DIRECTORATE FOR QUALITY AND STANDARDS IN EDUCATION

Department for Curriculum Management and eLearning Educational Assessment Unit

Annual Examinations for Secondary Schools 2013

FOR TEACHERS' USE ONLY

T COL
5-6-7

DISTRIBUTION OF MARKS

FORM 2	DESIGN AND TECHNOLOGY	TIME: 2 hrs
Name:		Class:
	Note to student:	
	You are required to answer all questio	ns

	Marks for Written Exam.	Marks for Design Folio	Marks for Making Skills	TOTAL	FINAL MARK
Max. Marks	100	50	50	200	%
Student's mark					

Student Bounts, com It was noticed that most school children are bringing their P.E. kit in their school bag or in a plant of the bag. You were asked by your P.E. teacher to design and make a textiles artefact to solve this problem.

In the space provided below, sketch TWO initial ideas for the given design brief. Enhance 1. your sketches by adding colours. Your sketches must be clear, indicating material used, fastening methods, approximate sizes and aesthetic (decorations) features.

IDEA 1	IDEA 2
	15 2.1 2

5 marks x 2 = 10 marks

2. Name TWO characteristics that a fabric must have for the production of your artefact. Give one reason for each characteristic.

Characteristic	Reason

3 marks x 2 = 6 marks

Fastener name	d sketch TWO other ideal fasteners, apart the ones had for your artefact. Sketch
	3 marks x 2 = 6 m
observed. Fool:	for cutting fabrics and give one safety precaution that should
observed. Fool: Safety precaution:	for cutting fabrics and give one safety precaution that should
Name and describe TWO	for cutting fabrics and give one safety precaution that should
Name and describe TWO	for cutting fabrics and give one safety precaution that should 2 m methods by which you can produce the school logo on
Name and describe TWO	for cutting fabrics and give one safety precaution that should be a method by which you can produce the school logo on Description
Name and describe TWO	for cutting fabrics and give one safety precaution that shoul 2 m methods by which you can produce the school logo on

3.

b. On your diagram indicate the following: i. The selvedge ii. The warp threads iii. The weft threads 2 marks x 3 = 8. Name TWO non-woven fabrics commonly used in textiles products. a b 2 marks x 2 = SECTION A: FOOD Students in your school do not always bring a packed lunch with them to school but buy for the school canteen. Staff from the school is running the canteen but they want students to so original ideas of different healthy snacks. 9. Give ONE example of how you would gather information on the type of snacks stu	the Plain Weave.	elow explain by means of a sketch		7. a.
b. On your diagram indicate the following: i. The selvedge ii. The warp threads iii. The weft threads 2 marks x 3 = 8. Name TWO non-woven fabrics commonly used in textiles products. a b 2 marks x 2 = SECTION A: FOOD Students in your school do not always bring a packed lunch with them to school but buy for the school canteen. Staff from the school is running the canteen but they want students to soriginal ideas of different healthy snacks. 9. Give ONE example of how you would gather information on the type of snacks students.	the Plain Weave.	Jul Sketch.		
 i. The selvedge ii. The warp threads iii. The weft threads 2 marks x 3 = 8. Name TWO non-woven fabrics commonly used in textiles products. a		PLAIN WEAVE		
a b	6 marks 2 marks x 3 = 6 marks	the following:	i. The selvedgeii. The warp threads	b.
2 marks x 2 = SECTION A: FOOD Students in your school do not always bring a packed lunch with them to school but buy for the school canteen. Staff from the school is running the canteen but they want students to soriginal ideas of different healthy snacks. 9. Give ONE example of how you would gather information on the type of snacks students.	ts.	s commonly used in textiles produc	e TWO non-woven fabrics co	8. Nan
Students in your school do not always bring a packed lunch with them to school but buy for the school canteen. Staff from the school is running the canteen but they want students to so original ideas of different healthy snacks. 9. Give ONE example of how you would gather information on the type of snacks students.	2 marks x 2 = 4 marks	b.		a.
Students in your school do not always bring a packed lunch with them to school but buy for the school canteen. Staff from the school is running the canteen but they want students to soriginal ideas of different healthy snacks. 9. Give ONE example of how you would gather information on the type of snacks students.	2 marks A 2 – 4 marks		ON 7 - FOOD	
the school canteen. Staff from the school is running the canteen but they want students to soriginal ideas of different healthy snacks. 9. Give ONE example of how you would gather information on the type of snacks students.			JN A: FOOD	SECTI
		hool is running the canteen but they	canteen. Staff from the school	the school
to buy.	type of snacks students like	u would gather information on the		

13. Complete the table below to describe the two snacks you suggested in question no. 12. An example is given.

b.

Characteristics					
Name of the suggested snacks	Appearance	Texture			
eg. ricotta closed toast	golden	crisp			

1 mark x 6 = 6 marks

State TWO nutrients found in your suggested snacks and give the main function of each. **14.**

16.

17.

18.	Continue the following exercise taking into consideration food safety in making yoghurt.			
	Check the on the milk and yoghurt.			
	Keep milk and yoghurt in the until needed.			
	all tools and equipment to be used.			
	Put vacuum flask in the fridge after 3 hours to slow the growth of			
	1 mark v $A - A$ mar			

urt.

mark x 4 = 4 marks

19. Name the TWO important factors in the process of making yoghurt.

	a b	.05
	1 mar	k x 2 = 001/
•	Identify the FOUR conditions required for the growth of bacteria.	
	a	
	b	
	c	
	d 1 mark	x 4 = 4 marks
•	Why is yoghurt considered as a high risk food?	
		1 mark
	Where should we store high risk food?	
		1 mark
•	Tick the type of date that yoghurts are given.	
	☐ Use by ☐ Best before	½ mark
	State the mineral found in yoghurt.	
		½ mark
	What is the effect in the body of the mineral mentioned in question 24.	
		½ mark
•	What is the process of yoghurt making called?	
		½ mark
	Name THREE other foods produced by the process mentioned in question 26.	
	a	
	b	
	c 1 mark	$x \times 3 = 3 \text{ marks}$