## 2010 Latin

## Advanced Higher - Interpretation

Finalised Marking Instructions

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## SECTION A - CICERO AND LETTER-WRITING

Marks

1. (a) come to games
bodily weakness
disapproval
Cicero happy on both counts
Award one mark for each of the four points 4
(b) broad/vulgar farces
communis $=$ open to all (not sophisticated)
OR
semisomni
Award one mark for each of the points 2
(c) (i) orators trained by actors
deliciae tuae
Award one mark for each of the two points 2
(ii) $\quad$ voice failed
should have retired
Award one mark for each of the two points 2
(d) (i) gladiators 1
wasting effort put into task + oil for lighting when task being done $\mathbf{2}$
(ii) no fun
admiratio...vulgi $O R$ homini...polito
the astonishment of the mob/he is a man of refinement
Award one mark for each of the three points 3
(e) (i) "I almost ruptured myself" with the effort of a defence trial $\mathbf{1}$
impress Marius OR just to make Marius laugh at the picture $\mathbf{1}$
(ii) rushing about in a small sedan chair $\quad \mathbf{1}$
witty combination OR incongruous $\mathbf{1}$

## Marks

2. (a) (light) reading 1
morning
Stabiae/Bay of Naples 1
(b) don't skip about in authors or genres
only read and reread well used authors of genius
acquire texts; learn one every day
Award one mark for each of the three points
3
3. (a) All agree on decent treatment of slaves
any relevant evidence, one piece from each author, for one point each (examples: 14, lines 4-6; 27, lines 1-7; 35, lines 1-9)
(b) (line 27) recognition of slaves' maltreatment (line 3ff)

BUT acceptance of right to strike others' slaves (line 33ff) Macedo's father a slave hence his unexpected cruelty1
Slaves naturally brutal despite master's kindness (lines 24-26) ..... 1

Explained by Pliny's mixed feelings/seeing both sides of the argument/trying to be open minded1

Social milieu OR acceptance of current mores $\quad \mathbf{1}$
4. (a) Similarities:
references to/presence of magistrates; admiration of the Senate; personal rivalry; heckling and violent argument; provincial governors on trial; removal of governors/celebrity trials; oratorical skills

Award two marks for each of two points given, supported by textual references

Differences:
Cicero: general sense of vigour and violence
Pliny: no physical violence
Cicero: insults and verbal abuse
Pliny: none
Cicero: all Italy unification
Pliny: no such aim
Award two marks for each of two points given, supported by textual references
(b) Details of bath house noise, exercises, massage, ball games, brawls, chasing thieves, sausage-sellers, drink-sellers, pastry-sellers, other hawkers, carriages in streets, carpenters sawing, coxswains on boat, musicians tuning horns and flutes, armpit plucking etc
(c) Can control mind to blot out distracting noises ..... 1
(contradiction) will move out of flat ..... 1
just testing himself...he is a Stoic ..... 1
5. (a) Must discuss each author from diary AND from blog perspective Must refer to text
Must refer to all three authors
If only two authors discussed, award maximum 9/17
For effective structure, award up to three marks

Maximum 20

## OR

(b) Must cover similarities AND differences

Must cover both parts of the question
Must refer to the text
Must refer to all three authors
If only one part covered, award maximum 9/17
If only two authors covered, award maximum 9/17
For effective structure, award up to three marks

Maximum 20

Total 75
(Scaled to 100)

## SECTION B - OVID AND LATIN LOVE-POETRY

## Marks

1. (a) heat aestus; half-open shutters pars adaperta pars clause fenestrae; half light lumen silvae, crepuscula etc; one piece of furniture/bed/couch toro; figure of poet lounging on couch/bed apposui membra

Award one mark for each of five points 5
(b) 'modest girl' 1
unbelted tunic (tunica recincta) (seductive) $\quad 1$
parted hair loose to neck (coma dividua, tegente colla) $\mathbf{1}$
(c) beauty (formosa)
sexual promise (in thalamos)
many men (multis viris)
confidence because of her beauty (like Queen and courtesan)

Award one mark for each of these points
(d) (i) not genuine cum pugnaret tamquam quae vincere nollet/victa est proditione sua
(ii) Transparent material (provocative)
(e) lines 17-18 she stood (calm) (anticipatory)
lines 19-22 exclamations quos! quales! quam! quantum et quale! quam!
line 19 vidi > line 19 tetigi > line 24 pressi (sequence seeing > touching)
rhetorical question
sequence of looking at her from top downwards
all of this speeds up the action
pushes reader towards the culmination

Award one mark for up to four points clearly made and two further points for comment on level of effectiveness
2. (a) (i) nothing more abundant
(ii) fine in texture
(iii) Delicate or like down

## Award one mark for each of the three points

(b) not charmed by rival
not washed in water cursed by witch not victim of ravaging disease

Award one mark for each of the three points
(c) wig
made from hair of a German captive/slave
Award one mark for each of the two points
(d) holds former hair in hand
gazes at it
Award one mark for each of the two points
(e) Assaulted mistress or messed up her new hair do or grabbed hair off her forehead (and scratched her cheek)
hurt; in tears; said nothing; too scared; frozen silence; speechless tears;
bewildered; face pale and bloodless; numb; shuddered; tears like melting snow; thrust away his hands

## Award one mark for each of the four different types of reaction

(f) more believable components:
lover returns from party
lover late
lover drunk
mistress falls asleep waiting up for lover
falls asleep with head in hands
lover tries to kiss/cuddle her without waking her
lover can't keep hands off her because she is so beautiful asleep
strokes hair
moon accidentally wakes girl
she talks to him
she is a realistic combination of hurt and angry
she weeps
Award one mark for each of five points clearly defined as 'realistic'
*A negative viewpoint is acceptable provided it is supported by appropriate evidence.

## 3. (a) Catullus:

disillusioned; wistful; remembers how special and pure his love for her once was; still intends to sleep with her but despises her; she is seen as cheap; violent reaction to love, no longer cherishing her; doesn't even like her any more; will stay with her but will use her as she is using him.

## Tibullus:

feels he is her slave; burning with anguish/pain; bitter; she demands with cupped hands; he has tried to win her over with his poetry and failed; she shuts him out; she prostitutes herself by making him pay; tears; arguments; she will die unloved; he will sell home to raise money for her; claims he will drink magic potion to make her love him; he intends to stay with her and suffer.

Award up to a maximum 10 marks
No more than 6 marks should be awarded for details of one poet's reaction.
(b) Horace:
has broken free; left her behind; sees her 'beauty’ for what it really is ie false glitter; sees her personality through realistic eyes, her self-obsession, her 'using' of men; she is seeing a new lover; Horace pities the new lover; she is temperamental/moody; she is shallow; he is proud that he has 'survived' the affair; he is delighted to have walked away.

Award one mark for each of five points clearly made with reference to the text.
4. (a) Must cover both parts of the question

Must make reference to the text
Must refer to at least three poets
If only one poet covered, award maximum 8/17
If only two poets covered, award maximum 11/17
For effective structure, award up to three marks
OR
(b) Must cover at least three components of the question Must make reference to the text Must give reasons for choice of examples Must refer to at least three poets If only one poet covered, award maximum 8/17 If only two poets covered, award maximum 11/17 If only one component covered, award maximum 4/17 If only two components covered, award maximum 8/17 If only three components covered, award maximum 12/17 For effective structure, award up to three marks.

