SECONDARY SCHOOL ANNUAL EXAMINATIONS 2005

Educational Assessment Unit – Education Division

INTEGRATED SCIENCE

FORM 2

Time 1hr 30 min

lame			Class	
	ANSWER ALI	L QUESTIONS		
) The pictures below sl	how situations where	there is too much ac	id.	
The fish in this lake are dying.	Bacteria and bits of food cause tooth decay.	Eating too quickly can cause indigestion.	The cabbages in this field aren't growing very well.	
Α	В	С	D	
The pictures below s	how how to neutralis	se the acid in the abov	e pictures.	
GARDEN LIME	THAIRSOONE		roomean	
1	2	3	4	
Write down the num	ber of the picture use	d to neutralise the abo	ove acid situations.	
Picture with acid si	tuation Picture	e used to neutralis	e the acid situation	1
Α		_		
В		_		
С		_		

	liquid	Α	В	(C	D		E	F	G
	pH of the liquid	4	9	;	3	2		13	7	5
a)	Which liquid is	neutral?						-		
h)	Which liquid is	he most a	cidic?							1 mark
									1 mark	
	c) Which liquid is the most alkaline? 1 mark									
d)	Name a substance									
	i) liquid A									
	ii) liquid B			_						2 marks
	eresa and Paul w					•				n alkali or
	utral. Theresa use ere are their result		us paper a	nd P	aul u	sed univ	ersal	indica	ator.	
subs	tance Theresa	using red	litmus nai	ner	sub	stance	Paul	Lusino	n universa	al indicator
	A I	remained		-		A			ed to ligh	
	В	turned bl				В			ged to dar	
	C	remained				С			anged to	
		Terriairiea	100			0			unged to	
Which	of the 3 substan	ces was?								
an aci	d									
an alk	ali									
neutra	1									
ncuna										3 marks
4) It i	s night time and	here are th	ree peopl	eА,	B an	d C.				
Í	Light (?			7		4
	Buzzer							V		^
					A			В		C
a)	For which perso	n A, B and	C, would	l the	light	be the h	right	test?		 1 mark
b)	For which perso	n A, B and	C, would	l the	buzz	er be the	e quie	etest?		
c)	Draw one ray of	light from	the lamp	to o	ne leg	g of pers	on A.			1 mark

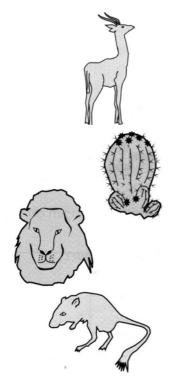
2) Chris is given seven different liquids and he finds their pH number.

5) The picture below shows Susan and David playing 'pin the tail on the donkey'.



	a)	Name one luminous of	bject you can see in the	picture.	
	ŕ				1 mark
	a)	Name one non-lumin	ous object you can see if	the picture.	 1 mark
	b)	Why is Susan unable t	to see where she must pin	n the tail on the donkey?	т шатк
					1 mark
6)		field is a habitat of ma		wers, trees, birds, mice an	nd hedgehogs.
	a)	What is the meaning o	of the word habitat ?		
					2 marks
	b)	Some insects and worm worms to eat. Mice also eat plants. H	_	s or trees. Birds look for i	nsects and
		Using the above inform	mation write two food ch	nains with 3 living things	in each.
		i)	®	R	
					2 marks
		ii)	R	®	
		,			2 marks
	c)	From your food chain	s find:		
		i) one producer			
		i) one producer			1 mark
		ii) one prey			1 1
		iii) one predator			1 mark
					1 mark

7) These living things are adapted to live in hot, dry countries. Draw lines to match each living thing with one of its adaptations.



It has spines instead of leaves to stop animals eating it.

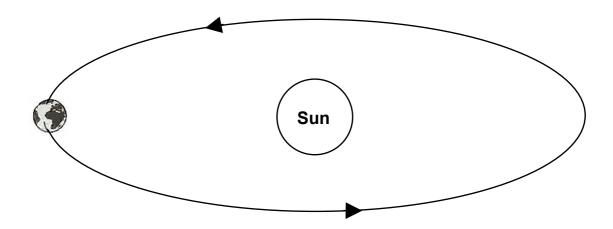
It runs fast and has sharp teeth to kill prey.

Lives in a burrow during the hot part of the day.

It runs fast to avoid danger

4 marks

8) The following diagram shows the Earth going round the Sun.



a) What do we call the line marked with arrows?

1mark

b) How long does the Earth take to move round the Sun once?

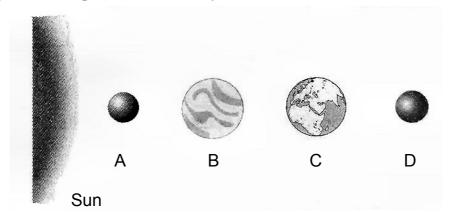
1 mark

c) On the diagram draw the Earth's Moon and show the path along which it moves.

2 marks

d) On the diagram draw and label the planet Venus and the path along which it travels.

9) The diagram shows part of our Solar System.

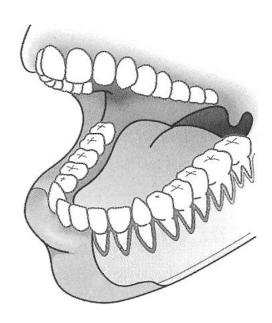


a)	What is the name of planet A?	
b)	Write the correct letter near each question.	1 mark
	i) Which planet is Mars?ii) On which of the above planets do we live?iii) Which is the hottest planet?	1 mark 1 mark 1 mark
	rite True or False near each of the following statements.	
ŕ	In our Solar System there are 11 planets. The biggest planet is Jupiter.	
c) d)	The two planets nearest to Earth are Venus and Mars. All planets are very cold.	
e)	Earth is the smallest planet.	
f) g)	The Earth takes 24 hours to spin once on its axis. Pluto is the planet nearest to the Sun.	
h)	The Moon takes 28 days to orbit the Earth.	8 marks

11)These are	e some of the nutri	ents which make u	p a balanced diet.	
proteir	ns fibre	water	carbohydrat	es vitamins
a) i) Na	me two nutrients	from the above list	that are abundant in	fish.
1.			2.	
ii) N	ame two nutrients	from the above list	t that are not abundar	2 marks nt in fish.
1.		2	•	
h) Name	e two more nutrien	its that are not in th	ne list	2 marks
,				
1	•		2	 2 marks
,	h off these sentence	es by choosing the	nave problems with y correct phrase from memory loss	rour health. the box below.
	_		sease greasy	
ii) To iii) N	oo much fat can ca ot enough carbohy	drates can cause		
				4 marks

12) This picture shows a set of adult teeth.

Label one incisor, one canine and one molar.



Tick the correct statement in these pairs.	CS.	
Both gases are transparent.		
Oxygen is transparent, Hydrogen is green.		1 mark
Hydrogen is found in air.		
Oxygen is found in air.		1 mark
Hydrogen has a bad smell.		1 mwm
Both gases have no smell.		1 mark
Only oxygen is needed for things to burn.		1 mark
Both gases help things to burn.		1 morts
14)New materials are often made by heating one reaction takes place.Tick the three boxes which show a chemic		1 mark a chemical
Heating wax to make it melt		
Heating the ingredients of a cake in an ov	en	
Boiling a kettle filled with water		
Grilling some bread to make toast		
Burning gas on a stove		3 marks
15)Mary was given a test tube of oxygen and a test them. She had to find out in which test tube to She put a lighted splint in each test tube. The diagrams below show her results.		at a label on
a) Which test tube contained hydrogen?		1 mark
b) Explain what happened.		

Af the	ne lighted a candle and placed a beaker upside down on top. fter a few seconds the candle went out and there was smoke inside e beaker. ne knew that oxygen is needed for things to burn.	
a)	Why did the candle stop burning?	
		l mark
b)	The smoke produced, also contains a gas called carbon dioxide. Where does the carbon dioxide come from: Put a tick near the correct answer.	
	from the beaker and the air inside	
	from the air outside the beaker	
	from the candle and the air inside	11
c)	Complete this word equation.	1 mark
	+ oxygen → carbon dioxide	
		2 marks
17)He	enry is sledging down a snow – covered hill when he hits a patch of grass.	
	Snow	
a)	Draw an arrow to show the direction in which the sledge is moving . Label it	
b)	Draw an arrow to show the direction in which friction is acting. Label it B.	1 mark
c)	What happens to the frictional force on the sledge when it hits the grass? Tick the correct answer.	1 mark
	it remains the same	
	it gets smaller	
	it gets bigger	
d)	What happens to the speed of the sledge when it hits the grass? Tick the correct answer.	1 mark
	it remains the same	
	it becomes less	
	it becomes more	1 mark

18) James rides a motorbike to work everyday.

The diagram shows two forces that affect its movement.



Complete these sentences by choosing the correct phrase or word from the box below.

increasing	smaller than	equal to
bigger than	decreasing	

a) When the bike is **speeding up**, the forward force is

the air resistance.

b) When the bike is moving at a steady speed, the forward force is

_____ the air resistance.

c) When the bike is **slowing down**, the forward force is

the air resistance.

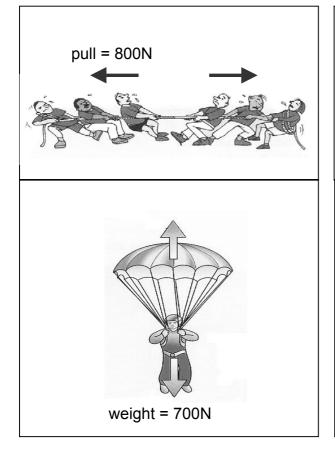
3 marks

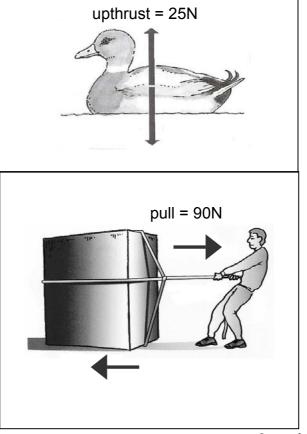
19)In each of the diagrams below, the forces are shown by 2 arrows.

The two forces are balanced.

On each diagram,

- write the name of the other force.
- write the size of the other force in newtons





8 marks

20) Match the clues in the first column to the words in the last column. Write the correct number in the middle column.

clues	matching words
part of the ear connected to the brain	air
vibrations can pass through gases like this	vacuum
3. these vibrate when a violin is played	bones
4. sound cannot pass through this	nerve
5. when sound enters the ear, this part vibrates first	deaf
6. in the middle ear there are three small	noise
7. someone who cannot hear is called like this	strings
8. unwanted sound is called pollution	eardrum