

2013 Modern Studies

Intermediate 1

Finalised Marking Instructions

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Part One: General Marking Principles for Modern Studies Intermediate 1

This information is provided to help you understand the general principles you must apply when marking candidate responses to questions in this Paper. These principles must be read in conjunction with the specific Marking Instructions for each question.

- (a) Marks for each candidate response must <u>always</u> be assigned in line with these general marking principles and the specific Marking Instructions for the relevant question. If a specific candidate response does not seem to be covered by either the principles or detailed Marking Instructions, and you are uncertain how to assess it, you must seek guidance from your Team Leader/Principal Assessor.
- (b) Marking should always be positive ie, marks should be awarded for what is correct and not deducted for errors or omissions.

GENERAL MARKING ADVICE: Modern Studies Intermediate 1

The marking schemes are written to assist in determining the "minimal acceptable answer" rather than listing every possible correct and incorrect answer. The following notes are offered to support Markers in making judgements on candidates' evidence, and apply to marking both end of unit assessments and course assessments.

- 1. Markers are asked to ensure that marks are recorded directly opposite the last line of a candidate's response. All other marks/notes by the marker should be outwith the marks columns.
- 2. 'List type' answers to **OUTCOME 1** questions at Intermediate 1 Level, if accurate, should be awarded a maximum of 2 marks.
- 3. It is strongly emphasised that the references in the marking instructions indicating expected responses are for guidance only and **MUST NOT BE VIEWED AS PRESCRIPTIVE**. The performance of candidates is measured against the syllabus, outcomes and performance criteria as it is against these, rather than a checklist of responses, that they should be assessed

Total Marks Available – 60

Part Two: Marking Instructions for each Question

Section A – Political Issues in the United Kingdom

Study Theme 1A – Government and Decision Making in Scotland

| Qu | Question | | Expected Answer/s | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|----|----------|--|--|-------------|---------------------|
| 1 | а | | Pressure groups use a variety of methods to get their point of view across to the government. Describe two methods pressure groups use to get their point of view across to government. | | |
| | | | Award up to three marks for each description depending upon quality, relevance, accuracy and exemplification. For full marks two descriptions must be given. Credit reference to aspects of the following: Demonstrations/protests/rallies Direct action Petitions including e-petitions Media campaigns including newspapers/television/internet/social media Letter writing campaign Use of lobbyists Any other valid point | 4 LO1 | |

| Qu | Question | | Expected Answer/s | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|----|----------|--|--|-------------|---------------------|
| 1 | b | | Local councils provide services for their local areas. | | |
| | | | Describe two services local councils provide for their local areas. | | |
| | | | Award up to three marks for each description depending upon quality, relevance, accuracy and exemplification. | 4 LO1 | |
| | | | For full marks two descriptions must be given. | | |
| | | | Credit reference to aspects of the following: | | |
| | | | Social housing Education Environmental health Social work. | | |
| | | | Any other valid point | | |

| Qu | estic | on | Expected Answer/s | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|----|-------|----|---|-------------|---------------------|
| 1 | с | | Some people want Scotland to become an independent country. Give one reason why some people want Scotland to become an independent country. AND Give one reason why some people do not want Scotland to become an independent country. | | |
| | | | Award up to three marks for each explanation depending upon quality, relevance, accuracy and exemplification and which shows various factors interacting. For full marks both sides of argument must be given. Credit reference to aspects of the following: Want independence: Gain complete control over Scottish affairs Power over financial matters eg tax and benefits Able to gain benefits of Scotland's resources Scotland is different from rest of UK – should be reflected in independence. Do not want independence: Would lead to break up of UK after many hundreds of years Scotland may be worse off financially Devolution/Scottish Parliament is best way to run Scottish affairs ie control over some matters Could be disruptive and create instability. | 4 LO1 | |

| Qu | Question | | Expected Answer/s | | Ma: Mar | | onal Guidance |
|-----|----------|--|---|--|------------|----------------------------|-------------------|
| 1 d | | | Study the information below, then a Profile of the Scottish Parliament | | | | May 2011 |
| | | | | Before Elec May 201 | | After Election May 2011 | ו: |
| | | | Total number of MSPs | 129 | | 129 | |
| | | | Type of Government | Minority: S | SNP | Majority: SNF | 2 |
| | | | First Minister | Alex Salmo | ond | Alex Salmond | k |
| | | | SNP MSPs | 46 | | 69 | |
| | | | Labour MSPs | 44 | | 37 | |
| | | | Conservative MSPs | 20 | | 15 | |
| | | | Liberal Democrat MSPs | 17 | | 5 | _ |
| | | | Green MSPs | 2 | | 2 | |
| | | | Study the information and write dow and after the election in May 2011. Your answer must be based only or Award up to two marks for each diff | the information | | | Parliament before |
| | | | Award up to two marks for each difficulty in the election of each difficulty interacting. Credit reference to aspects of the formarks a majority SNP Government, while after the was a majority SNP Government. Before the election there were 4 MSPs, while after the election there were 4 MSPs, after the election there were 4 MSPs, after the election from 17 | accuracy bus factors Illowing: d a minority e election it t 6 SNP here were 23 4 Labour here were ase of 7 SPs fell by 5 Democrat | LO2 | | |

| Qu | estior | n Expected Answer/s | Max Mark | Additional Guidance | | | | | |
|----|--------|--|--|---------------------------|------------------|--|--|--|--|
| 1 | e | Study Sources 1 and 2 below, then answer question which follows. | r the | | | | | | |
| | | SOU | RCE 1 | | | | | | |
| | | Selected Devolved and | Reser | ved Matte | ers | | | | |
| | | Devolved to the Scottish Parliament | Rese | erved to th | ne UK Parliament | | | | |
| | | Health | | ign Policy | | | | | |
| | | Education | Defe | | | | | | |
| | | Social work | | gration | - | | | | |
| | | Housing Local Government | | Constitutio se of Drug | | | | | |
| | | The Environment | | se or Drug fit levels | 5 | | | | |
| | | Tourism and Sport | Abor | | | | | | |
| | | SOU | RCE 2 | | | | | | |
| | | Result of survey about the benefits of Scotland being in the United Kingdom | | | | | | | |
| | | | | Result fro Scotland | | | | | |
| | | Both Scotland and England benefit | | | | | | | |
| | | equally from Scotland being in the UK | | 40% | 27% | | | | |
| | | England benefits more | | 32% | 8% | | | | |
| | | Scotland benefits more | | 21% | 54% | | | | |
| | | Don't know | | 7% | 11% | | | | |
| | | Statements at | oout D | evolution | | | | | |
| | | The Scottish Parliament can make de | cisions | about sch | nools | | | | |
| | | The Scottish Parliament can make de | | | | | | | |
| | | A majority of Scottish people think Englished UK. | | | • | | | | |
| | | | A majority of people in England think Scotland benefits more from Scotland | | | | | | |
| | | Give two examples of exaggeration from statements about devolution. For each example give one reason to explainly why it is exaggerated. Your answer must be based only on the information above. | | | | | | | |

| Questio | Expected Answer/s | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|---------|--|-------------|---------------------|
| 1 e | cont | | |
| | Award one mark for each correct identification of an example of exaggeration and one mark for each valid and accurate explanation. Credit reference to aspects of the following: <i>"The Scottish Parliament can make decisions about immigration"</i> is exaggerated because: Immigration is a matter reserved to the UK Parliament. <i>"A majority of Scottish people think England benefits more from Scotland being in the UK"</i> is exaggerated because: Only 32% of Scottish people think England benefits more from having Scotland in the UK – this is only about one third. | 4 LO2 | |

| Que | estion | Expected Answer/s | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|-----|--------|---|-------------|---------------------|
| 2 | а | Newspapers and television report about UK elections differently. | | |
| | | Describe two differences between the way newspapers and television report about UK elections. | | |
| | | Award up to three marks for each description depending upon quality, relevance, accuracy and exemplification. | 4 LO1 | |
| | | For full marks two descriptions must be given. | | |
| | | Credit reference to aspects of the following: | | |
| | | Television is more immediate, 24 hour broadcasting, while newspapers take longer to print news eg up to 24 hours later Newspapers may display political bias while television must be politically neutral Television can show moving pictures and broadcast sound while newspapers are limited to print and static images Newspapers may provide more detailed coverage than television. | | |
| | | Any other valid point | | |
| 2 | b | The House of Lords plays a part in decision making in the UK. Describe two ways the House of Lords plays a part in decision making in the UK. | | |
| | | Award up to three marks for each description depending upon quality, relevance, accuracy and exemplification. | 4 LO1 | |
| | | For full marks two descriptions must be given. | | |
| | | Credit reference to aspects of the following: | | |
| | | Part of law making process – most bills must pass through the House of Lords before becoming laws Additional time to consider and revise bills Checks the power of the House of Commons Allows people with ability and expertise to be appointed. | | |
| | | Any other valid point | | |

Study Theme 1B – Government and Decision Making in Central Government

| Qu | estic | on | Expected Answer/s | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|----|-------|----|---|-------------|---------------------|
| 2 | С | | Some people think that coalition government is a good way to run the country. Give one reason why some people think that coalition government is a good way to run the country. | | |
| | | | AND Give one reason why some people think that coalition government is not a good way to run the country. | | |
| | | | Award up to three marks for each explanation depending upon quality, relevance, accuracy and exemplification and which shows various factors interacting. For full marks both sides of argument must be given. Credit reference to aspects of the following: Coalition is a good way to run the country because: More than one party represented, more expertise and larger proportion of public feel represented More likely to seek compromise and agreement between coalition partners so less extreme policies Coalition is a not a good way to run the country because: There may be disagreements and arguments between coalition partners leading to slower decision making Voters may not like compromise and feel government is weak and ineffective or that parties have broken election promises Credit exemplification from experience of Conservative/Lib Dem coalition; 2010 onwards, on either side of argument as appropriate. | 4 LO1 | |
| | | | | | |

| Qu | Question | | Expected Answer/s | | Max Mark | Additional Gui | dance |
|----|----------|--|--|------------------------|-------------|---------------------|-------|
| 2 | d | | Study the information below, then a Profile of the UK Parliament befo | | | | |
| | | | | Before Election | on: A | fter Election: May | |
| | | | | May 2010 | | 2010 | |
| | | | Total number of MPs | 646 | | 650 | |
| | | | Type of Government | Majority: Labo | ur | Coalition: | |
| | | | | | | Conservative/ | |
| | | | | | | Liberal Democrat | |
| | | | Prime Minister | Gordon Brow | n | David Cameron | |
| | | | Conservative MPs | 210 | | 306 | |
| | | | Labour MPs | 349 | | 258 | |
| | | | Liberal Democrat MPs | 62 | | 57 | |
| | | | SNP MPs | 6 | | 6 | |
| | | | Green MPs | 0 | | 1 | |
| | | | The information above gives inform election in May 2010. Study the information and write dow after the election in May 2010. Your answer must be based only or | n two differenc | es in tl | he UK Parliament be | |

| Qu | Question | | Expected Answer/s | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|----|----------|--|--|-------------|---------------------|
| 2 | d | | cont | | |
| | u | | Award up to two marks for each difference depending upon quality, relevance, accuracy and exemplification and shows various factors interacting. For full marks two pieces of evidence and both sources must be used. Credit reference to aspects of the following: Before the election there were 646 MPs while after the election there were 650 MPs – an increase of 4 Before the election, the UK had a majority Labour Government while after the election it was a coalition Conservative/Liberal Democrat Government Before the election flore were 210 Conservative MPs while after the election there were 306 Conservative MPs – a large increase Before the election there were 349 Labour MPs while after the election there were only 258 Labour MPs – a large decrease | 4 LO2 | |
| | | | were 57 Liberal Democrat MPs – a small decrease The number of Green MPs increased from none to one. | | |

| Qu | Question | | Expected Answer/s | | Max Mark | Add | litional Guidance | |
|----|----------|-----------------------|---|---------|------------------------|----------|------------------------|--|
| 2 | е | | udy Sources 1 and 2 below, then answer lestion which follows. | the | | | | |
| | | | SOUF | RCE 1 | | | | |
| | | | Selected Matters which the UK | Parli | ament de | cides o | on: | |
| | | F | or the whole of the UK | For I | England o | nly | | |
| | | | Foreign Policy | Heal | th | | | |
| | | | Defence | | cation | | | |
| | | | mmigration | | al work | | | |
| | | | he Constitution | Hous | U U | t | | |
| | | | /lisuse of Drugs Benefit levels | | l Governm Environme | | | |
| | | | bortion | | ism and Sp | | | |
| | | | SOURCE 2 | | | | | |
| | | | Result of survey about the benefits of Scotland being in the United Kingdom | | | | | |
| | | | | | Result fro Scotland | | Result from England | |
| | | B | Both Scotland and England benefit | | | | | |
| | | | equally from Scotland being in the UK | | 40% | | 27% | |
| | | | ngland benefits more | | 32% | | 8% | |
| | | | Scotland benefits more | | 21% | | 54% | |
| | | | Don't know | | 7% | | 11% | |
| | | | Statements about the Un | ited k | Kingdom F | Parliam | ent | |
| | | • | The UK Parliament can make decision | s abo | ut schools | in the v | whole of the UK. | |
| | | • | The UK Parliament decides about imm | igratio | on for the v | vhole of | f the UK. | |
| | | • | A majority of Scottish people think Eng the UK. | land k | penefits mo | ore from | n Scotland being in | |
| | | • | A majority of people in England think Scotland benefits more from Scotland being in the UK. | | | | | |
| | | sta Fo wh Yo | ve two examples of exaggeration from the two examples of exaggeration from the two exempts about the UK Parliament. For each example give one reason to explainly it is exaggerated. Four answer must be based only on the formation above. | | | | | |

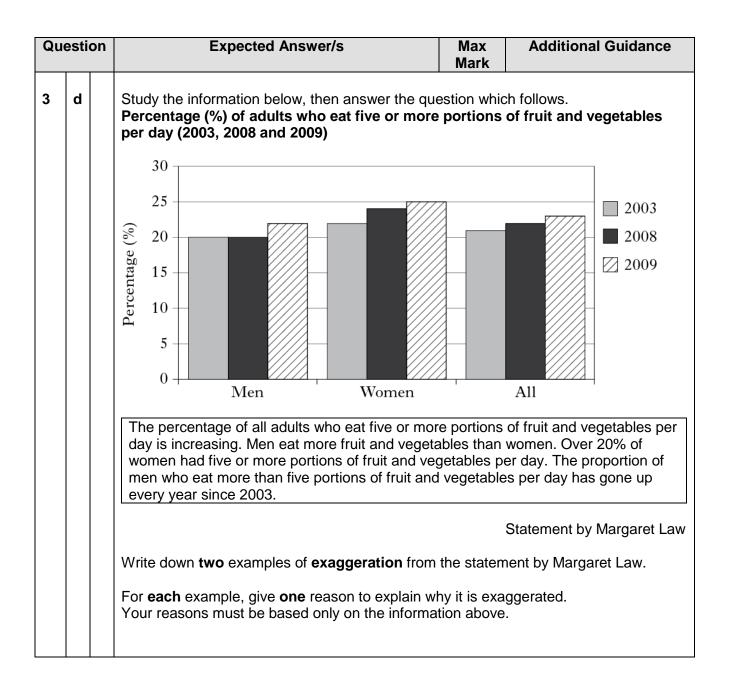
| Qu | Question | | Expected Answer/s | | Additional Guidance |
|----|----------|--|---|----------|---------------------|
| 2 | е | | Cont | | |
| | | | Award one mark for each correct identification of an example of exaggeration and one mark for each valid and accurate explanation. Credit reference to aspects of the following: <i>"The UK Parliament can make decisions about schools in the whole of the UK"</i> is exaggerated because: The UK Parliament can make decisions about education for England only. <i>"A majority of Scottish people think England benefits more from Scotland being in the UK"</i> is exaggerated because: Only 32% of Scottish people think England benefits more from having Scotland in the UK – this is only about one third. | 4 LO2 | |

Section B – Social Issues in the United Kingdom

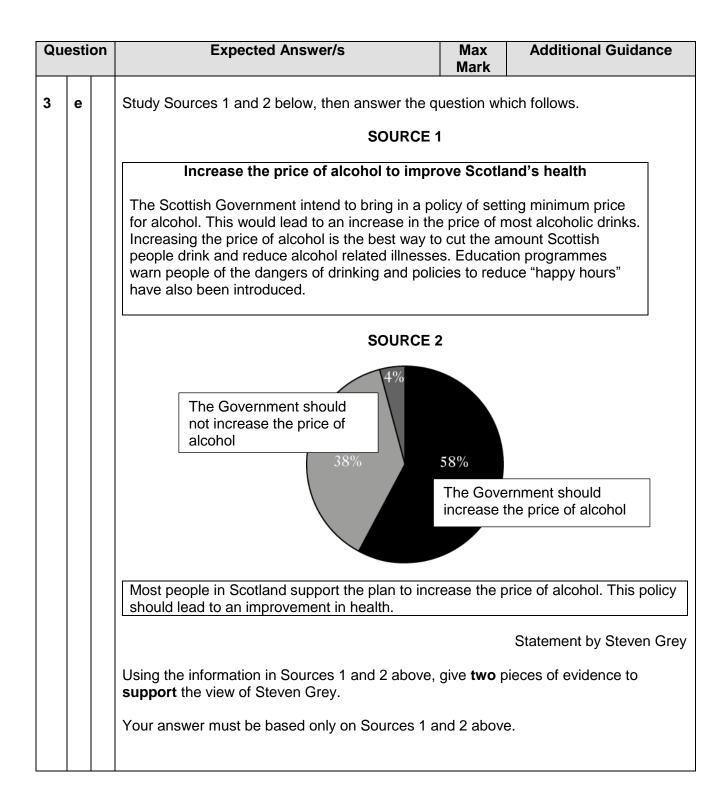
| Qu | Question | | Expected Answer/s | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|----|----------|--|--|-------------|---------------------|
| 3 | а | | Government provides help for families with children. | | |
| | | | Describe two ways government provides help for families with children. | | |
| | | | Award up to three marks for each description depending upon quality, relevance, accuracy and exemplification. | 4 LO1 | |
| | | | For full marks two descriptions must be given. | | |
| | | | Credit reference to aspects of the following: | | |
| | | | Child Benefit Clothing grant Free school meals EMA Child Tax Credit Education Sure Start Health Care. | | |
| | | | Any other valid point | | |
| 3 | b | | Poverty can lead to ill health. | | |
| | | | Give two reasons why poverty can lead to ill health. | | |
| | | | Award up to three marks for each explanation depending upon quality, relevance, accuracy and exemplification. | 4 LO1 | |
| | | | For full marks two explanations must be given. | | |
| | | | Credit reference to aspects of the following: | | |
| | | | Cheaper food options which are usually less healthy | | |
| | | | Turn to smoking/drinking/drugs as a means of escape | | |
| | | | Poor quality housing can cause health problem eg dampness can cause asthma Depression caused from lack of material goods and stress caused by poverty Low self-esteem leading to depression. | | |
| | | | Any other valid point | | |

| Qu | Question | | Expected Answer/s | | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|----|----------|--|--|---|--|--|
| 3 | c | | Study the information below, then answer to question which follows. You are an adviser to the Government. You have been asked to recommend whether the Government should increase the state pension age to 68 years. | | | |
| | | | Option 1 Increase the state pension age to 68 years. Life expectancy in the UK continues to rise each year. Most people at 65 years are happy to work for another few years. The Government cannot afford to pay the rising cost of pensions. | Do r to 64 • N v ii • H r v • E t | B years. Millions of e vait longer s increased (eeping wo neans fewo vorkers. Building wo hey may b | se the state pension age elderly people will have to for their pension if the age d. orkers longer in their jobs er jobs for younger orkers are concerned that e unable to continue st 65 years. |
| | | | Factfile on Pensions in the UK Many elderly in the UK today welcome to increase their pension fund. In 2010, life expectancy in Scotland ha years for women. 2.6 million women and 2.3 million mer age is increased. Government spending on pensions indexistence Workers employed in manual jobs are continue working until they are 68. Youth unemployment in the UK today Using the information above, you must de pension age to 68 years (Option 1) or no years (Option 2). Give two reasons to support your choice. In your answer, you must link the option Factfile on Pensions in the UK. | ad rise in in the crease conce is the cide v of to ir | en to 75-8 y e UK will b ed to over & erned they <u>highest it h</u> whether to ncrease th | vears for men and 80.4 e affected if the pension 2122 billion in 2011. will not be able to has been for years. increase the state e state pension age to 68 |

| Question | | on | Expected Answer/s | | Additional Guidance |
|----------|---|----|--|----------|---------------------|
| 3 | с | | Contin | | |
| | | | Award up to two marks for each correct piece of evidence depending upon quality of argument and evidence provided. Credit reference to aspects of the following: | 4 LO2 | |
| | | | Option 1 – Increase the State Pension age to 68 years | | |
| | | | Life expectancy in the UK continues to rise each year- In 2010 life expectancy in Scotland had risen to 75.8 years for men and 80.4 years for women Most people today at 65 years are happy to work for another few years – Many elderly in the UK today welcome the chance to work past 65 years in order to increase their pension fund The Government cannot afford to pay the rising cost of pensions – Government spending on pensions increased to over £122 billion in 2011. Option 2 – Do not increase the State Pension age to 68 years Millions of elderly people will have to wait longer for their pension if the age is increased – 2.6 million women and 2.3 million men in the UK will be affected if the pension age is increased Keeping workers longer in their jobs means fewer jobs for younger workers – Youth unemployment in the UK today is at the highest it has been for years Building workers are concerned that they may be unable to continue working past 65 years – Workers employed in manual jobs are concerned they will not be able to continue working until they are 68. | | |



| Qu | Question | | Expected Answer/s | | Additional Guidance |
|----|----------|--|---|----------|---------------------|
| 3 | d | | Contin | | |
| | | | Award one mark for each correct identification of an example of exaggeration and one mark for each valid and accurate explanation. Credit reference to aspects of the following: <i>"Men eat more fruit and vegetables than women"</i> is exaggerated because: The source shows that in every year women eat more fruit and vegetables than men eg in 2009, 25% of women had more than five portions of fruit and vegetables while only 22% of men did. <i>"The proportion of men who eat more than five portions of fruit and vegetables per day has gone up every year since 2003"</i> is exaggerated because: The source shows that in 2003, 20% of men consumed 5 a day which stayed the same in 2008 and only increased in 2009 to 22%. | 4 LO2 | |



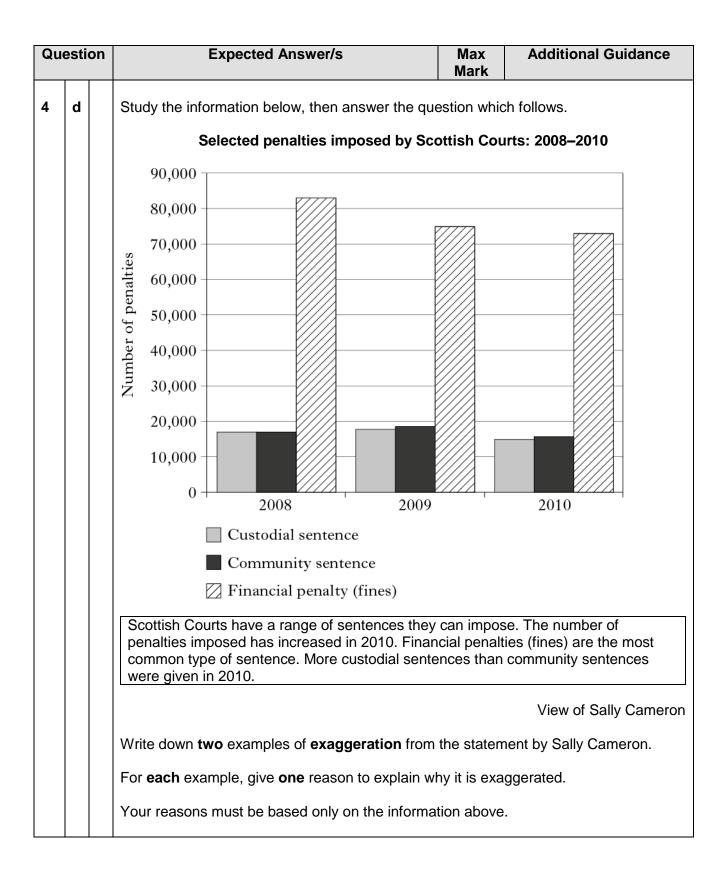
| Qu | Question | | Expected Answer/s | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|----|----------|--|--|-------------|---------------------|
| 3 | е | | Cont | | |
| | | | Award up to two marks for each correct piece of evidence depending upon quality, relevance, accuracy and exemplification and shows various factors interacting. For full marks two pieces of evidence must be given and reference must be made to the view. Credit reference to aspects of the following: "Most people in Scotland support the plan to increase the price of alcohol." 58% said the Government should increase the price of alcohol (Source 2) "This policy should lead to an improvement in health." Increasing the price of alcohol is the best way to cut the amount Scottish people drink and reduce alcohol related illness. (Source 1) | 4 LO2 | |

| Study Theme | 2B: Crime | and the Law | in Society |
|--------------------|-----------|-------------|--|
| | | | ···· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |

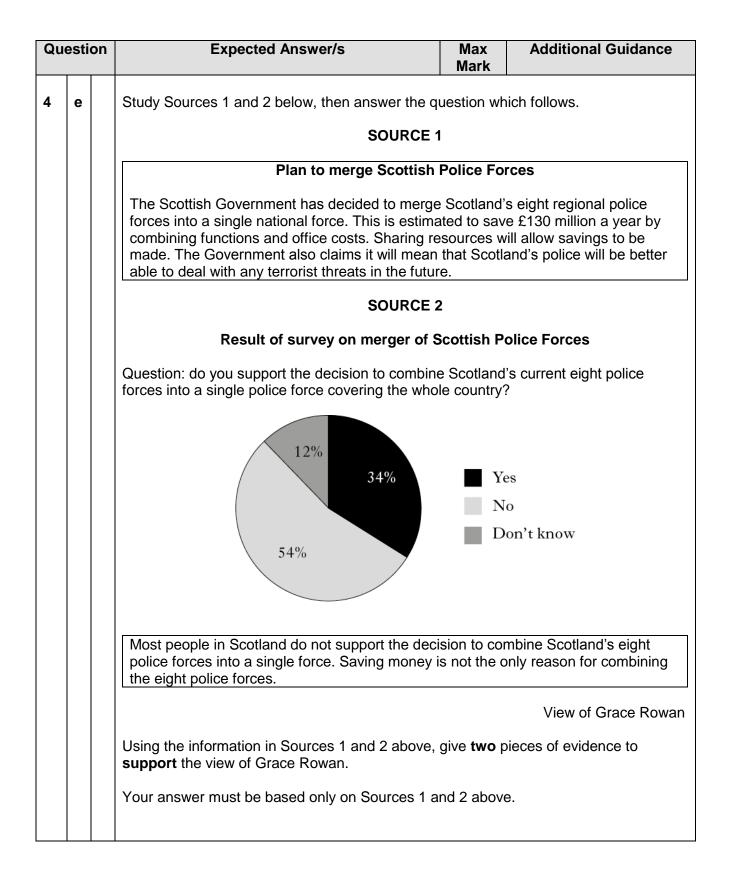
| Qu | Question | | Expected Answer/s | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|----|----------|--|--|-------------|---------------------|
| 4 | а | | The police in Scotland are organised into a number of different branches. Describe the work of two branches of the police in Scotland. | | |
| | | | Award up to three marks for each description depending upon quality, relevance, accuracy and exemplification. For full marks two descriptions must be given. Credit reference to aspects of the following: Police on beat/community police officers Forensic unit CID Dog Branch Mounted Branch. Any other valid point | 4 LO1 | |
| 4 | b | | Children may be referred to the Children's Panel (Children's Hearing System) for a number of reasons. Give two reasons why children may be referred to the Children's Panel. | | |
| | | | Award up to three marks for each explanation depending upon quality, relevance, accuracy and exemplification. For full marks two explanations must be given. Credit reference to aspects of the following: Non/poor-attendance at school In trouble with the police Parental neglect Out of parental control. Any other valid point | 4 LO1 | |

| Qu | estic | n Expected Answer/s | Expected Answer/s | | Additional Guidance |
|----|-------|---|--|--|---|
| 4 | c | Study the information below, then answer question which follows. You are an adviser to the Scottish Govern You have been asked to decide whether r money should be spent on prisons or whe more money should be spent on alternativ prisons. | ment. nore .her | | |
| | | Option 1 The Scottish Government should spend more money on prisons. Scotland's prisons are overcrowded. Alternatives to prison do not always work. Taking away someone's freedom is a good form of punishment. | spe pri: | Alternative option. Having a c keeps fam Over half c | Option 2 Government should noney on alternatives to s to prison are a cheaper onvicted person at home ilies together. of criminals re-offend after ased from prison. |
| | | Factfile on Criminal Justice in Scotlar The daily average of Scotland's priso prisons are designed to hold 7,330 p A parent being held in prison can have The cost of keeping someone in prise £2,718, which is the cost of the altern Most criminals in Scotland's prisons Many people commit crimes while or Victims of crime need to see that crime | n populisonelle e a se in for ative o lave p Comr | rs. prious effect 16 weeks is of electronic revious cor nunity Serv | t on family life. £9,760, compared to c tagging. nvictions. rice Orders. |
| | | Using the information above, you must d Scottish Government should spend more recommend that the Scottish Government alternatives to prisons (Option 2). Give two reasons to support your choice. In your answer, you must link the option Factfile on Criminal Justice in Scotland Your answer must be based only on the in | re mo ent sh you o | oney on pri could spen | sons (Option 1) or to d more money on |

| Questio | n Expected Answer/s | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|---------|--|-------------|---------------------|
| 4 c | Contin | | |
| | Award up to two marks for each correct piece of evidence depending upon quality of argument and evidence provided. Credit reference to aspects of the following: Option 1 – The Scottish Government should spend more money on prisons Scotland's prisons are overcrowded – The daily average of Scotland's prison population was 7,853 in 2011. Scotland's prisons are designed to hold 7,330 prisoners Alternatives to prison do not always work – Many people commit crimes while on community service orders Taking away someone's freedom is a good form of punishment – Victims of crime need to see that criminals have been punished. Option 2 - The Scottish Government should spend more money on alternatives to prison for 16 weeks is £9,760 compared to £2,718 which is the cost of the alternative of electronic tagging Having a convicted person at home keeps families together – A parent being held in prison can have a serious effect on family life Over half of criminals re-offend after being released from prison – most criminals in Scotland's prisons. | 4 LO2 | |



| Qu | Question | | Expected Answer/s | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|----|----------|--|--|-------------|-----------------------------|
| 4 | d | | Contin | | |
| | | | Award one mark for each correct identification of an example of exaggeration and one mark for each explanation. Credit reference to aspects of the following: <i>"The number of penalties imposed has increased in 2010"</i> is exaggerated because: Fewer penalties were imposed in all categories in 2010 compared with 2008 and 2009 eg 16,934 custodial sentences in 2009 down to 15,733 in 2010. <i>"More custodial sentences than community sentences were given in 2010"</i> is exaggerated because: In 2009 and 2010, the number of community sentences by about 500. | 4 LO2 | Accept approximate figures. |

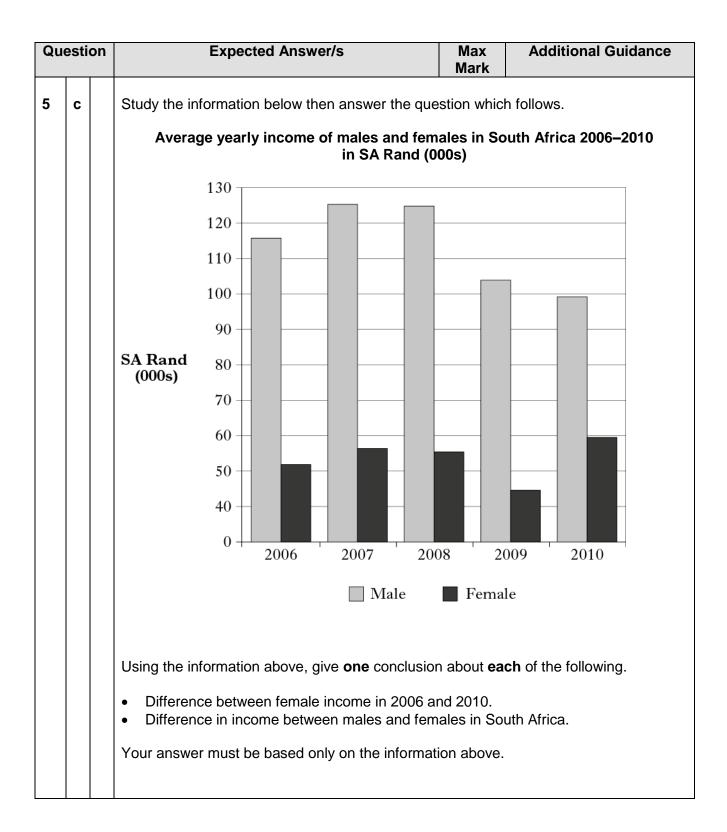


| evidence depending | s for each correct piece of 4 |
|--|---|
| evidence depending | |
| given and reference in Credit reference to as "Most people in Sco decision to combine forces into a single Source 2 shows 54% not support the plan the eight police forces into "Saving money is in combining the eight Source 1 states, " | of people said they do combine Scotland's a single force. |

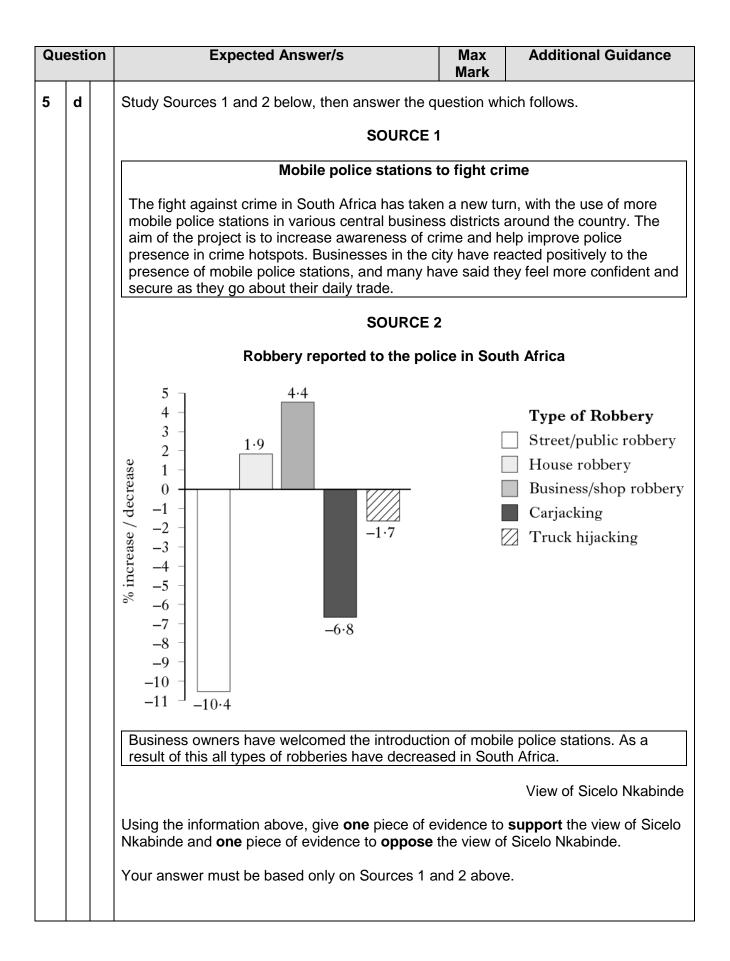
Study Theme 3A – The Republic of South Africa

| Qu | estic | n Expected Answer/s | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|----|-------|--|-------------|---|
| 5 | | In your answers to part (a) and (b) you should give examples from South Africa. | | |
| 5 | а | South Africa has many health problems. Describe two health problems in South Africa. | | |
| | | Award up to three marks for each description depending upon quality, relevance, accuracy and exemplification. For full marks two descriptions must be given. Credit reference to aspects of the following: High level of HIV/AIDs Shortage of doctors/nurses in township areas Shortage of medicine Lack of primary health care in poorer areas/rural areas Health problems such as TB, malaria more common for non-whites Cost of treatment in health service/Lack of access to private hospitals for the majority of the population High levels of obesity – affects nearly 20% of the population. Black women most at risk – almost 30% - causes health problems such as diabetes. | 4 LO1 | Answers which fail to make a specific reference to South African examples should be awarded a maximum of 3 marks. |

| Qu | Question | | Expected Answer/s | | Additional Guidance |
|----|----------|--|---|----------|---|
| 5 | b | | Some black South Africans have become better off in recent years. Give two reasons why some black South Africans have become better off in recent years. | | |
| | | | Award up to three marks for each explanation depending upon quality, relevance, accuracy and exemplification. For full marks two explanations must be given. Credit reference to aspects of the following: Effects of Affirmative Action programmes/Black Economic Empowerment Greater access to education/increased spending on education Growth of black owned businesses Increased investment/more job opportunities Increase in educational attainment leading to more black skilled and professional workers. | 4 LO1 | Answers which fail to make a specific reference to South African examples should be awarded a maximum of 3 marks. |



| Qu | Question | | Expected Answer/s | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|----|----------|--|---|-------------|---------------------|
| 5 | с | | Contin | | |
| | | | Award up to two marks for a conclusion depending upon the quality of explanation provided. Candidates should provide statistical evidence for full marks. Credit reference to aspects of the following: Differences between female income in 2006 and 2010 • Female income has increased between 2006 and 2010. Difference in income between males and females in South Africa • Males always earned more than females | 4 LO2 | |
| | | | on average but the gap has reduced as the male income has fallen while female income has risen. | | |



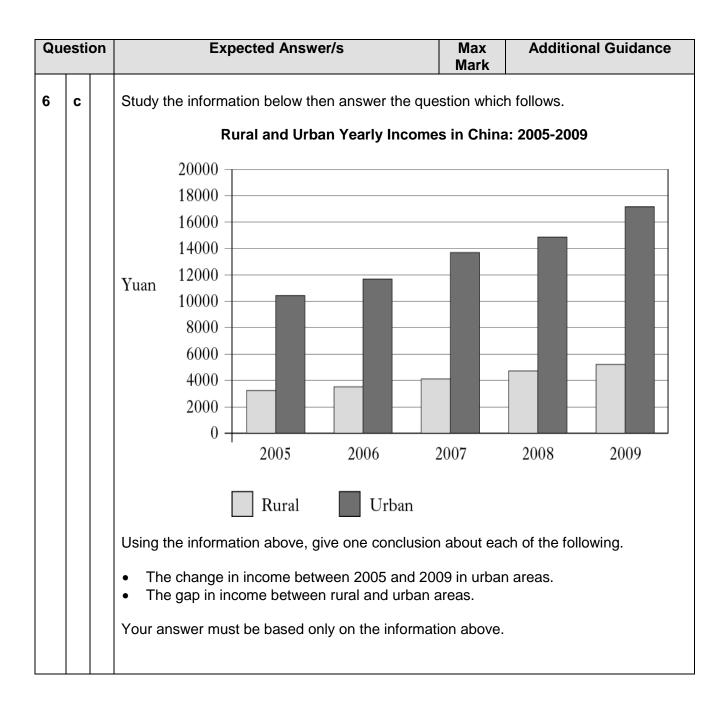
| Question | Expected Answer/s | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|----------|---|-------------|---------------------|
| 5 d | Cont | | |
| | Award up to two marks for each piece of evidence given depending upon the quality of argument and evidence provided. For full marks candidates must make reference to the view. For full credit candidates should include some statistical evidence in their answer. Credit reference to aspects of the following: Support: "Business owners have welcomed the introduction of mobile police stations." Source 1 Businesses in the city have reacted positively to the presence of mobile police stations, and many have said that they feel more confident and secure as they go about their daily trade. Oppose: "As a result of this all types of robberies have decreased in South Africa." Source 2 House robbery and Business/shop robbery increased between 2009 and 2010 by 1.9% and 4.4%. | 4 LO2 | |

| Qu | Question | | Expected Answer/s | Max Mark | Additional Guidance | |
|----|----------|--|---|----------------------------|---|--|
| 5 | е | | Study Sources 1 and 2 below, then answer | the question wh | nich follows. | |
| | | | Source 1 | Source 2 | | |
| | | | The 2004 National Election | The 2009 National Election | | |
| | | | In the 2004 election the ANC won most seats and Thabo Mbkei became President of South Africa. | million out of t | n 2009, voter turnout increased to 17.7 nillion out of the 23 million people who vere registered to vote. | |
| | | | The Democratic Alliance (DA) was the second most popular Party in the election. | to have the m | In the 2009 election, the ANC continued to have the most support and Jacob Zuma became President. | |
| | | | The number of South Africans registering to vote was higher than the previous election and voter turnout in the election was 15.9 million. | focus on hous | aid he would continue to e building and new ase employment and y. | |
| | | | The Government promised to help the poorest people in the country by building more houses and schools as well as creating new jobs. | 17% of the na | The Democratic Alliance (DA) polled 17% of the national vote, coming second in the election. | |
| | | | Sources 1 and 2 give different views about south Africa. | | | |
| | | | Study the two sources and write down what | | | |
| | | | Mention two differences in your answer. | | | |
| | | | Your answer must be based only on Source | es 1 and 2 above. | | |
| | | | Award up to two marks for each conclusion given depending upon the quality of explanation provided. | 4 LO2 | | |
| | | | Credit reference to aspects of the following: | g: | | |
| | | | Source 1 – In the 2004 elections Thabo Mbkei became President of South Africa Source 2 – Jacob Zuma became President | | | |
| | | | Source 1 – Voter turnout in the election was 15.9 million Source 2 – Voter turnout increased to 17.7 million. | 5 | | |

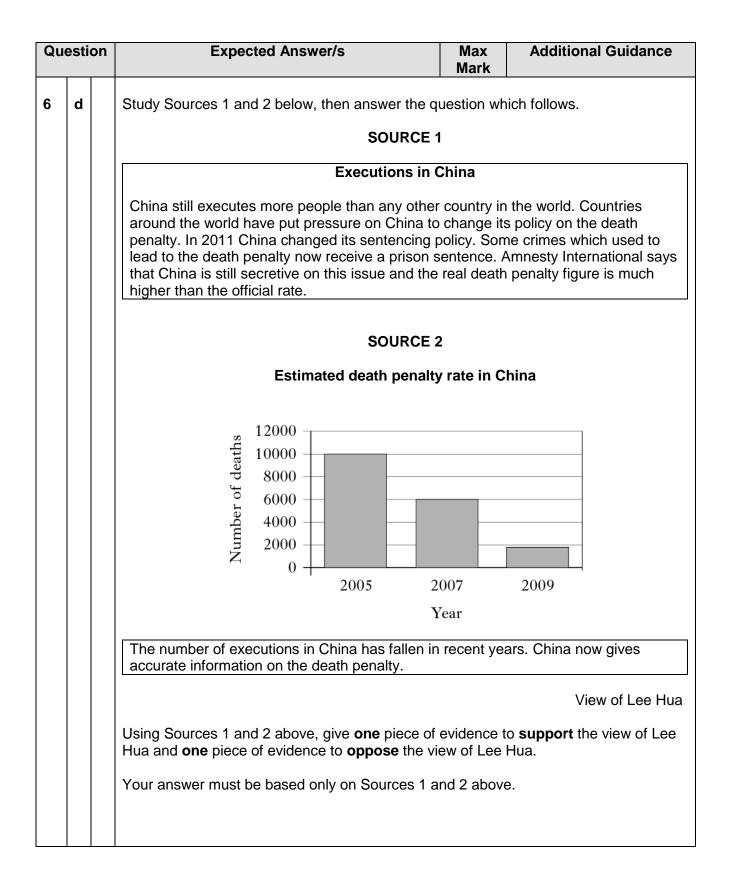
| Study Theme 3B: | The People's | Republic of China |
|---|--------------|-------------------|
| ••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••• | | |

| Qu | Question | | Expected Answer/s | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|----|----------|--|---|-------------|--|
| 6 | | | In your answers to parts (<i>a</i>) and (<i>b</i>) you should give examples from China | | |
| 6 | а | | China has many health problems. Describe two health problems in China. | | |
| | | | Award up to three marks for each description depending upon quality, relevance, accuracy and exemplification. For full marks two descriptions must be given. Credit reference to aspects of the following: Problems as a result of pollution A progressing HIV/AIDs epidemic China now has hundreds of millions of cigarette smokers Hepatitis B is endemic in mainland China China has the world's second highest incidence of TB after India; problem is compounded by high rate of smoking Malnutrition among rural children Heart and respiratory disease Rural/urban inequality. Cost of treatment. Access to health care. | 4 LO1 | Answers which fail to make specific reference to examples from China should be awarded a maximum of 3 marks. |

| Qu | esti | on | Expected Answer/s | | Additional Guidance |
|----|------|----|--|----------|--|
| 6 | b | | China is one of the richest countries in the world. Give two reasons why China is one of the richest countries in the world. | | |
| | | | Award up to three marks for each explanation depending upon quality, relevance, accuracy and exemplification. For full marks two explanations must be given. Credit reference to aspects of the following: Trade with other countries Investment from overseas Investment by China in other countries High level of productivity Competitiveness of Chinese economy Cheap labour Cycle of prosperity Any other valid point | 4 LO1 | Answers which fail to make specific reference to examples from China should be awarded a maximum of 3 marks. |



| Question | Expected Answer/s | | Additional Guidance |
|----------|--|----------|---------------------|
| 6 C | Contin | | |
| | Award up to two marks for each conclusion depending upon the quality of explanation provided. Credit reference to aspects of the following: The change in income between 2005 and 2009 in urban areas • Income has gone up steadily from just over 10,000 Yuan to over 17,000 Yuan in 2009. The gap in income between urban and rural areas • The gap has got steadily wider as the years go by as incomes in urban areas have risen faster than in rural areas. Any other valid point | 4 LO2 | |



| Qu | Question | | Expected Answer/s | | Additional Guidance |
|----|----------|--|---|----------|---------------------|
| 6 | d | | Contin | | |
| | | | Award up to two marks for each piece of evidence given depending upon the quality of argument and evidence provided. For full marks candidates should include some statistical evidence in their answer. Credit reference to aspects of the following: Support: "The number of executions in China has fallen in recent years." Source 2 shows that the death penalty has decreased from 10,000 in 2005 to just under 2,000 in 2009. Oppose: "China now gives accurate information on the death penalty." Amnesty International argues that China is still secretive on this issue and the real death penalty figure is much higher than the official rate. | 4 LO2 | |

| Qu | Question | | Expected Answer/s | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|-----|---|----|---|--|--|
| Qu. | e | on | Study Sources 1 and 2 below, then answer Source 1 Gender and politics in China In China, decisions at village level are usually taken by women, as most members of elected village committees are female. There are now more women ministers in the Chinese Government than ever before, which is a sign of progress. Some people have stated that it may not be too long before a woman becomes leader in China. | Mark the question wh Women One day it is p could become One reason for society has ch more and mor China's educa There is still ro women make workforce but committee me | hich follows. Source 2 in politics in China possible that a woman the top politician in China. or this is that Chinese hanged in recent years and the women now benefit from tion system. bom for improvement, as up over 60% of the rural only 10% of village mbership. |
| | | | One of the reasons for more women getting involved in politics is that they are better educated than ever before. | When it comes the Governme | s to ministerial positions in ent, 9% are held by women; here is a long way to go. |
| | Sources 1 and 2 give Study the two sources | | Sources 1 and 2 give information about wor Study the two sources and write down what Mention two differences in your answer. | men in politics in | n China. |
| | | | Your answer must be based only on Source | es 1 and 2 abov | e. |

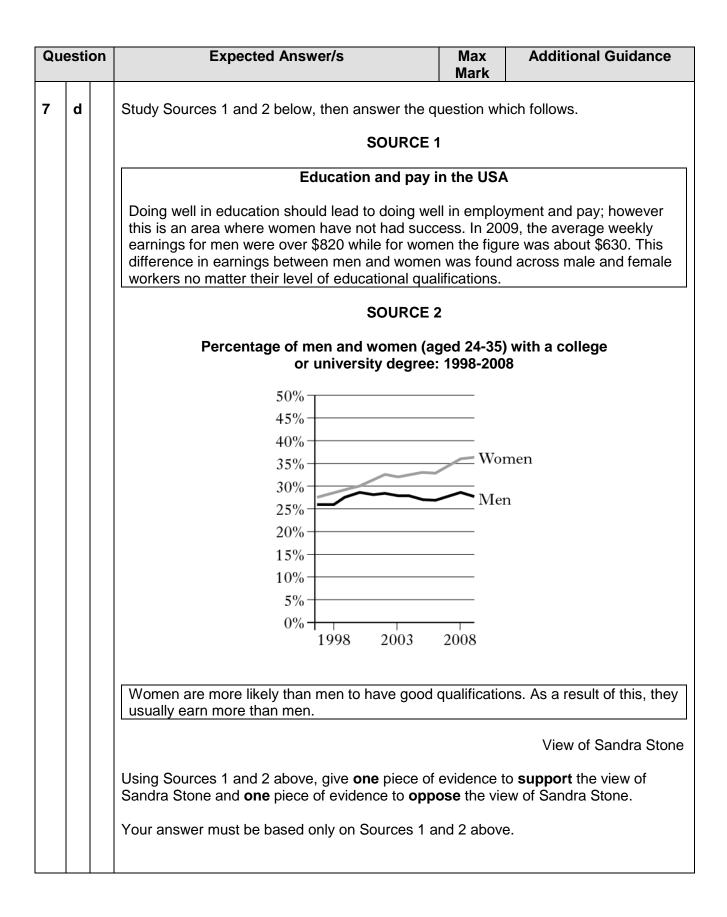
| Qu | Question | | Expected Answer/s | | Additional Guidance |
|----|----------|--|---|----------|---------------------|
| 6 | е | | Contin | | |
| | | | Award up to two marks for each conclusion depending upon the quality of explanation provided. | 4 LO2 | |
| | | | For full marks two pieces of evidence and both sources must be used. | | |
| | | | Credit reference to aspects of the following: | | |
| | | | Source 1 says that in China, decisions at village level are usually taken by women, as most members of elected village committees are female, while Source 2 says that there is still room for improvement, however, as women make up over 60% of the rural workforce but only 10% of village committee membership. | | |
| | | | Source 1 says there are now more women ministers in the Chinese Government than ever before which is a sign of great progress, while Source 2 says that when it comes to ministerial positions in the Government, only 9% are held by women; showing that there is a long way to go. | | |

Study Theme 3C – The United States of America

| Qu | Question | | Expected Answer/s | | Additional Guidance |
|----|----------|--|--|----------|---|
| 7 | | | In your answers to parts (<i>a</i>) and (<i>b</i>) you should give examples from the USA | | |
| 7 | а | | Americans can take part in elections in many ways. | | |
| | | | Describe two ways Americans can take part in elections. | | |
| | | | Award up to three marks for each description depending upon quality, relevance, accuracy and exemplification. | 4 LO1 | Answers which fail to make a specific reference to examples from the USA should be awarded a |
| | | | For full marks two descriptions must be given. Credit reference to aspects of the following: | | maximum of 3 marks. |
| | | | Voting in elections for a wide range of offices including President, Senator, member of House of Representatives, range of local offices including Mayor Helping favoured party by campaigning on behalf of candidate eg telephone canvassing, donating money, displaying posters etc. Standing as a candidate for elected office Helping choose candidate through primary elections. | | |
| | | | Any other valid point | | |

| Qu | estic | on Expected Answer/s | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|----|-------|--|--|--|
| 7 | b | In the USA, many people have become worse off in recent years. Give two reasons why many people in the USA have become worse off in recent years. | | |
| | | Award up to three marks for each explanation depending upon quality, relevance, accuracy and exemplification. For full marks two explanations must be given. Credit reference to aspects of the following: Rising unemployment Closure of factories Many have lost their homes – foreclosures Rising cost of living Lower wages Falling living standards Reduced welfare benefits Impact of illness and cost of health care. | 4 LO1 | Answers which fail to make a specific reference to examples from the USA should be awarded a maximum of 3 marks. |
| 7 | с | Study the information below then answer the qu | | |
| | | Household wealth in 2005 and | 2009, by e | ethnic group |
| | | 2005 \$134,992 \$18,359 \$12,124 Whites Hispanics Blacks Blacks Using the information above, give one conclusion Differences in household wealth between dir The change in household wealth between 2 Your answer must be based only on the information | \$6,325 \$5,677 on about ea fferent ethn 005 and 20 | ic groups in 2009. 09. |

| Qu | Question | | Expected Answer/s | | Additional Guidance |
|----|----------|--|--|----------|---------------------|
| 7 | с | | Contin | | |
| | | | Award up to two marks for each conclusion depending upon the quality of explanation provided. Credit reference to aspects of the following: | 4 LO2 | |
| | | | Differences in household wealth between different race and ethnic groups in 2009 | | |
| | | | • Whites have by far the highest level of household wealth at over \$100,000 while the figure for both Hispanics and Blacks is well below \$10,000. | | |
| | | | The change in household wealth between 2005 and 2009 | | |
| | | | • The level of household wealth has fallen for all groups between 2005 and 2009 – with the fall for Hispanics and Blacks being much greater than for Whites. | | |
| | | | Any other valid point | | |



| Qu | Question | | Expected Answer/s | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|----|----------|--|---|-------------|---------------------|
| 7 | d | | Contin | | |
| | | | Award up to two marks for each piece of evidence given depending upon the quality of argument and evidence provided. For full marks candidates should include some statistical evidence in their answer. Credit reference to aspects of the following: Support: "Women are more likely than men to have good qualifications." About 36% (approx.) of women have a college or university degree while only 28% (approx) of men do. Oppose: "[As a result of this] they usually earn more than men." In 2009, the average weekly earnings for men were over \$820 while for women the figure was about \$630. | 4 LO2 | |

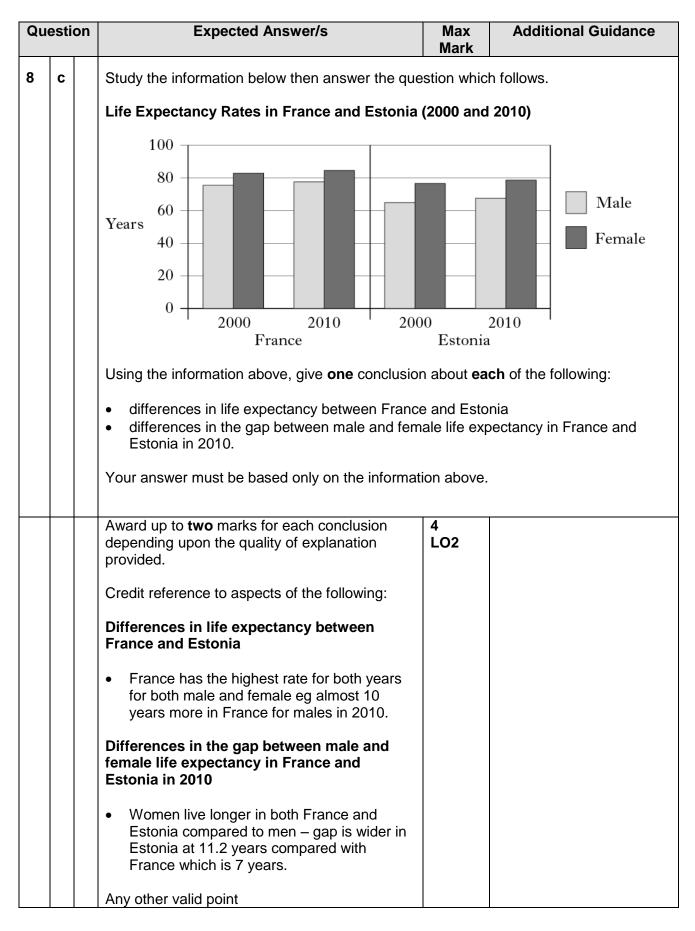
| Question | | Expected Answer/s | | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|----------|----|---|--|--|---|
| e | on | Study Sources 1 and 2 below, then answer SOURCE 1 Before the 2010 mid-term elections The elections for the Senate and the House of Representatives in November 2010 took place at a time when the economy was in crisis and unemployment was high. Before the election, the Democrats held most of the seats in the House of Representatives. Nancy Pelosi was the leader of the Democrats and the Speaker of the House of Representatives before the election in 2010. Before the election the Democrats had a clear majority in the Senate. | After t annou their n In the Reput becan After t Reput chose Repre Once Ameri of une proble | Mark estion wh estion wh er the 20 the election anced, the najority in House of blicans m ne the bio the election blican leasen blican leasen the mid- ica still has employments. | nich follows. SOURCE 2 010 mid-term elections ion results were e Democrats had kept n the Senate. of Representatives the hade major gains and ggest party. ion a new Speaker, ader John Boehner, was House of es. term elections were over, ad to deal with high levels ent and major economic |
| | | Mention two differences in your answer. | | | |
| | e | e | SOURCE 1 Before the 2010 mid-term elections The elections for the Senate and the House of Representatives in November 2010 took place at a time when the economy was in crisis and unemployment was high. Before the election, the Democrats held most of the seats in the House of Representatives. Nancy Pelosi was the leader of the Democrats and the Speaker of the House of Representatives before the election in 2010. Before the election the Democrats had a clear majority in the Senate. Sources 1 and 2 give information about the elections in 2010. Study the two sources and write down what Mention two differences in your answer. | SOURCE 1Before the 2010 mid-term electionsAfter annou annou their rThe elections for the Senate and the House of Representatives in November 2010 took place at a time when the economy was in crisis and unemployment was high.After the annou their rBefore the election, the Democrats held most of the seats in the House of Representatives.In the Reput becarNancy Pelosi was the leader of the Democrats and the Speaker of the House of Representatives before the election in 2010.Once Amerit of une probleBefore the election the Democrats had a clear majority in the Senate.Once Amerit of une probleSources 1 and 2 give information about the US Co elections in 2010.Study the two sources and write down what these Mention two differences in your answer. | eStudy Sources 1 and 2 below, then answer the question whSOURCE 1After the 2010 mid-term electionsBefore the 2010 mid-term electionsAfter the 2The elections for the Senate and the House of Representatives in November 2010 took place at a time when the economy was in crisis and unemployment was high.After the electi announced, th their majority iBefore the election, the Democrats held most of the seats in the House of Representatives.In the House of Republicans n became the biNancy Pelosi was the leader of the House of Representatives before the election in 2010.After the electi RepresentativeBefore the election the Democrats had a clear majority in the Senate.Once the mid- America still h of unemploym problems.Sources 1 and 2 give information about the US Congress b elections in 2010.Study the two sources and write down what these difference |

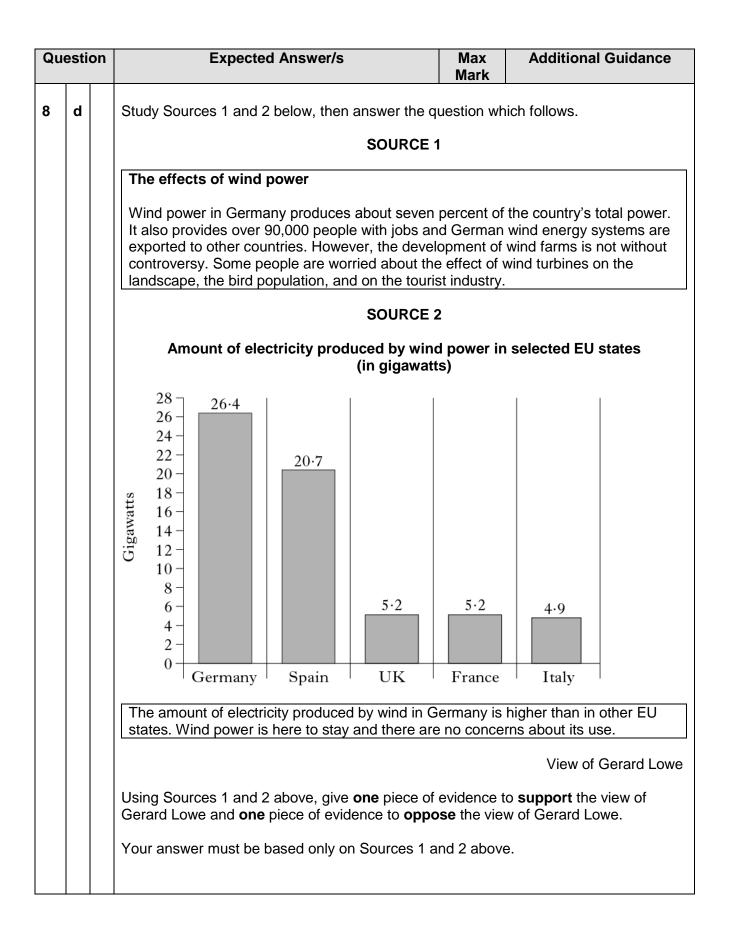
| Qu | Question | | Expected Answer/s | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|----|----------|--|---|-------------|---------------------|
| 7 | е | | Contin | | |
| | | | Award up to two marks for each conclusion depending upon the quality of explanation provided. For full marks two pieces of evidence and both sources must be used. Credit reference to aspects of the following: Source 1 says, "Before the election the Democrats held most of the seats in the House of Representatives." While Source 2 says, "In the House of Representatives the Republicans made major gains and became the biggest party." Source 1 says, "Nancy Pelosi was the leader of the Democrats and the Speaker of the House of Representatives before the election in 2010." While Source 2 says, "After the election a new Speaker, Republican leader | 4 LO2 | |
| | | | John Boehner, was chosen by the House of Representatives." | | |

Study Theme 3D: The European Union

| Qu | Question | | Expected Answer/s | | Additional Guidance |
|----|----------|--|---|----------|--|
| 8 | | | In your answers to parts (<i>a</i>) and (<i>b</i>) you should give examples from the European Union | | |
| 8 | а | | The Common Agricultural Policy (CAP) helps farmers in European Union member states. Describe two ways the Common Agricultural Policy (CAP) helps farmers in European Union member states. | | |
| | | | Award up to three marks for each description depending upon quality, relevance, accuracy and exemplification. For full marks two descriptions must be given. Credit reference to aspects of the following: Increases productivity Many farms would be unprofitable without CAP Ensures fair living standards for the agricultural community Ensures availability of food Provides food at reasonable prices Protects rural communities. | 4 LO1 | Answers which fail to make a specific reference to examples from the European Union should be awarded a maximum of 3 marks. |

| Qu | Question | | ion Expected Answer/s | | Additional Guidance |
|----|----------|--|---|----------|--|
| 8 | b | | More countries wish to join the European Union. Give two reasons why more countries wish to join the European Union. | | |
| | | | Award up to three marks for each explanation depending upon quality, relevance, accuracy and exemplification. For full marks two explanations must be given. Credit reference to aspects of the following: Job opportunities for people who wish to work abroad Economic benefits for new members Increased security Possible joining the Euro which could increase financial stability and trade. Any other valid point | 4 LO1 | Answers which fail to make a specific reference to examples from the European Union should be awarded a maximum of 3 marks. |





| Qu | Question | | estion Expected Answer/s | | Additional Guidance |
|----|----------|--|---|----------|---------------------|
| 8 | d | | Contin | | |
| | | | Award up to two marks for each piece of evidence given depending upon the quality of argument and evidence provided. For full marks candidates should include some statistical evidence in their answer. Credit reference to aspects of the following: Support: "The amount of electricity produced by wind in Germany is higher than in other EU states." Source 2 shows that Germany produces 26.4 gigawatts which is higher than any of the other selected countries. Oppose: "Wind power is here to stay and there are no concerns about its use." Source 1 shows that some people are worried about the effect of wind turbines on the landscape, the bird population and on the tourist industry. | 4 LO2 | |

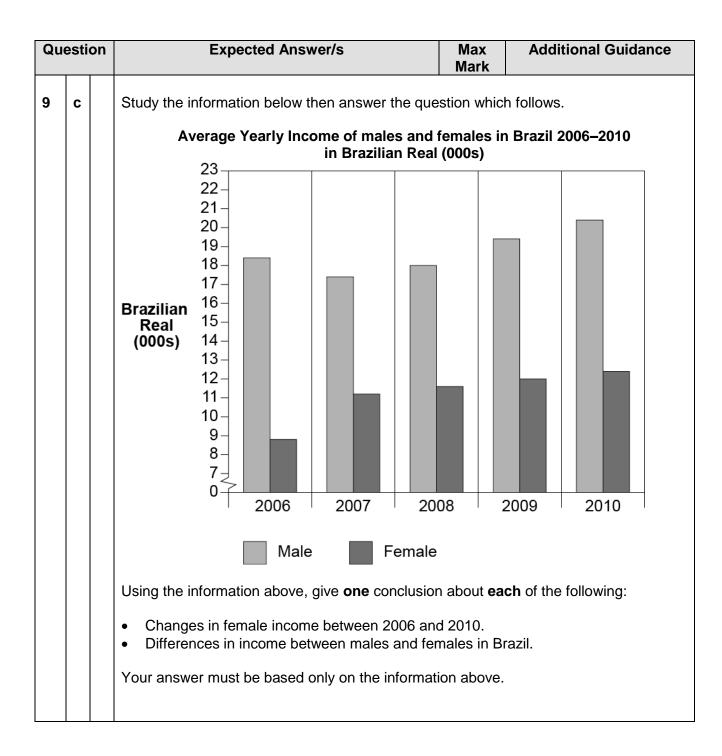
| Qu | Question | | Expected Answer/s | Max Mark | Additional Guidance | | |
|---------|----------|----|---|--|--|--|--|
| Qu 8 | estid | on | Study Sources 1 and 2 below, then answer SOURCE 1 The European Currency In 2011 the Euro was the currency for 17 of the 27 member states which make up the European Union. For many years it was a great success and the countries which used the Euro benefited financially. The Euro was the second most traded currency in the world after the United States dollar. Before the impact of the economic crisis, | Mark the question w The Euro was member state 2002 and by 2 members use The Euro has most widely u In recent year economic cris that over half | | | |
| | | | a majority of citizens in countries which joined the Euro were happy that their old currencies were replaced with it. | The crisis res running into s and having to | ulted in some countries evere financial difficulties be helped by other EU | | |
| | | | Sources 1 and 2 give information about the Study the two sources and write down what Mention two differences in your answer. Your answer must be based only on Source | at these differences are. | | | |

| Qu | Question | | estion Expected Answer/s | | Additional Guidance |
|----|----------|--|--|----------|---------------------|
| 8 | е | | Contin | | |
| | | | Award up to two marks for each conclusion depending upon the quality of explanation provided. | 4 LO2 | |
| | | | For full marks two pieces of evidence and both sources must be used. | | |
| | | | Credit reference to aspects of the following: | | |
| | | | Source 1 says that before the impact of the economic crisis, a majority of citizens in countries which joined the Euro were happy that their old currencies were replaced with it while Source 2 says that in recent years there has been an economic crisis and opinion polls show that over half the population in some countries wish they had never joined the Euro. | | |
| | | | Source 1 says that for many years it was a great success and the countries which used the Euro benefitted financially while Source 2 says that the crisis resulted in some countries running into severe financial difficulties and having to be helped by other EU member states to stay in the Euro. | | |

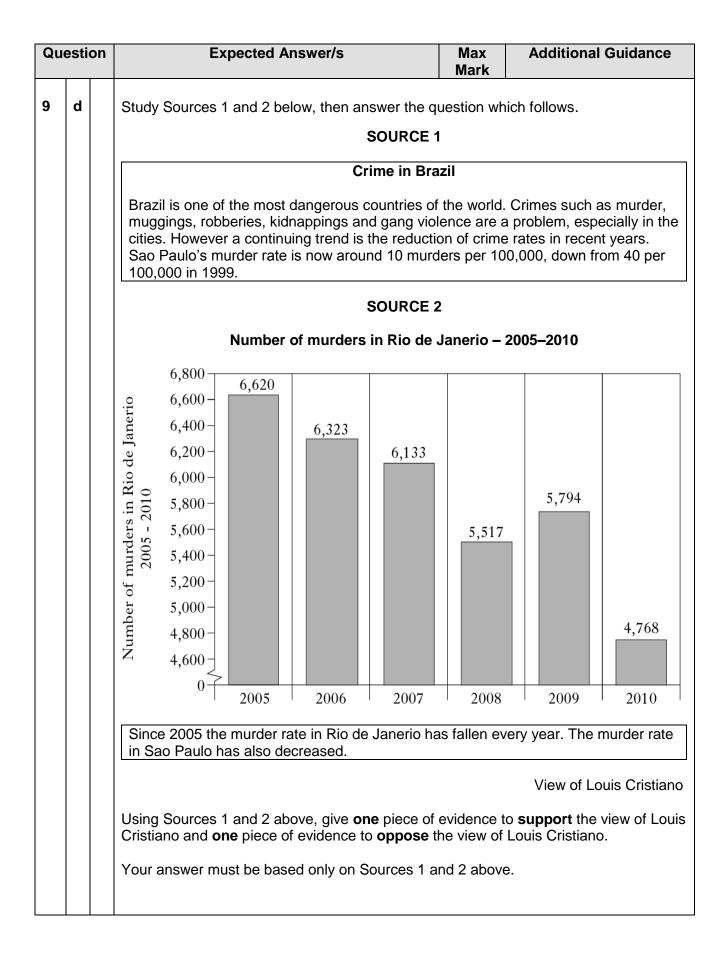
Study Theme 3E – Development in Brazil

| Qu | esti | on | Expected Answer/s | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|----|------|----|--|-------------|--|
| 9 | | | In your answers to parts (<i>a</i>) and (<i>b</i>) you should give examples from Brazil | | |
| 9 | a | | People living in the Amazon region face many problems. | | |
| | | | Describe two problems faced by people living in the Amazon region | | |
| | | | Award up to three marks for each description depending upon quality, relevance, accuracy and exemplification. | 4 LO1 | Answers which fail to make a specific reference to examples from Brazil should be awarded a |
| | | | For full marks two descriptions must be given. | | maximum of 3 marks. |
| | | | Credit reference to aspects of the following: | | |
| | | | Native people's way of life has been threatened by Amazon development Land invasion of Indian reservations by loggers and miners have risen | | |
| | | | Violence/conflict between indigenous people and loggers Soybean production resulted in farms expanding into land where indigenous people live leading to homelessness | | |
| | | | Increased health problems. Any other valid point | | |

| Qu | Question | | Expected Answer/s | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|----|----------|--|--|-------------|---|
| 9 | b | | Brazil has become richer in recent years. Give two reasons why Brazil has become richer in recent years. Award up to three marks for each explanation | 4 | Answers which fail to make |
| | | | depending upon quality, relevance, accuracy and exemplification. For full marks two explanations must be given. Credit reference to aspects of the following: Economic reforms – opening up its economy – led to increased trade Increase in manufacturing and service sector – more jobs Development of the Amazon – soya production, cattle ranching etc. Oil production and exports Reduction in poverty due to Lula reforms Increased economic growth – GDP growing faster than OECD during the past two decades More inward investment Improvements in education and increased skill/professionals. | LO1 | a specific reference to examples from Brazil should be awarded a maximum of 3 marks. |



| Qu | Question | | on Expected Answer/s | | Additional Guidance |
|----|----------|--|---|----------|---------------------|
| 9 | с | | Contin | | |
| | | | Award up to two marks for each conclusion depending upon the quality of explanation provided. Credit reference to aspects of the following: | 4 LO2 | |
| | | | Changes in female income between 2006 and 2010 | | |
| | | | • Female income has steadily increased between 2006 and 2010 from 8,782 Reals to 13,423 Reals. | | |
| | | | Differences in income between males and females in Brazil | | |
| | | | Males earned more than females, however, the gap between male and female earnings has narrowed. | | |
| | | | Any other valid point | | |



| Qu | Question | | estion Expected Answer/s | | Expected Answer/s | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|----|----------|--|---|----------|-------------------|-------------|---------------------|
| 9 | d | | Contin | | | | |
| | | | Award up to two marks for each piece of evidence given depending upon the quality of argument and evidence provided. For full marks candidates should include some statistical evidence in their answer. Credit reference to aspects of the following: Oppose: "Since 2005 the murder rate in Rio de Janeiro has fallen every year." Source 2 Between 2005 and 2010 the number of recorded murders was decreasing but then increased in 2009. Support: "The murder rate in Sao Paulo has also decreased." Source 1 | 4 LO2 | | | |
| | | | Sao Paulo is now around 10 murders per 100,000, down from 40 per 100,000 in 1999. | | | | |

| Qu | Question | | Expected Answer/s | Max Mark | Additional Guidance |
|---------|--|----|---|---|---|
| Qu 9 | e | on | Expected Answer/s Study Sources 1 and 2 below, then answer SOURCE 1 The 2006 Presidential Election Luiz Inacio "Lula" da Silva was elected President after winning the election in 2006. Former Governor of Sao Paulo State, Jose Serra came second in the Presidential elections. Voting is compulsory in Brazil and voter turnout is usually high compared with other countries. In 2006 voter turnout was 83.5%. | Mark the question w The 2010 Voting is com 2010 election from the prev After a close the first femal 2010. The new Pres government v house buildin | |
| | | | President Lula promised to help the poorest people in the country by building more houses and schools as well as creating new jobs. Sources 1 and 2 give information about the | in the electior election. | ood against Dilma Rousseff h but once again he lost the O Presidential Elections. |
| | Study the two sources and write down what these differences are Mention two differences in your answer. Your answer must be based only on Sources 1 and 2 above. | | | | |

| Qu | Question | | tion Expected Answer/s | | Additional Guidance |
|----|----------|--|---|----------|---------------------|
| 9 | е | | Contin | | |
| | | | Award up to two marks for each conclusion depending upon the quality of explanation provided. For full marks two pieces of evidence and both sources must be used. Credit reference to aspects of the following: Source 1 says that Luiz Inacio Lula da Silva was elected President after winning the election in 2006 while Source 2 says that after a close race, Dilma Rouseff became the first female Brazilian President in 2010. Source 1 says that in 2006, voter turnout was 83.5% while Source 2 says that in the 2010 election, voter turnout was down from the previous election to 78.5%. | 4 LO2 | |

[END OF MARKING INSTRUCTIONS]