

2013 Mathematics

Intermediate 2 Units 1, 2 & 3 Paper 2

Finalised Marking Instructions

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Mathematics Intermediate 2 Units 1, 2 & 3 Paper 2

This information is provided to help you understand the general principles you must apply when marking candidate responses to questions in this Paper. These principles must be read in conjunction with the specific Marking Instructions for each question.

- 1. Marks must be assigned in accordance with the Marking Instructions. The main principle in marking scripts is to give credit for the skills demonstrated and the criteria met. Failure to have the correct method may not preclude a candidate gaining credit for the calculations involved or for the communication of the answer.
- 2. The answer to one part of a question, even if incorrect, must be accepted as a basis for subsequent dependent parts of the question. Full marks in the dependent part(s) may be awarded provided the question is not simplified.
- **3.** The following should not be penalised:
 - working subsequent to a correct answer (unless it provides firm evidence that the requirements of the question have not been met)
 - omission or misuse of units (unless marks have been specifically allocated for the purpose in the marking scheme)
 - bad form, eg sin $x^\circ = 0.5 = 30^\circ$
 - legitimate variation in numerical values/algebraic expressions
- 4. Solutions which seem unlikely to include anything of relevance must nevertheless be followed through. Candidates still have the opportunity of gaining one mark or more provided the solution satisfies the criteria for the mark(s).
- 5. Full credit should only be given where the solution contains appropriate working. Where the correct answer may be obtained by inspection or mentally, credit may be given, but reference to this will be made in the Marking Instructions.
- 6. In general markers will only be able to give credit for answers if working is shown. A wrong answer without working receives no credit unless specifically mentioned in the Marking Instructions. The rubric on the outside of the question papers emphasises that working must be shown.
- 7. Sometimes the method to be used in a particular question is explicitly stated; no credit should be given where a candidate obtains the correct answer by an alternative method.
- 8. Where the method to be used in a particular question is not explicitly stated, full credit must be given for alternative methods which produce the correct answer.
- 9. Do not penalise the same error twice in the same question.
- **10.** A transcription error is taken to be the case where the candidate transcribes incorrectly from the examination paper to the answer book. This is not normally penalised except where the question has been simplified as a result.
- **11.** Do not penalise inadvertent use of radians in trigonometry questions, provided their use is consistent within the question.
- 12. When multiple solutions are presented by the candidate and it is not clear which is intended to be the final one, mark all attempts and award the lowest mark.

Practical Details

The Marking Instructions should be regarded as a working document and have been developed and expanded on the basis of candidates' responses to a particular paper. While the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details can change depending on the content of a particular examination paper in a given year.

- **1.** Each mark awarded in a question is referenced to one criterion in the marking scheme by means of a bullet point.
- 2 Where a candidate has scored zero marks for any question attempted, "0" should be shown against the answer in the place in the margin.
- **3** Where a marker wishes to indicate how the marks have been awarded, the following should be used:
 - (a) Correct working should be ticked, \checkmark .
 - (b) Where working subsequent to an error is followed through and can be awarded marks, it should be marked with a crossed tick, \checkmark .
 - (c) Each error should be underlined at the point in the working where it first occurs.
- 4 Do not write any comments, words or acronyms on the scripts.

Part Two: Mathematics Intermediate 2: Paper 2, Units 1, 2 and 3

Question	Marking Scheme	Max Mark	Illustrations of evidence for awarding a mark at each •		
	Give 1 mark for each •	Mark			
1	Ans: $x^2 - 12x - 10$	3			
	• ¹ process: start to multiply out brackets		• evidence of any two correct terms $eg x^2 - 5x$		
	• ² process: complete the process by multiplying out brackets correctly		$\bullet^2 \qquad x^2 - 5x + 2x - 10$		
	• ³ process: collect like terms which must include x^2 term		$\bullet^3 \qquad x^2 - 12x - 10$		
Notes:)) h ==== 1 ·			
	e candidates have attempted to "simplify d mark is not available	beyond t	ne correct answer,		
2	Ans: 4 years because 307 200 < 375 000	4			
	• ¹ strategy: know how to decrease 750 000 by 20%		$\bullet^1 imes 0.8$		
	• ² strategy: continue strategy until value is below half		• ² 750 000 × 0.8 ⁴		
	• ³ process: carry out the calculations correctly, continuing for at least 4 years or until the value is less than half		• ³ 307 200		
	• ⁴ process/ communication: state response which must compare above answer with 375 000		• ⁴ 4 years because 307 200 < 375 000		
Notes:		I			
follow	e an incorrect percentage has been used, ved through to give the possibility of away	arding 3/4	-		
availa		iu nas caic	ulated 307 200 <u>and</u> 375 000, the 4 th mark is award 0/4		

Question		Marking Scheme			Max	Illustrations of evidence for awarding a		
		Give	1 mark fo	or each •	Mark	mark at each •		
3		Ans: • ¹	Pie char process:	t know how to calculate angles in a pie chart	3	•1	$\frac{35}{100} \times 360 \qquad \frac{10}{100} \times 360$ $\frac{30}{100} \times 360 \qquad \frac{15}{100} \times 360$	
		•2	process:	calculate angles in a pie chart correctly		•2	126°, 36°, 108°, 54°	
		•3	process:	construct pie chart with all sections labelled		•3	diagram (angles $\pm 2^{\circ}$)	
2			out workin		.1 5	, .		
3.	The 3	3 rd mark sectors a	is availat re drawn	ng ble only when there are e within tolerance then the	e 3 rd mark	ectors i can be	n the pie chart awarded	
2. 3. 4	The 3	3 rd mark sectors a	tis availat re drawn 30·6 °	ble only when there are e	exactly 5 s e 3 rd mark	ectors i can be	in the pie chart awarded evidence of cosine rule	
3.	The 3	3 rd mark sectors a Ans:	is availat re drawn 30.6 ° strategy: process:	know to apply the cosine rule to find	e 3 rd mark	can be	awarded	
3.	The 3	3 rd mark sectors a Ans:	is availative drawn 30.6° strategy:	know to apply the cosine rule to find angle QPR correct substitution	e 3 rd mark	• ¹	awarded evidence of cosine rule	
3.	The 3 If 4 s	Ans: • ¹ • ² • ³ • ³ • ^a • ^a	30.6 ° strategy: process: process: gle other tof 2/3 can	know to apply the cosine rule to find angle QPR correct substitution into cosine rule correctly calculate the size of angle	a 3 rd mark	can be • ¹ • ² • ³ gle Q =	awarded evidence of cosine rule $\cos P = \frac{9 \cdot 3^2 + 14 \cdot 2^2 - 7 \cdot 8^2}{2 \times 9 \cdot 3 \times 14 \cdot 2}$ 30.6° 112°, angle R = 37.4°),	

Que	estion	Marking Scheme Give 1 mark for each •	Max Mark	Illustrations of evidence for awarding a mark at each •
5		Ans: $x = -0.4, x = 5.4$	4	
		• ¹ strategy: know to use qua formula	dratic	• ¹ evidence
		• ² process: substitute correctinto quadratic formula	tly	• ² $\frac{5\pm\sqrt{(-5)^2-4\times1\times-2}}{2\times1}$
		• ³ process: calculate $b^2 - 4$	lac	• 3 33
		• 4 process: state both values of x correct to one decimal pla		• $-0.4, 5.4$
Not				
1.		The $b^2 - 4ac$ is calculated incorrectly -4ac > 0	v, the final mark i	s only available
2.	For a	correct answer without working		award 0/4

Oue	Question		Marking Scheme	Max	Illustrations of evidence for awarding a
			Give 1 mark for each •	Mark	mark at each ●
6	a	i	Ans: $\overline{x} = 82$ • ¹ process: calculate mean	1	\bullet^1 $\overline{x} = 82$
			• ¹ process: calculate mean		\bullet^1 $\overline{x} = 82$
6	a	ii	Ans: $s = 3.54$	3	
			• process: $(x - \overline{x})^2$		• ¹ 4, 16, 25, 4, 1
			• ² process: substitute into formula		$\bullet^2 \qquad \sqrt{\frac{50}{4}}$
			• ³ process: calculate standard deviation		• ³ 3.54
Not	es:				<u> </u>
1.	Fe		se of alternative formula in part (a) (ii), a cess: calculate Σx and Σx^2	ward mark	ks as follows: $\bullet^1 410$ and 33 670
		-	cess: substitute into formula		
	• ³	pro	cess: calculate standard deviation		• ³ 3·54
2.	Fe	or a	correct answer without working in part (a) (ii)	award 0/3
6	b		Ans: mean = 102 standard deviation = 3.54	2	
			\bullet^1 process: state mean		• ¹ 102
			• ² process: state standard deviation		• ² 3.54

Question	Mark	Marking Scheme			Illust	trations of evidence for awarding a	
	Give	Give 1 mark for each •			mark at each •		
7	Ans:	14 cm		5			
	• ¹	strategy:	know how to calculate volume of remaining metal		•1	0.92×10^3	
	•2	strategy:	know how to find expression for volume of cone		•2	$\frac{1}{3} \times \pi \times 8^2 \times h$	
	•3	process:	equate above volumes		• ³	$\frac{1}{3} \times \pi \times 8^2 \times h = 0.92 \times 10^3$	
	• ⁴	process:	calculate height		•4	13.72711384	
	• ⁵	process:	round answer to 2 significant figures		•5	14	
Notes: 1. Acc	ept varia	tions in π		1			
2. The	fifth ma	rk is avail	able for rounding an ans	wer correc	ct to tw	vo significant figures	
3. Whe	ere the a	nswer requ	ires no rounding, the fit	fth mark ca	annot b	be awarded	

Que	stion	Marking Scheme	Max	Illustrations of evidence for awarding a
		Give 1 mark for each •	Mark	mark at each •
8		Ans: $b = \sqrt{\frac{a-c}{3}}$	3	
		• ¹ process: start to re-arrange formula		• ¹ $3b^2 = a - c$
		• ² process: continue process		$\bullet^2 \qquad b^2 = \frac{a-c}{3}$
		• ³ process: make <i>b</i> the subject		• ³ $b = \sqrt{\frac{a-c}{3}}$
Not 1.		correct answer without working		award 0/3
2.	The s	econd mark is available for division by 3		
3.	The th	nird mark is available for taking the squa	re root of a	an expression for b^2
9		Ans: x^3y	2	
		• ¹ process: start to simplify		• x^3 or y^1 • $x^3 y$
		• ² process: fully simplify		$\bullet^2 \qquad x^3y$
Not 1.		the following answers	1	
	$x^3 \times$	у		award 1/2

Que	Question		Marking Scheme			Illustrations of evidence for awarding a	
			1 mark fo	r each •	Mark	mark at each •	
10		Ans:	7∙6 metr	es	5		
		•1	strategy:	know to apply the sine rule in ΔTSC		•1	evidence of sine rule
		•2	process:	correct application of the sine rule or other valid strategy		•2	$\frac{SC}{\sin 40^{\circ}} = \frac{4}{\sin 12^{\circ}} \text{ OR}$ $\frac{ST}{\sin 128^{\circ}} = \frac{4}{\sin 12^{\circ}}$
		•3	process:	calculate SC or ST		•3	SC = 12.4 OR $ST = 15.2$
		•4	strategy:	know to use right angled trig to find height of tree		•4	$\sin 38^{\circ} = \frac{\text{CB}}{12 \cdot 4} \text{ OR}$ $\sin 50^{\circ} = \frac{\text{TB}}{15 \cdot 2}$
		• ⁵	process:	correct calculation of CB		• ⁵	7.6 (m)
Note	es:					<u> </u>	
1.		gard an	y errors du	ue to premature roundin	g provideo	d there	is evidence
2.	Variations in answers for SC (or ST) or a wrong value for SC (or ST) must be accepted as a basis for calculating the new height						
3.		e an ind l availa	-	g ratio is used to find the	e new heig	ht, the	fifth mark
4.	For a	correct	answer w	ithout working			award 0/5

Que	estion	Marking Scheme	Max	Illustrations of evidence for awarding a				
	0		mark at each •					
11		Ans: $\frac{8x+7}{(x+2)(x-1)}$	3					
		• ¹ process: state a valid denominator		• ¹ any valid denominator				
		• ² process: find correct numerator of equivalent fraction		• ² both numerators correct				
		• ³ process: state answer in simplest form		• ³ $\frac{8x+7}{(x+2)(x-1)}$				
Not	06.							
1.	Notes: 1. In this question, working subsequent to a correct answer should be ignored							
2.	For	$\frac{3(x-1)+5(x+2)}{(x+2)(x-1)} = \frac{8x+7}{x^2+x-2}$		award $3/3$ $\checkmark\checkmark\checkmark$				
		$\frac{3(x-1)+5(x+2)}{x^2-2} = \frac{8x+7}{x^2-2}$		award $2/3 \times \sqrt{2}$				

Que	estion	Mark	king Schei	ne	Max	Illust	rations of evidence for awarding a							
		Give 1 mark for each •			Mark	mark at each •								
12		Ans:	85•4 cm		5		Ν							
		•1	strategy:	marshall facts and recognise right angle		•1	24							
		• ²	strategy:	know that PQ bisects AB		•2	24							
		• ³	strategy:	know how to use Pythagoras'		•3	$x^2 = 24^2 - 15^2$							
		•4	process:	calculate length of 3 rd side		•4	x = 18.7							
		• ⁵	process:	calculate height		• ⁵	85·4 (cm)							
Not	Notes:													
1.				ue to premature roundin										
2.				oubling a calculated val		-								
3.				umes an angle of 45° in	the right-a	ingled t	riangle, only the first, second and fifth							
	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	s are at			2	marks are available								

4. For an answer of 104.6 coming from $\sqrt{(15^2+24^2)} \times 2 + 48$ award 4/5 where a <u>correct</u> diagram is shown ($\sqrt{\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{\sqrt{y}}$) Award 3/5 where a correct diagram is not shown ($x\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\sqrt{y}}$)

Question	Marking Scheme Give 1 mark for each •	Max Mark	Illustrations of evidence for awarding a mark at each •
13	Ans: 49s, 131s	4	
	• ¹ process: substitute correctly		$\bullet^1 \qquad 7+5\sin t^\circ = 10.8$
	\bullet^2 process: rearrange correctly		• ² $\sin t^\circ = 3.8/5$
	• ³ process: calculate one angle		• ³ $t = 49$
	\bullet^4 process: calculate second angle		• ⁴ $t = 131$

Notes:

- 1. For a correct answer arrived at by trial and improvement, only the first,
- third and fourth marks are available
- 2. For the third mark to be awarded in a trial and improvement method, the candidate must
 - substitute into the expression a minimum of two values in the range 49-50, where one gives a height <10.8 and the other a height >10.8 and
 - select the value giving a height closer to 10.8
- 3. For a correct answer without working

award $1/4 (\times \times \times \checkmark)$

4. Where a graphical solution is used, the second mark is available for indicating what graph(s) is (are) drawn and where the values occur

TOTAL MARKS FOR PAPER 2 50

[END OF MARKING INSTRUCTIONS]