

FORM 5

HISTORY (OPTION)

TIME: 1h 45min

Name: _____

Class: _____

N.B. You may answer questions in English or in Maltese.

MALTESE HISTORY SECTION

1. Look carefully at the following sources on Malta during World War II and then answer all the questions.

Source A

After the air-raids



Source B

Children welcoming a convoy



- 1.1. Identify **three** different types of hardship which the Maltese endured during World War II.

(3)

- 1.2. Why do the children in source B look happy?

(1)

- 1.3. How did the Maltese try to reduce the sufferings caused by the enemy? Mention **two** examples.

(2)

- 1.4. How did the Maltese contribute to the war effort during World War II? Mention **two** ways.

(2)

1.5.1 How were the Maltese rewarded for their heroism by the King?

1.5.2 What effect did this gesture have on the Maltese?

(1)

1.6 Why and how did Malta's situation change for the better after 8th September 1943?

(2)

1.7.1 What economic aid did Malta receive after World War II?

(1)

1.7.2 How was this aid used?

(1)

1.8 Identify two important problems which the Maltese had to face as soon as the war ended.

(2)

2. Read carefully the following source on relations between Malta and the EU and then answer all the questions.

"We have expressed our wish that Malta joins the European Community, though we still do not have a formal application. We believe that eventually, Malta will join the Community, both in the event of the UK's membership and not. We too form part of Europe. Since Malta is still not independent, it can only apply for an Association Agreement. We are hoping to gain independence in a short while. In that way we will be able to ask for full membership."

Source C. Prime Minister George Borg Olivier at the Commonwealth conference of September 1962

"We would like to see Malta as a little Switzerland in the Mediterranean thriving on industry, tourism, and entreport trade, a shop window between Europe and Africa. We stand for a non-aligned Malta freed from all shackles of colonialism."

Source D. Anton Buttigieg, Deputy Leader of the Malta Labour Party, May 28th 1964

2.1 What was the European Community referred in source C?

(1)

2.2 Why does source C say that Malta could not apply to join the E.E.C. in 1962?

2.3 Explain the terms: 'entrepot trade', 'non-aligned' and 'colonialism' found in source D.

 (3)

2.4 Using the sources, write down the view of the MLP and the PN with regards to foreign policy of Malta after the granting of independence.

 (2)

2.5 Mention **two** provisions of the Defence Agreement of 1964 between Malta and Britain?

 (2)

2.6.1 Mention **two** changes carried out in the revision of this Defence Agreement in 1972.

 (2)

2.6.2 When did this agreement end? State also why.

 (2)

2.7 How was Malta's EU membership issue finally resolved?

(1)

(Total: 14 marks)

3. Choose ONE from the following themes and answer in essay form.

- 3.1 (a) What was the contribution of Malta to the British Empire during the First World War? (10)
 (b) What were the effects of this war on Malta? (10)

3.2 Discuss Malta's membership in the EU under the following titles:

- (a) Earlier relations with the EEC
 (b) Preparation for membership and formal application
 (c) The putting on hold of the application and its reactivation in 1998
 (d) The final negotiations leading to accession

(5 marks x 4 = 20)

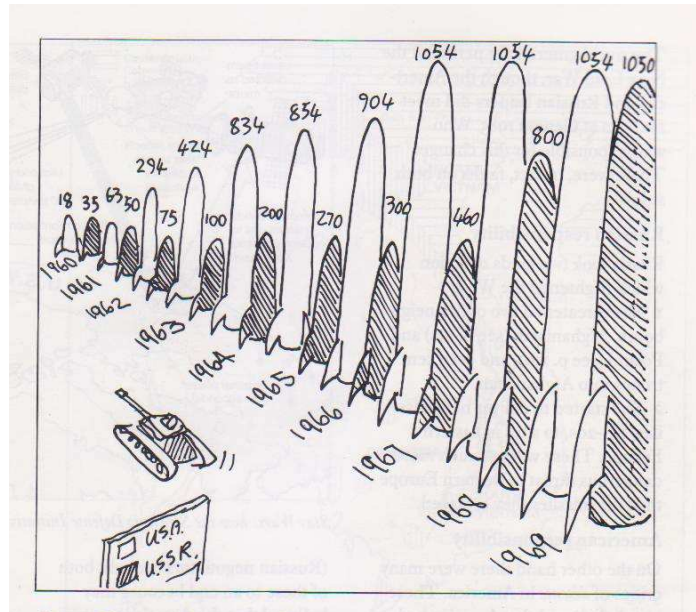
3.3 Account for Malta's foreign policy after 1979.

(20)

(Total: 20 marks)

INTERNATIONAL HISTORY SECTION

4. Study carefully the following sources and then answer all the questions.



Source E. *Our World This Century*, Derek Heater, p. 139.

4.1 Which aspect of the Cold War does Source E deal with?

_____ (1)

4.2 Which country had nuclear weapons by 1945? _____ (1)

4.3 Explain what the source indicates.
_____ (1)

4.4 Which country had the lead in the early 1960s. _____ (1)

4.5 Two opposing military alliances were formed during the Cold War. Name them.
_____ (2)

'The destruction, death and human suffering at Hiroshima were terrible enough. But as the years went by, the weapons became more powerful and more plentiful. Many people became very worried at the prospect of a nuclear war. The Cuban Missile Crisis was a particular shock.'

Source F. *Our World This Century*, Derek Heater, p. 139.

4.6 What was the Hiroshima incident referred to in source F?
_____ (2)

4.7 What is a nuclear war?

4.8.1 What was the Cuban Missile Crisis?

(2)

4.8.2 What were the effects of this crisis?

(2)

4.9 Define the term 'détente' in connection to the Cold War?

(2)

(Total: 15 marks)

5. Study carefully the following source and then answer all the questions.

Arab-Israeli Conflict Timeline

- 1947 - Plans to partition Palestine are rejected by Arabs and Jews alike.
- 1948 - Britain pulls out of Palestine.
- 1964 - The setting up of the PLO
- 1967 - The Six Day War
- 1973 - The Yom Kippur War and the Oil Crisis
- 1979 - The Camp David Peace Agreement
- 1993 - The Washington Agreement between Rabin and Arafat

5.1 Who planned to partition Palestine in 1947? _____ (1)

5.2 Why was this partition rejected by both Arabs and Jews?

(1)

5.3 What did the Jews do when Britain pulled out of Palestine?

(1)

5.4 Mention **two** Arab countries which supported the Palestinian Arabs.

(2)

5.5.1 Write the full name for PLO.

5.5.2 Why was it founded?

 (1)

5.5.3 Who was its first leader? _____ (1)

5.6 What was the main result of the Six Day War?

 (1)

5.7 Why did the Yom Kippur War lead to the Oil Crisis?

 (2)

5.8 The two agreements of 1979 and 1993 were signed in the United States. Why was this so?

 (2)

5.9 The Middle East Question has always been marked by terrorist attacks. What is terrorism and why is it very dangerous?

 (2)

(Total: 15 marks)

6. Choose ONE from the following themes and answer in essay form.

6.1 What are the general characteristics of globalisation? Explain its main advantages and disadvantages.

6.2 The crises in Berlin (1948, 1961), Budapest (1956) and Prague (1968) were important episodes in the Cold War. Account for these crises and their influence on the superpower relations.

6.3 Account for the fall of the Communist regimes in Eastern Europe and the USSR in 1989. What were the results of these events?

(Total: 20 marks)

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