| FORM 3                                | <b>BUSINESS STUDIES</b>                                    | ON TIME: 1h | 30min  |
|---------------------------------------|--|-------------|--------|
|                                       |  |             |        |
| Name:                                 |  | Class:      |        |
| SECTION A                             |  | [20         | marks] |
| -                                     | ESTIONS IN THIS SECTION<br>ver in the space provided.      |             |        |
| 1. A good is essent                   | ially  |             |        |
| (a) durable<br>(b) tangible           |  |             |        |
| (c) expensive                         |  |             |        |
|                                       | ing are examples of labour except:                         |             |        |
|                                       | ers, head teachers   |             |        |
|                                       | y doctors, lawyers   |             |        |
| (c) plumbers, ele                     | ctricians, shop owners                                     |             |        |
|                                       | orm part of the <b>extractive sector</b> :                 |             |        |
| (a) farming, agri                     | , carpentry, teaching                                      |             |        |
| (c) mining, quar                      |  |             |        |
|                                       |  |             |        |
| 4. An economy wh<br>(a) a free market | ich is completely <b>controlled by the state</b> is called |             |        |
| (b) a capitalist e                    | •  |             |        |
| (c) a planned eco                     | -  |             |        |
|                                       |  |             |        |
| 5. The minimum $f$ (a) two (2)        | umber of partners in a partnership is usually              |             |        |
| (b) seven (7)                         |  |             |        |
| (c) twenty (20)                       |  |             |        |
| 6. The number of                      | personnel under the responsibility of an official is       | called      | _      |
| (a) span of contr                     |  |             |        |
| (b) chain of com                      |  |             |        |
| (c) line manager                      | nent   |             |        |

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- 7. The aim of **branding** is
  - (a) to be able to avoid paying heavy taxes
  - (b) to differentiate between the products of other firms
  - (c) to be able to calculate the profit made from sales
- 8. Feedback in communication occurs when there is
  - (a) two-way communication
  - (b) one-way communication
  - (c) top-down communication
- **9.** The **best method of transporting** vehicles from Japan to Malta is by means of (a) aeroplanes
  - (b) trailers
  - (c) ships
- 10. A pie chart shows
  - (a) absolute numbers
  - (b) percentage values
  - (c) exact amounts

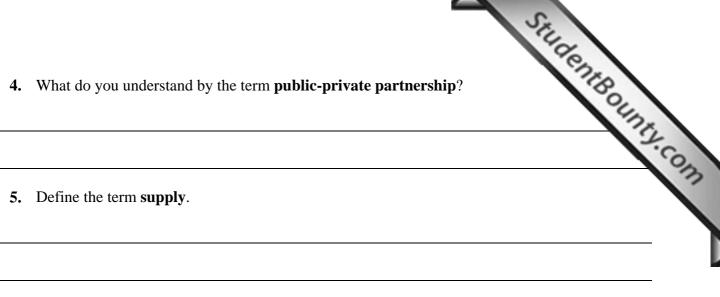
### **SECTION B**

[20 marks]

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## ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS IN THIS SECTION. Each question carries 2 marks. Answer in the space provided under each question.

- 1. Why do luxuries tend to become needs?
- 2. What document does an applicant for a job usually send together with the application for the job?
- **3.** What is a **partnership deed**?



- 6. Explain the term hygiene factors in Frederick Herzberg's theory.
- 7. Which are the seven (7) elements of the **marketing mix**?

- 8. Mention two (2) factors which are to be kept in mind when choosing suppliers.
- 9. What do you understand by the term flow production?
- 10. Mention two (2) functions/activities of a wholesaler.

## **SECTION C**

# StudentBounty.com ANSWER BOTH QUESTIONS IN THIS SECTION. Answer these questions on the foolscaps provided. Each question carries 20 marks.

Question 1 – Read the following passage and then answer the questions that follow:

Glanden Ltd is a firm which imports stationery goods. It imports office materials, such as photocopy paper, biros, pencils, glue and tape. It also imports office equipment, such as printers, cds, cutters, shredders, binders and laminating machines. It distributes these goods to other shops as well as selling directly to final customers.

| <b>(a)</b>   | What type of business is Glanden Ltd?  | (2 marks) |
|--------------|--|-----------|
| <b>(b)</b>   | Mention one advantage and one disadvantage of such a business as Glanden Ltd.        | (2 marks) |
| (c)          | What are the owners of such a business called?                                       | (2 marks) |
| ( <b>d</b> ) | In which stage of production does Glanden Ltd operate?                               | (2 marks) |
| (e)          | Define a <b>durable good</b> .   | (2 marks) |
| ( <b>f</b> ) | From the passage mention four (4) <b>durable goods</b> that Glanden Ltd imports.     | (4 marks) |
| (g)          | Define a <b>non-durable good</b> .   | (2 marks) |
| ( <b>h</b> ) | From the passage mention four (4) <b>non-durable goods</b> that Glanden Ltd imports. | (4 marks) |

### Question 2 – Read the following passage and then answer the questions that follow:

*Marío Borg is the General Manager of a manufacturing firm. He held a* meeting with the other managers of the firm and the discussion turned on to the **Product-Life-Cycle** of one of their products.

| (a)          | What is the <b>product-life-cycle</b> ?  | (2 marks)  |
|--------------|--|------------|
| ( <b>b</b> ) | Draw a product-life-cycle, clearly labelling the diagram and showing each stage. |            |
|              | On the diagram show also a typical sales curve.                                  | (6 marks)  |
| ( <b>c</b> ) | Describe each stage of the product-life-cycle.                                   | (12 marks) |
|              |  |            |

|              | CTION D<br>SWER ALL QUESTIONS IN THIS SECTION.<br>swer in the space provided.<br>What do you understand by market research? | 20        |  |
|--------------|---|-----------|--|
| <u>SE</u>    | CTION D   | THE       |  |
|              | SWER ALL QUESTIONS IN THIS SECTION.<br>swer in the space provided.  | un        |  |
| (a)          | What do you understand by <b>market research</b> ?  | (2 marks) |  |
| (b)          | Why is research an important function of business?  | (4 marks) |  |
|              |   |           |  |
| (c)          | Mention <b>four</b> (4) kinds of information a business may get from market research.                                       | (4 marks) |  |
|              |   |           |  |
|              |   |           |  |
| (d)          | What do you understand by <b>field research</b> ?   | (2 marks) |  |
| (e)          | Give another term for <b>field research.</b>  | (1 mark)  |  |
| ( <b>f</b> ) | What do you understand by <b>desk research</b> ?  | (2 marks) |  |
| (g)          | Give another term for <b>desk research.</b>   | (1 mark)  |  |

