X228/12/01

NATIONAL QUALIFICATIONS 9.00 AM - 11.40 AM 2012

FRIDAY, 8 JUNE

SOCIOLOGY HIGHER

Candidates must answer **all** questions in Section A and Section B and **one** question from Section C.

Section A is worth 40 marks, and each question in Sections B and C is worth 30 marks.

This gives a total of 100 marks for this question paper.





	Section A—Studying Human Society: The Sociological Approach		
	Answer all questions in this Section.	Marks	Code
A1.	Describe three differences between sociological and common sense explanations of human social behaviour.	6	KU
A2.	Describe two features of Weberian theory.	4	KU
A3.	Explain two differences between structural and action theories.	6	AE
A4.	Explain two strengths of Marxist theory.	6	AE
A5.	Describe two differences between consensus and conflict theories.	4	KU
A6.	Describe any two steps within the research process.	4	KU
A7.	Describe two disadvantages of using unstructured interviews as a research method.	4	KU
A8.	Explain one advantage and one disadvantage of using participant observation as a research method.	6 (40)	AE

Section B—Understanding Human Society 1

Marks Code

Answer this question.

B1. Education

To what extent is educational achievement affected by a person's ethnicity?	16	KU
Use two contrasting theories and relevant studies in your answer.	14	AE
	(30)	

[Turn over for SectionC on Page four

Section C—Understanding Human Society 2

Marks Code

Answer **one** question from C1, C2, C3 or C4.

C1. The Family

Marital breakdown is a common part of life in the twenty-first century.

Explain the extent to which marital breakdown has had an impact on the	16	KU
family. Use two contrasting theories and relevant studies in your answer.	14	AE
	(30)	

C2. Welfare and Poverty

Sociologists put forward differing explanations on the relationship between poverty and class.

Using two contrasting theories and relevant studies, evaluate sociological	16	\mathbf{KU}
explanations of the relationship between poverty and <i>class</i> .	14	AE
	(30)	

C3. Crime and Deviance

Sociologists provide contrasting explanations of the relationship between gender and crime and deviance.

Discuss two contrasting theories that explain the relationship between		
gender and crime and deviance. Use relevant sociological studies to support	16	KU
your answer.	14	AE
	(30)	

C4. Mass Media

There are competing sociological views on the power, influence and role of the mass media.

Explain the role of ownership and control of the mass media. Evaluate two	16	KU
contrasting theories and relevant studies to support your argument.	14	AE

(30)

[END OF QUESTION PAPER]