## X228/201

NATIONAL QUALIFICATIONS 2007 WEDNESDAY, 6 JUNE 9.00 AM - 11.00 AM SOCIOLOGY INTERMEDIATE 2

Candidates must answer **all** questions in Section A and Section B and **one** question from Section C.

Sections A and B are worth 25 marks each, and the questions in Section C are each worth 20 marks.

This gives a total of 70 marks for this question paper.





## SECTION A—Studying Human Society: The Sociological Approach

Candidates must answer **all** questions in this Section.

A1.	With reference to <b>one</b> example from any area of social life you have studied describe <b>one</b> difference between common sense and sociological		
	explanations of human social behaviour.	3	KU
A2.	Describe <b>two</b> key features of Feminism.	4	KU
A3.	Describe <b>two</b> strengths of Action Theory.	4	KU
A4.	Explain <b>one</b> similarity and <b>one</b> difference between Marxism and Feminism.	6	AE
A5.	Participant observation is a research method that uses primary sources of data. Describe <b>one</b> key feature of this research method.	2	KU
A6.	Explain <b>one</b> advantage and <b>one</b> disadvantage of using written evidence as a research method.	6	AE
		(25)	

Marks Code

Section B—Socialisation			
Candidates must answer <b>all</b> questions in this Section.		Marks	Code
B1.	<ul><li>Describe what sociologists mean by each of the following terms:</li><li>values</li></ul>		
	• social norms.	4	KU
B2.	Choose <b>one</b> social norm and explain the way in which this social norm is different in <b>two</b> contrasting cultures.	2 4	KU AE
B3.	Choose <b>two</b> social roles from UK culture and explain one way in which <b>each</b> role is different in a contrasting culture you have studied.	6	AE
B4.	Describe both sides of the nature versus nurture debate.	4	KU
в5.	Choose <b>one</b> primary agent of socialisation and <b>one</b> secondary agent of socialisation. Describe <b>one</b> way in which <b>each</b> agent of socialisation contributes to the socialisation process.	5	KU
		(25)	

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Marks Code

Answer **one** question from **C1–C5**.

C1. Social Class: Analyse how the distribution of wealth and income affects social class and social mobility in the UK.

In your answer you should:

- give an introduction in which you describe the importance of social 12 KU stratification and social class. AE
- explain and evaluate the link between social class and social mobility. 8
- C2. **Gender**: Analyse the link between the biological notion of sex and the socially constructed notion of gender and how this may lead to social inequality.

In your answer you should:

- give an introduction in which you describe the importance of social 12 KU stratification and gender. 8 AE explain and evaluate the link between gender and social inequality.
- C3. **Race and Ethnicity**: Analyse the role of the mass media in the formation of stereotypes of ethnic groups which could affect social mobility.

In your answer you should:

- give an introduction in which you describe the importance of social KU stratification and race and ethnicity. 12 explain and evaluate the link between race and ethnicity and social
- 8 mobility.
- C4. Age: Analyse the implications of changes in the age structure of modern society and how these could lead to social inequality in the UK.

In your answer you should:

- give an introduction in which you describe the importance of social stratification and age. 12
- explain and evaluate the link between age and social inequality. • 8 AE
- C5. **Disability**: Analyse how discrimination in education and employment can affect the life chances, leading to social inequality, of disabled people in the UK.

In your answer you should:

give an introduction in which you describe the importance of social stratification and **disability**. 12 KU explain and evaluate the link between disability and social inequality. 8 AE

(20)

AE

KU

## [END OF QUESTION PAPER]