

2012 Mathematics

Intermediate 1 Units 1, 2 & Applications Paper 1

Finalised Marking Instructions

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Part One: General Marking Principles for Mathematics Intermediate 1 Units 1, 2 & Applications Paper 1

This information is provided to help you understand the general principles you must apply when marking candidate responses to questions in this Paper. These principles must be read in conjunction with the specific Marking Instructions for each question.

1. Marks for each candidate response must <u>always</u> be assigned in line with these general marking principles and the specific Marking Instructions for the relevant question. If a specific candidate response does not seem to be covered by either the principles or detailed Marking Instructions, and you are uncertain how to assess it, you must seek guidance from your Team Leader. You can ask for support within Scoris Assessor by using the messaging system or by raising an exception.

Instructions on how to use the message system and raise an exception are on SQA Academy : e-marking 2012 training course: Section 4 - A guide to e-marking for markers: Scoris Assessor online marking training: Section 7 - Communications.

- 2. Marking should always be positive ie, marks should be awarded for what is correct and not deducted for errors or omissions.
- 3. Award one mark for each 'bullet' point shown in the Marking Instructions.
- 4. Working subsequent to an error must be followed through with the possibility of awarding all remaining marks for the subsequent working, provided the question has not been not simplified as a result of the error. In particular, the answer to one part of a question, even if incorrect, must be accepted as a basis for subsequent dependent parts of the question. Full marks in the dependent part(s) may be awarded provided the question has not been not simplified.
- 5. Solutions which seem unlikely to include anything of relevance must nevertheless be followed through. Candidates still have the opportunity of gaining one mark or more provided the solution satisfies the criteria for the marks.
- 6. The following should not be penalised:
 - working subsequent to a correct answer (unless it provides firm evidence that the requirements of the question have not been met)
 - omission or misuse of units (unless marks have been specifically allocated for the purpose in the Marking Instructions)
 - bad form, eg sin $x^\circ = 0.5 = 30^\circ$
 - legitimate variation in numerical values/algebraic expressions.
- 7. Full credit should only be given where the solution contains appropriate working. Where the correct answer may be obtained by inspection or mentally, credit may be given, but reference to this will be made in the Marking Instructions.
- 8. In general only give credit for answers if working is shown. A wrong answer without working receives no credit unless specifically mentioned in the Marking Instructions. The rubric on page one of the question paper states that 'full credit will be given only where the solution contains appropriate working'.
- **9.** Sometimes the method to be used in a particular question is explicitly stated; no credit should be given where a candidate obtains the correct answer by an alternative method.

- **10.** Where the method to be used in a particular question is not explicitly stated, full credit must be given for alternative methods which produce the correct answer.
- **11.** Do not penalise the same error twice in the same question.
- 12. Do not penalise a transcription error unless the question has been simplified as a result.
- **13.** Where a solution has been scored out and not replaced then provided the solution is legible marks should be awarded in line with the Marking Instructions for that question.
- 14. Where more than one solution is given, mark them all and award the least mark.
- 15. The symbols \checkmark and \times are used in the Marking Instructions to give guidance regarding the awarding of marks for specific candidate responses to some questions, eg 'award $2/4 \checkmark \times \times \checkmark$ ' indicates that the 1st & 4th marks should be awarded but the 2nd & 3rd marks should not.

Question		Expected Answer/s	Max Mark	Additional Guidance
1	a	Ans: 2.71 • ¹ calculate $8.31 - 5.6$: 2.71	1	
1	b	Ans: 11.6 • ¹ calculate 0.029×400 : 11.6	1	
1	c	Ans: 124 • ¹ calculate $^{2}/_{7}$ of 434 : 124	1	
2		 Ans: ²/₅ ¹ find probability: ⁸/₂₀ ² simplify fraction: ²/₅ 	2	 Correct answer without working award 2/2 2/3, 3/5 (no working necessary) award 1/2 ×√ Final answer must be a fraction 8:20, 2:5, 8 out of 20, 2 out of 5, 8 in 20, 2 in 5, 8-20, 2-5, 0.4, 40% award 1/2 √×
3	a	Ans: £310.47 • 1 calculate gross pay: 229.84 + 45.63 + 35.00 = 310.47	1	1. Answer may appear in payslip.
3	b	Ans: £234.04 • ¹ calculate net pay: 310.47 - 76.43 = 234.04	1	1. Answer may appear in payslip
3	С	 Ans: £19·25 •¹ know how to calculate pension: 76·43 - (34·70 + 22·48) •² calculate pension: 19·25 	2	 Correct answer without working award 2/2 Answer may appear in payslip. 2nd mark only available for a repeated subtraction or equivalent.

Part Two: Mathematics Intermediate 1: Paper 1, Units 1, 2 and Applications

Question		Expected Answer/s	Max Mark	Additional Guidance
4		 Ans: £176 •¹ know how to calculate commission: 30% of (620 - 200) •² calculate commission: 126 •³ calculate total pay: 126 + 50 = 176 	3	 Correct answer without working award 3/3 The 2nd mark is available for correctly calculating 30% of any amount e.g. (a) 186(30% of 620) + 50 = 236 award 2/3 ×√√ (b) 30% of 200 = 60 (×3 = 180) → 180 + 50 = 230 award 2/3 ×√√ (c) 30% of 200 = 60 (×3 = 180) award 1/3 ×√× The 3rd mark is only available for adding 50 to a previously calculated value; it is not available if there is invalid subsequent working e.g. (a) 30% of 420 + 50 + 420 = 596 award 2/3 √√× (b) 620 + 50 = 670 award 0/3
5		Ans: 375km, 220° • measure distance on map: $7.5 \text{ (cm)}[\pm 0.2 \text{ cm}]$ • calculate actual distance: $7.5 \times 50 = 375 \text{ (km)}$ • * find bearing: 220 [±2] (award 1 for 40 [±2] or 140 [±2])	4	 Correct answer without working award 4/4 2nd mark is not available for multiplying a whole number by 50

Question		n	Expected Answer/s	Max Mark	Additional Guidance
6	a		Ans: 6 • ¹ find mode: 6	1	
6	b		Ans: 4 • ¹ find range: $9-5=4$	1	
6	c		Ans: 6.48 • 1 complete table: $ \begin{array}{c} 240 \\ \underline{63} \\ 1296 \end{array} $ • 2 know to divide Σfx by 200: 1296 \div 200 • 3 correctly divide Σfx by 200: = 6.48	3	 Award of 1st mark: 240, 63 and 1296 need not appear in table but must be shown in working 2nd mark may only be awarded for attempting Σfx ÷ 200 <u>Answer</u> <u>With evidence</u> <u>Without evidence</u> <u>for 1st mark</u> <u>for 1st mark</u> 6·48 3/3 √ √ 2/3 × √ √ 259·2 [1296 ÷ 5] 1/3 ✓ × 0/3 Disregard subsequent rounding after a division e.g. (a) 1296 ÷ 200 = 6·48 = 6·5 award 3/3 (b) 1296 ÷ 200 = 6·5 b) 1296 ÷ 200 = 6·5 c) 1296 ÷ 200 = 6·5 c) 1296 ÷ 200 = 6·5 award 2/3 √ √ × Accept Σfx ÷ 100 × 2 as evidence of knowing to divide Σfx by 200

Question		Expected Answer/s	Max Mark	Additional Guidance
7	a	Ans: 360 cm ³ • ¹ know how to calculate area of end: $\frac{1}{2} \times 8 \times 6$ • ² know to multiply area of end by 15: $\frac{1}{2} \times 8 \times 6 \times 15$ • ³ carry out all calculations correctly: 360	3	 Correct answer without working award 3/3 24 [½ × 8 × 6] (no working necessary) award 1/3 √×× 2nd mark only available for knowing to multiply calculated 'area' by 15 e.g. (working must be shown) (a) 48(8 × 6) × 15 = 720 award 2/3 ×√√ (b) 14(8 + 6) × 15 = 210 award 2/3 ×√√ Accept e.g. 24 × 10 × 5 as evidence of knowing to multiply 24 × 15 3rd mark is not available for correct answer to (number ≤ 10)×15 or 100×15 e.g. √(6²+8²) → 10×15 = 150 award 1/3 ×√×
7	b	Ans: 9 cm • 1 correct method: e.g. $4 \times 10 \times h = 360$ or $360 \div 40$ • 2 calculate height of cuboid: 9	2	 Correct answer without working award 2/2 Answer to (b) must be consistent with answer to (a) [no working necessary] Do not accept 'answer to (a) - 40' as evidence of correct method e.g. 360 - 40 = 320 award 0/2

Question		n	Expected Answer/s	Max Mark	Additional Guidance
8	a		Ans: -11 • multiply $-3 \times (-2)$ correctly: 6 • subtract 17 correctly: 6 $-17 = -11$	2	 Correct answer without working award 2/2. -23 (no working necessary) award 1/2 ×√ 11 with no working award 0/2
8	b		Ans: 9 • 1 add 17 correctly: -35 + 17 = -18 • 2 divide by -2 correctly: $-18 \div (-2) = 9$	2	 Correct answer without working award 2/2. Answer may appear in the number machine or equivalent e.g. 9 × (-2) = -18-17 = -35 -9 (working must be shown) award 1/2

TOTAL MARKS FOR PAPER 1

30

[END OF MARKING INSTRUCTIONS]