## 2012 Science

## Standard Grade Credit

## Finalised Marking Instructions

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## Credit Level

Marking Scheme
Please note that FRACTIONAL marks should NOT be awarded for responses to questions on this paper.

|  |  | Space for Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 (a) (i) Cartilage | KU1 |  |
| (ii) Bronchi | KU1 |  |
| (b) Capillaries | KU1 |  |
| (c) Idea of <br> Mucus/(sticky) substance which traps dirt 1 mark Cilia/(small) hairs which brush (or similar) mucus/dirt upwards/out <br> 1 mark <br> Mention of mucus and cilia only <br> 1 mark | KU2 |  |
| 2 (a) (i) $\begin{aligned} & \text { Burning more fossil fuels/more cars/more factories } \\ & \text { Cutting down forests/deforestation } \\ & \text { Increasing (human) population }\end{aligned}$ | KU1 | Not: <br> More smoke, burning fossil fuels, cars/ fumes from cars, pollution |
| (ii) Any two from Melting of (polar) ice caps (glaciers), flooding, rising sea levels, global warming (rising temperatures), more extreme weather patterns or example ( hurricanes, drought etc), climate change or example (more deserts) <br> 1 mark each | KU2 | Not: <br> Greenhouse effect <br> Acid rain <br> Damage to the ozone layer |
| (b) Ozone | KU1 |  |


|  |  |  |  | Space for Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $3$ | Polyurethane <br> carbon monoxide/CO <br> burns/damages the lungs/respiratory system | 1 mark each | KU3 | Not: affects the lungs, lung disease, lung failure |
| 4 | Any two from <br> leave for longer repeat (and average) more woodlice/lice/slaters different light intensities bigger tray black out the wall on the dark side | 1 mark each | PS2 | Not: <br> More trays unless qualified to indicate repeating |
| 5 (a) | 5 (catches fire easily) |  | KU1 |  |
| (b) | 2 (allows heat to pass through) |  | KU1 |  |
| (c) | 4 (bends without snapping) |  | KU1 |  |
| (d) | 6 (resists damage by impact) |  | KU1 |  |


|  |  |  | Space for Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6 <br> (a) | Any two from <br> Nausea, diarrhoea or bloating (build up of gas) <br> Two required for 1 mark | PS1 | Not: <br> Inability to digest lactose |
| (b) | Enables them to digest milk | PS1 | Not: because they drink a lot of milk |
| (c) | (Body begins to) produce less lactase or (Body) fails to produce (enough) lactase | PS1 | Not: because they drink less milk |
|  | (i) Idea of <br> Giving (a person) a drink with a high concentration of lactose | PS1 | Not: just given a drinkjust given lactose |
|  | (ii) Lactose intolerance test involves analysing blood samples or <br> Hydrogen breath test involves analysing breath samples <br> or <br> One tests the blood and the other tests the breath | PS1 |  |
| (e) | May cause diarrhoea and (severe) dehydration | PS1 |  |


|  |  |  | Space for Notes |
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| $7$ <br> (a) | As zinc increases, the hardness increases or As copper increases, the hardness decreases (or vice versa) | PS1 | Not: <br> (Tensile) strength or MPa related to hardness <br> "Units" for hardness <br> Accept: <br> Hardness and (tensile) strength together (ignore reference to strength) <br> e.g. As zinc increases, the hardness and tensile strength increase. |
| (b) | Between 280 and 357 | PS1 |  |
| 8 <br> (a) | Any one from <br> Disease, migration, climatic change (e.g. drought), habitat interference (e.g. deforestation, building houses), food/prey, water, space, predators/hunting, waste | KU1 | Not: <br> natural disasters (given in question) e.g. hurricanes, forest fires pollution |
| (b) | population | KU1 |  |
| $9 \quad$ (a) | anodising | KU1 |  |
| (b) | electroplating | KU1 |  |
| (c) | waterproofing | KU1 |  |
| (d) | galvanising | KU1 |  |


|  |  |  | Space for Notes |
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| $10$ <br> (a) | Any two from the idea of <br> As the light intensity increases, (the number of) wood sorrel decreases <br> (or vice versa) <br> As the light intensity increases,( the number of) daisies increases <br> (or vice versa) <br> As the light intensity increases, (the number of) clover plants increases <br> (or vice versa) | PS2 | Not: <br> The higher the light intensity, the more plants <br> Conclusions from bar graph or table alone <br> Conclusions that refer to one set of data (e.g. at light intensity 10 there are more plants) <br> Accept: <br> Conclusions 2 and 3 combined in one sentence for 2 marks (As the light intensity increases,(the number of) daisies and clover plants increase) |
| (b) | 10 | PS1 |  |
| (c) | Any answer between 8 and 15 | PS1 |  |
| $11$ <br> (a) | 5 (oxides of nitrogen) and 6 (sulphur dioxide) <br> 1 mark each | KU2 |  |
| (b) | 2 (carbon monoxide) | KU1 |  |


|  |  |  | Space for Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 2}$ | iron pyrites air (any order) <br> oxygen <br> sulphur trioxide <br> absorber sulphuric acid | PS2 |  |
| $\mathbf{1 3}$ | (a)All correct, 2 marks <br> distillation 5 correct, 1 mark | Both required | KU1 |
| (b)Test drilling and gravity survey (any order) |  |  |  |
| $\mathbf{1 4}$ | Any two from the idea of cost of <br> protection <br> repair <br> replacement parts <br> additional labour <br> lost production | KU2 |  |

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|  |  |  | Space for Notes |
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| 15 (a) | Idea of <br> As age increases, the number of people/men/women treated for heart disease increases <br> (At any age) more men are treated for heart disease than women | PS2 | Accept: <br> References to being treated without mention of heart disease <br> or <br> References to heart disease without being treated <br> eg <br> As age increases, more people get heart disease More men get treated |
| (b) | 40 correct answer 2 marks <br> $16 \%$ of 250 giving incorrect answer 1 mark <br> $50(20 \%$ of $250-$ men $)$ 1 mark <br> $27.5(11 \%$ of 250$)$ 1 mark <br> $12.5(5 \%$ of 250$)$ 1 mark <br> $2.5(1 \%$ of 250$)$ 1 mark | PS2 | Accept: answers from space for working |
| $16$ | Stronger/bigger/more magnets <br> Rotate it faster <br> 1 mark each | KU2 | Not: <br> More turns/coils of wire (given in question) |
| $17$ | 35 2 marks <br> 180 1 mark | PS2 | Accept: <br> answers from space for working <br> Not: <br> 36 (average) |

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|  |  |  |  |  |  | Space for Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 18 | (a) | Labe <br> Lege <br> Bars | ear scale from zero on $y$-axis abels (or key) on $x$-axis orrectly | 1 mark <br> 1 mark <br> 1 mark | PS3 | If scale is not linear or does not begin at zero maximum 1 mark for legend and labels or key <br> Bars for Tartan Oil Field must be shown between 170 and 180/ 100 and 110 <br> Accept: superimposed bars <br> Not: stacked bars |
|  | (b) | $\begin{aligned} & 40 \\ & 70 \end{aligned}$ | 2 marks <br> 1 mark |  | PS2 | Accept: answers from space for working |
| 19 |  | D |  |  | KU1 |  |
|  | (a) | haemoglobin |  |  | KU1 |  |
|  | (b) | Clotting (of blood)/seal cuts |  |  | KU1 | Accept: <br> Heals cuts <br> Forms scab Clogs the blood/cut <br> Not: <br> Covers the cut |
| (c) |  | $B$ (immunisation) |  |  | KU1 |  |


| 21 | (a) 4.2 |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | (b) $\quad$ calcite | PS1 |  |  |
|  | (c) $\quad$ Bauxite and rocksalt | PS1 | Apply cancelling errors if other answers given |  |
|  | (d) 1500 | Poth required | PS1 | Apply cancelling errors if other answers given |
|  |  | PS1 |  |  |
| 22 | (a) 3 | KU1 | Accept: <br> values in the range of 3 to 3.5 inclusive |  |
| (b) Lead-212 | KU1 | Accept: <br> Lead <br> Not: |  |  |



[END OF MARKING INSTRUCTIONS]

