin	ng whose Grand Mastership were these

1.5. Name a difference between these watchtowers and the fort in Source A.

1.6. Name TWO advantages gained by the Maltese from these fortifications.

1.7. Which TWO forts used to defend the Imgarr harbour in Gozo during the the Knights?	admini 7780
1.8. What was architect and engineer Vincenzo Firenzuola most famous for?	(1)
1.9. Name TWO reasons why these fortifications are still important today.	(/
	(2)
	(Total:15 marks)

2. Look at the picture and answer the questions:



Source B:

A painting of the Conventual Church of St. John in the 18th century.

2.1. Source B is a primary source. Why?	
	_(1)
2.2. This picture shows: (a military parade, the reading of the <i>bando</i> , a procession, a funeral).	(1)
2.3. St. John's Co-Cathedral's façade is (gothic, mannerist, baroque) and its interior decoration is (gothic, mannerist, baroque).	s (2)
2.4. Name THREE things of artistic value which one finds in St. John's Co-Cathedral.	
	_(3)

Maltese?

4.2. Why are feasts socially important for the

5.11. I value 1111(EEE tillings which a person could be accused of by the inquisition.
5.1. Name THREE things which a person could be accused of by the Inquisition.
Accused: No. I do not"
Inquisitor: You were seen at a person's house to read your future. Do you believe in the evil eye?
Accused: I never ate meat during Lent.
Inquisitor: We have information that you ate meat during Lent. Did you do this?
Accused: Yes, I do.
" Inquisitor :You are accused to be a heretic and that you are teaching things contrary to the Roman Catholic religion. Do you believe in the Roman Catholic Church?
5. Read the following passage and answer the questions:
(Total: 12 marks)
(2)
4.7. What do you understand when we say that Valletta is Malta's commercial and administrative centre?
4.6. Which problems affect certain Maltese villages today?
(1)
4.5. What do you notice about the position of the parish church in a typical Maltese village?
4.4. Name TWO reasons why you think that the village square is important to the Maltese.
4.3. Name TWO reasons why there are niches and statues of saints in many Maltese vill
4.3. Name TWO reasons why there are niches and statues of saints in many Maltese vill

5.2. Who was the Inquisitor?	The same
5.3. Who used to choose the Inquisitor?	
5.4. In which city in Malta was there the Tribunal and Court of the Inquisitor?	_(1)
5.5. The accused had to pass through a low door to meet the Inquisitor. Underline the correct rea why this was so:	(1) ason
a) in those years, the Maltese were very short people.	
b) the builders did a mistake when they built this door.	
c) so that the accused would have to bow in front of the Inquisitor.	(1)
5.6. Name TWO types of punishments given by the Tribunal of the Inquisitor to the people who were found to be guilty.	ı
	(2)
5.7. Besides the Inquisitor, which were the other two authorities over the Maltese during the administration of the Order of St. John?	
	_(2)
5.8. Why was there rivalry between these two authorities?	
	_(1)
5.9. What sort of information does the passage give you on the attitude of people and religion in those years?	l
	(2)

(Total: 15 marks)

6. Match

6.	Match	was one of the French philosophers. spread to many other European countries.
1	The national day of France	was one of the French philosophers.
2	King Louis XVI	spread to many other European countries.
3	The French nobles	used to be called the 'bourgeoisie'.
4	The middle class	commemorates the fall of the Bastille.
5	Voltaire	was the King's bad financial situation.
6	One of the causes of the Revolution	was guilliotined.
7	The French Revolution	was hated by the people.
8	Marie Antoinette	had many privileges.

(Total: 8 marks)

7. Write at length on ONE of the following:

- 7.1. Valletta is the most beautiful heritage left to us by the Knights of St. John. Write about its foundation and some important buildings carried out by the Knights in it.
- 7.2. Write about how the French took over Malta and what made the Maltese rise against them in protest during the same year.
- 7.3. Write about Imdina and its importance throughout the years. You can give information about its position, architecture and important buildings in it. Write about what is being done today to look after it.

(Total: 20 marks)