

**FORM 3**

**SOCIAL STUDIES (GENERAL)**

**TIME: 1h 30min**

**Name:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Class:** \_\_\_\_\_

**This exam paper consists of SIX SECTIONS (A, B, C, D, E and F). Students are expected to answer ALL sections. Marks for each section are shown between brackets. Write the answer for Section F on a separate paper.**

**Section A: Fill in the blanks with the following words.**

manual	global	rehabilitation	basic	unemployment
citizenship	values	consumer	preventive care	access

1. \_\_\_\_\_ means when a person takes care of his/her health not to become ill.
2. To the Maltese, hard work and diligence are both personal as well as social \_\_\_\_\_.
3. Every individual should have the same opportunities for \_\_\_\_\_ to health services.
4. \_\_\_\_\_ means that the State recognises an individual as one of its members.
5. As a \_\_\_\_\_ citizen, I have to make my best to reduce pollution.
6. Someone who buys products and/or services is called a \_\_\_\_\_.
7. Caritas provides \_\_\_\_\_ services for drug-abuse victims.
8. One of the effects of \_\_\_\_\_ is poverty.
9. Farming and fishing are examples of \_\_\_\_\_ labour.
10. Smart consumers buy their \_\_\_\_\_ needs first.

**(10 marks)**

**Section B: Answer ALL the following questions by choosing the right phrase.**

1. **National identity means that we**
  - a) know who we are as a nation
  - b) know who we are as individuals
  - c) are patriotic
2. **Advertisements are there to**
  - a) discourage us from shopping
  - b) influence us what to buy
  - c) inform us about our rights
3. **A situation where people are looking for work is called**
  - a) commerce and industry
  - b) production and manufacturing
  - c) unemployment
4. **The social aspect of health means that**
  - a) there is a strong society
  - b) a person has good relations with those around him/her
  - c) society takes care of the sick
5. **Consumerism means that**
  - a) prices are low and everyone can buy products
  - b) consumers buy products only through the internet
  - c) there is a trend to buy many goods and services
6. **Civic values are those that**
  - a) every Christian should have
  - b) every citizen should have
  - c) help us live comfortably
7. **As European citizens, the Maltese have a right to**
  - a) live and work in any Member State of the European Union
  - b) travel without cash
  - c) vote in local councils
8. **A wealthy person should enjoy health services**
  - a) like any other person in Malta
  - b) more than any other person in Malta
  - c) less than any other person in Malta
9. **Voluntary work is**
  - a) waste of time
  - b) work without payment
  - c) compulsory work
10. **The work of a teacher forms part of**
  - a) the primary sector
  - b) the manufacturing sector
  - c) the tertiary sector

**(10 marks)**

**Section C: Mark TRUE or FALSE and explain why.**

1. **Freedom of speech** means that a person can express his/her opinion even if he/she criticises the government. **TRUE/FALSE**  
**Why?** \_\_\_\_\_
2. To be healthy we need to follow a good diet and do exercise. **TRUE/FALSE**  
**Why?** \_\_\_\_\_
3. Social role is a way of behaviour linked to our social status. **TRUE/FALSE**  
**Why?** \_\_\_\_\_
4. Vandalism is a good example of a civic value. **TRUE/FALSE**  
**Why?** \_\_\_\_\_
5. There is nothing wrong with the consumer being uninformed about the contents of a product. **TRUE/FALSE**  
**Why?** \_\_\_\_\_

(10 marks)

**Section D: Answer the following questions.**

1. Define the term **pluralism** and explain why this is positive.  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ (4)
2. Which mass medium is most commonly used by youths? Why?  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ (4)
3. What do you understand by the term **holistic health**?  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ (4)

4. Explain how every right carries with it an obligation.

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 (4)

5. Mass media influence values and can change a culture. How can this occur?

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 (4)

(20 marks)

**Section E: Read well the following passage and answer ALL questions related to it.**

For many centuries the life of humans mostly depended on agriculture and fishing. In the past, workers used sources of natural energy, for example wind, water and their own strength. However, in the eighteenth century humans succeeded in improving productivity by inventing and developing new machines. Through an innovative technique, scientists also invented electrical energy. Nowadays, machines and computers are replacing the work of humans. Consequently, the Industrial Revolution has changed the way work is carried out.

**Questions**

1. Explain how work practices changed between the eighteenth century and the present day.

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 (2)

2. What do you understand by the term **work**?

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 (2)

3. Today, manual work has decreased whereas work based on machines and computers has increased. What type of skills should a contemporary worker have?

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 (4)

4. What advantages do machinery and technology have at the workplace?

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(4)

5. Nowadays we hear about many people who suffer from high levels of stress. Explain how free time can help to reduce stress.

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(4)

6. Mention **TWO** effects which unemployment leaves on the individual.

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(4)

7. What is **work ethic**? Support your answer by giving **THREE** examples.

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(5)

(25 marks)

**Section F: Choose ONE of the following themes and write around 200 words about it on a separate paper.**

1. Mass media have led to the development of a global village. Discuss.
2. A responsible citizen carries out his duties accordingly. Discuss.
3. What are the positive or negative effects of consumerism on society?

(25 marks)

**Total: 100 marks**