DIRECTORATE FOR QUALITY AND STANDARDS IN EDUCATION

Name:		Class:
FORM 4	BUSINESS STUDIES	TIME: 1h 30min
Department for Curriculu Educational Assessment U	UALITY AND STANDARDS IN EDUCATION m Management and eLearning Unit or Secondary Schools 2012	Student Bounty.co

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY MARKS							
SECTION	A	B1	B2	C	D1	D2	TOTAL
MARKS	20	10	10	20	20	20	100
STUDENT'S MARK							

	CTION A: ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS IN THIS SECTION. At the correct answer in the space provided.	[20 marks]
1.	Money can be anything which is(a) used in the barter system to get rid of one's surplus(b) a medium of exchange and universally acceptable(c) accepted by traders in part-exchange of goods	
2.	A disadvantage of division of labour is that (a) certain skills may be lost (b) mobility of labour is decreased (c) less items are produced 	
3.	A firm which gives business consultancy to clients is best located (a) in the vicinity of the port (b) near to raw materials (c) close to the main market 	

		6
4.	The following are examples of capital expenditure , except (a) the purchase of machinery	ENTBOUNTS!
	(b) the enlargement of buildings	78
	(c) repainting the walls of a factory	1
5.	The balance of payments may be described as	
	(a) total exports minus total imports	
	(b) visible trade less invisible trade	
	(c) goods and services exported to other countries	
6.	A high rate of labour turnover indicates	
	(a) positive working conditions and payment	
	(b) poor management and unhappy workers	
	(c) a business which is highly successful	
7.	When one applies for a job, one usually sends (a) the original certificates	
	(b) a curriculum vitae (CV)	
	(c) a stamped addressed envelope	
8.	A Trading Bloc refers to	
	(a) member countries who agree to trade freely between themselves	
	(b) activities that occur in the secondary stage of production	
	(c) a group of suppliers of raw materials for manufacturing	
9.	Which of these statements is correct?	
	(a) Choices will lead one to experience an opportunity cost.	
	(b) Taking up an opportunity for profit making is called opportunity cost.	
	(c) Scarcity of resources helps to eliminate opportunity cost.	
10.	To register a newly-formed company one needs	
	(a) a trading certificate and certification of incorporation	
	(b) to issue a prospectus for selling	
	(c) the Memorandum and Articles of Association	

SECTION B: ANSWER BOTH QUESTIONS IN THIS SECTION.

1. Use ten (10) of the following words/terms to fill in the spaces in the passage that for Two (2) of the given words/terms will not be used. Each word/term can only be used on

Student Bounty.com balance of payments - balance of trade - customs duty - exports - imports - international trade – invisible trade – more – trade barriers – unemployment – visible trade – wants

Countries	involved in the	import and ex	port	of good	s and serv	vices a	re said to	be invo	olved in
		·		The	trade	of	goods	is	called
			and	the	trade	of	services	is	called
		7	Γhe di	fference	between	the exp	ort and im	port of g	goods is
called the				If t	his has a p	ositive	e balance it	shows	that the
country e	exports goods _					than	it imports	s. Sor	netimes
countries	raise				_ in ord	ler to	reduce the	he amo	ount of
			into	the c	ountry.	An	example	of th	iese is
			One a	dvantag	e of trade	betwee	en countrie	s is that	people
can satist	fy more				whi	le on	e of the	fears	is that
		m	ay ari:	se.					
								(10) marks)
•	hether each of the space prov		tatem	ents is	True by p	utting	"T" or Fa	alse by	putting
(a)	One of the main	forms of revenu	e for t	he gove	rnment is	taxatio	n.		
(b)	Value Added Tax	x (VAT) is an ex	kampl	e of dire	ct taxation	١.			
(c)	Corporation taxa	tion is charged o	on pec	ple's in	comes.				
(d)	Income tax is an	example of prog	gressiv	ve taxati	on.				
(e)	Customs duty is	an example of re	egress	ive taxa	tion.				
(f)	National Insuran	ce (NI) contribu	tions	are paid	by employ	ers an	d by emplo	yees.	
(g)	Firms are allowed	d to evade taxati	ion.						
(h) '	The government	uses taxation to	finan	ce its ex	penditure.				
(i)	Poor people shou	ıld pay more tax							

(10 marks)

SECTION C: ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS IN THIS SECTION.

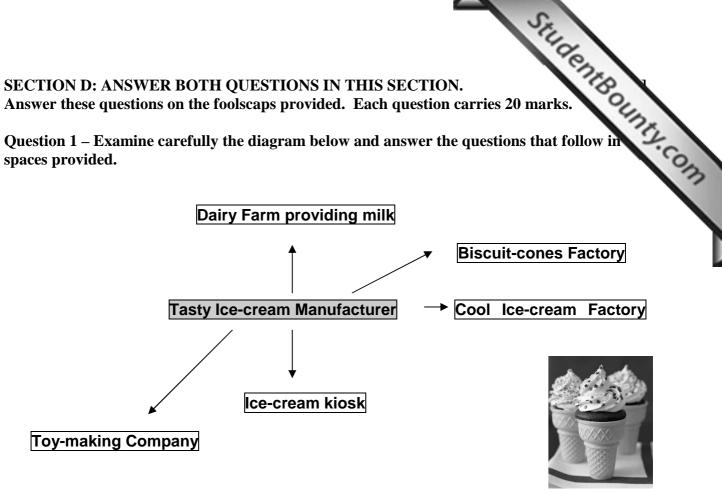
		Still		
SECTION C: ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS IN THIS SECTION. Answer the question in the space provided. You are not required to write full seach question carries two marks. 1. What is a brand name?				
1.	What is a brand name ?	/		
		(2 marks)		
2.	Explain why brand loyalty may be good for business.	(2 marks)		
3.	What is the purpose of peckaging?	(2 marks)		
3.	What is the purpose of packaging?			
		(2 marks)		
4.	How can packaging affect the sales of a product?			
		/2 1)		
5.	State two (2) requirements for the packaging of chocolates.	(2 marks)		
		(2 marks)		

6.	What is informative advertising ?	THE
		ABOUNT
		(2 1)
_		(2 marks)
7.	What is persuasive advertising ?	
		(2 marks)
8.	Mention one (1) tactic of persuasive advertising that may be used.	
		(2 marks)
9.	Mention one (1) argument in favour of advertising.	
		(2 marks)
10.	Mention one (1) argument against advertising.	
		(2 marks)

SECTION D: ANSWER BOTH OUESTIONS IN THIS SECTION.

Answer these questions on the foolscaps provided. Each question carries 20 marks.

Question 1 – Examine carefully the diagram below and answer the questions that follow in spaces provided.



(a) State the **type of integration** that has taken place in the following cases:

 Tasty Ice-cream Manufacturer with Dairy Farm providing milk 	Type of Integration:
Tasty Ice-cream Manufacturer with Cool Ice-cream factory	Type of Integration:
 Tasty Ice-cream Manufacturer with Ice-cream kiosk 	Type of Integration:
 Tasty Ice-cream Manufacturer with Toy-making Company 	Type of Integration:
Tasty Ice-cream Manufacturer with Biscuit-cones Factory	Type of Integration:

(10 marks)

(b)	In each of the following cases, give would decide to merge with the:	one (1) reason why Tasty	Ice-cream Ma
	Dairy Farm	Reason:	173
	Other Ice-cream factory	Reason:	
	 Ice-cream kiosk 	Reason:	
	 Toy making factory 	Reason:	
•	 Biscuit-cones factory 	Reason:	
Į		I	(10 marks)
Que	stion 2 – Read the following passage	and then answer the questio	ons that follow:
Cur MU atte	Malta Union of Teachers (MU riculum Framework (NCF) after T, while agreeing that a change ention of the authorities, to its moncerns on the matter.	consulting its members in the curriculum is nec	s on the matter. The essary, brought to the
(a)	What is a trade union ?		(2 marks)
(b)	Mention two (2) aims of a trade union		(4 marks)

(c)	What is an industrial dispute?	STABOURT
		133
(d)	Mention four (4) ways how an industrial dispute may be resolved.	(4 marks)
(e)	What is a general union ?	(2 marks)
(f)	What is an industrial union ?	(2 marks)
(g)	What is a white collar union?	(2 marks)
(h)	What is a craft union ?	(2 marks)