

2013 Home Economics

Standard Grade Credit

Finalised Marking Instructions

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Part One: General Marking Principles for Home Economics Standard Grade Credit

This information is provided to help you understand the general principles you must apply when marking candidate responses to questions in this Paper. These principles must be read in conjunction with the specific Marking Instructions for each question.

- (a) Marks for each candidate response must <u>always</u> be assigned in line with these general marking principles and the specific Marking Instructions for the relevant question. If a specific candidate response does not seem to be covered by either the principles or detailed Marking Instructions, and you are uncertain how to assess it, you must seek guidance from your Team Leader/Principal Assessor.
- (b) Marking should always be positive ie, marks should be awarded for what is correct and not deducted for errors or omissions.

GENERAL MARKING ADVICE: Home Economics Standard Grade Credit

The marking schemes are written to assist in determining the "minimal acceptable answer" rather than listing every possible correct and incorrect answer. The following notes are offered to support Markers in making judgements on candidates' evidence, and apply to marking both end of unit assessments and course assessments.

Markers' Meeting

You should use the time before the meeting to make yourself familiar with the question paper, instructions and the application of these marking instructions to any scripts which you have received. Do **not** undertake any final marking until **after** the meeting. Please note any points of difficulty for discussion at the meeting.

Note: These instructions can be considered as final only after the markers' meeting when the full marking team has had an opportunity to discuss and finalise the document in the light of a wider range of candidates' responses.

Marking

The utmost care must be taken when entering and totalling marks. Where appropriate, all summations for totals must be carefully checked and confirmed.

Where a candidate has scored zero marks for any question attempted, "0" should be entered against the answer.

Recording of Marks

The mark for each **question**, where appropriate, should be entered **either** on the grid provided on the back page of the answer book, **or** in the case of question/answer books, on the grid (if provided) on the last page of the book. Where papers assess more than one element, care must be taken to ensure that marks are entered in the correct column.

The **Total** mark for each paper or element should be entered (in red ink) in the box provided in the top-right corner of the front cover of the answer book (or question/answer book).

The transcription of marks, within booklets and to the Mark Sheet, should always be checked.

Markers are reminded that they must not write comments on scripts.

	EDIT stion		EL			E L E M E N T	C O	M A R K
(a)	(i) (ii)	Cre	Interest Rate 1	0.9	ation %/Iowest APR/	н		1
				st F	Rate/cheapest			
		•	Case Study He is 18 (years old)	+	Explanation provides cheapest rate for him to borrow			
		•	He is applying for a credit card	+	will cost him less to pay back			
		 He is using the internet to buy items (for holiday) He is buying items to take on holiday getting into debt He is buying items to take on holiday 						
			debt not cleared every					
			+					
		•	He has a car	+	will cost him less to pay back			
				+	maybe less chance of getting into debt			
				+	less interest to pay back if debt not cleared every month			
				+	car expenses could be paid with the card			
				+	wages and salary may be low			
				+	may not have savings/money			

Part Two: Marking Instructions for each Question

CREDIT L	EVEL	E L E M E N T	с 0	M A R K	
Question 1	(a) (ii) (Continued)				
	Motor breakdown cover				
	 he is 18 he has a car + will save him money if the car breaks down/won't have to pay if car breaks down 				
	 he has just started working + will provide assistance if his car breaks down 				
	 he is planning a holiday (abroad) + he may not have to be without a car if it breaks down 				
	+ provides peace of mind if the car breaks down				
	+ may take the car on holiday				
	Weekly text statements				
	he is 18 he will be able to keep track				
	 he has just started of his spending/know when to stop 				
	working + helps him budget				
	 he is planning a holiday (abroad) + he will know how much he has spent/amount of credit remaining 				
	+ saves going to bank				
	+ most 18 year olds will use a mobile phone				
	(Fraud) cover when shopping online				
	he uses the Internet to + won't lose money				
	 buy items he is planning a holiday + can use the Internet without having to worry 				
	 he has just started working + won't have to pay out/not liable if someone else uses card 				
	+ safer to buy online				

	EV	EL			M E N T	C O	M A R K
Euclimit (Continued) £2,500 Credit limit/lowest/least credit available • He is 18 (years old) + will give access to extra funds /money • He has just started working + money available in case of an							
£2.500 Credit limit/lowest/least credit available							
	•	•	1	will give access to extra funds			
	•	He has just started working	+	money available in case of an emergency			
			+	he may have expenses for his new job			
			+	he may not have been paid yet			
			+	less likely to build up a large debt			
	•	he has a car	+	extra funds available in case something goes wrong with car/can use for car expenses			
	•	is applying for a credit card	+	will give him access to extra funds			
			+	money available in case of an emergency			
			+	less likely to build up a large debt			
	•	he is planning a holiday (abroad)	+	limit may be enough to pay for his holiday/purchase goods/withdraws cash			
			+	money available in case of emergency			
	L		L				

CREDIT LE	EVEL		E L E M E N T	C O	M A R K
	 (a) (ii) (Continued) he is using the internet to buy items he is buying items to take on holiday 	 + will give access to extra funds + he will be able to buy/pay for more things + less likely to go over limit dvice helpline + he might not understand some of the terms & conditions + peace of mind that advice is available (at any time) + instant help will be available if he has a problem with the card/loses card/card is stolen + advice available any time + he can contact the helpline at a time that suits/out with 			
		his work hours			

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CREDIT LEVEL

Question 1 (a) (ii) (Continued)

He has just started his first job	+	he may have expenses in his new job
He is buying items to take on holiday	+	not yet been paid/have limited disposable income
	+	may help prevent him getting into debt
	+	may allow him to spend on his car/holiday without having to pay extra
He has a car	+	may allow him to spend on car without having to pay extra
He is planning a holiday (abroad)	+	may help prevent him getting into debt
He is using internet to buy items	+	may allow him to spend on holiday without having to pay extra
Commission fre	e pi	urchases abroad
The 18 year old/he is planning a holiday	+	this will save him money
abroad	+	he won't have to pay extra when he buys things abroad
	+	allows him to use card abroad/convenient/provides peace of mind
	+	less liable to go over credit limit

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CREDIT	LEVEL	Т	0	K
Question	1 (a) (ii) (Continued)			
	Petrol reward vouchers			
	He has a car + he will save on the cost of refuelling his car/saves			
	He has just started money working			
	 He is planning a holiday (abroad) + will help him pay for petrol + may not get paid very much/ not have much money/ savings 			
	 ONE MARK for each of four points linking the information to the case study. + ONE MARK for each of four explanations relating to the needs of the 18 year old. If the candidate has chosen the wrong credit card (A or C), then markers should use their professional judgement and award marks as follows: 			
	 ONE MARK for each of four points linking relevant information to the case study. + ONE MARK for each of four explanations relating to the needs of the 18 year old. 	н		8
(iii)	Credit card A	н		1

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Question (b)	1 •	If they get into the habit of saving when in their teens, they may continue this positive habit into adulthood			
	•	The teenager can set goals and save towards an identified reward			
	•	May help prevent future debt			
	•	They may benefit from interest payments			
	•	If they are regularly saving money, prevents them wasting money on impulse purchases			
	•	Helps to create an interest in money and the value of goods			
	•	Helps them to know the difference between needs and wants/ essentials & non-essentials			
	•	Helps with their numeracy skills			
	•	Teaches money management/budgeting			
	•	Useful for emergencies/(unexpected) bills			
	•	In case of redundancy/illness/accident			
	•	To allow purchase of more expensive items			
	•	(To build up reserve) for marriage/children/old age/ College/University			
	•	To purchase luxury items/socialise/holidays			
	•	(To build up a reserve)(as a deposit) for flat/house/furniture/ fittings			
	•	To purchase gifts			
	•	Less reliant on parents/ more independent	KU		2
	•	To pay rent/mortgage			
	0	NE MARK for each correct reason.			

CREDIT LEVEL

Question 1

Facto	r Explanation
1. Fastenings	clothing should be quick/ easy to put on/remove in case the teenager is running late (in the morning)
	 should not contain any fastenings that pose a safety hazard to the teenager
	 fastenings should be adjustable to allow for growth/fit
2. Ease of care	may need to be washed frequently/dried quickly depending upon the teenager's activities
	 saves (parents) time washing/ drying/prevents the need to take to a dry cleaners
3. Colour Aesthetics/appea	clothing could be chosen to suit the particular likes/ dislikes/sex of the teenager
Comfort	 clothing could be chosen to fit in with seasons/fashion/ uniform/peer group
	 allows for the teenager's clothing to be mixed/ matched
	 to prevent rubbing/irritation/chafing
	 allow for freedom of movement

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CREDIT LEVEL	REDIT LEVEL				
Question 1 (c) (Continued)	EDIT LEVEL estion 1 (c) (Continued) 4. Health • the teenager may have allergies to certain fabrics/ fibres which need to be taken into account when choosing clothing • soft fabric may be chosen if the teenager has sensitive skin 5. Environmental issues/ Moral issues • may chose organically/ ethically produced textiles/clothing 6. Personal taste/ likes & dislikes • clothing may be chosen to reflect the personality of the teen • clothing may be chosen to reflect an image • clothing may be chosen to reflect an image • clothing may be chosen to reflect an image • clothing may be chosen to reflect an image • clothing may be chosen to reflect an image • clothing may be chosen to reflect an image • Clothing may be chosen to reflect an image • clothing may be chosen to reflect an image • clothing may be chosen to reflect an image • clothing may be chosen to reflect an image • clothing may be chosen to reflect an image • clothing may be chosen to reflect an image • clothing may be chosen to reflect an image • clothing may be chosen to reflect an image • clothing may be chosen to reflect an image • clothing may be chosen to reflect an image • clothing the teenager may take part in sport/occasion wear • the teenager may take part in sport/require specialist clothing 8. Safety • clothing for the teena				
4. Health	allergies to certain fabrics/ fibres which need to be taken into account when				
	the teenager has sensitive				
	ethically produced				
	reflect the personality of the				
	item is endorsed by a role model the teenager may				
participate in spor	rt/ in sport/require specialist				
8. Safety	 clothing for the teenager should not contain any items/have any attachments that pose a safety hazard 				
	 reflective strips may be an option if the teenager walks to school 				
9. Design features	Explanation needs to justify design feature to teenagers				

CREDIT L Question 1	EVEL (c) (Continued)		E L E M E N T	C O	M A R K
	10. Size/age/length 11. Make/label/brand Fashion/style	 clothing should be the right size/age for the teenager to ensure comfort/a good fit/ safety/aesthetic appeal clothing may be chosen to reflect interest in a particular brand/make/label/trend teenagers may want to choose clothing that is endorsed by a particular celebrity brand identity may be important for teenagers peer pressure may influence 			
	12. Elasticity/stretchy 13. Type of fabric	 the choice (of a certain brand/trend) so that clothing doesn't lose shape when worn/playing/ sitting down whilst at school so that clothing doesn't restrict teenager's movement for comfort whilst the teenager is sitting down at school/doing activities Explanation to justify 			

CREDIT LEVEL		E L E M E N T	CO	M A R K
Question 1 (c) (Continued)				
14. Absorbency	 to absorb perspiration to ensure comfort for the teenager 			
	 for comfort when the teenager is active/ participating in sports 			
15. Crease resistance	to prevent the need for ironing/save the parent/teenager time ironing			
	 to allow the clothes to remain smart/good appearance when the teenager is wearing them 			
16. Durability	• to allow the clothes to withstand wear & tear of a teenager			
	 the clothes won't need to be replaced so often/saves teenager/parents money 			
	 able to withstand frequent washing from teenager's activities 			
	 Parents/teenagers may lack money 			

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Question 1 (c) (Continued)			
 17. Stain resistance any stains the teenager picks up should be able to be removed so clothes stay looking smart may reduce requirement for daily washing if teenager's clothes are less liable to stain 			
18. Flame resistant • Legal requirement for the teenagers nightwear to be flame retardant			
 19. Warmth/cool clothing chosen for the teenager should take account of where/when it will be worn – to keep warm whilst walking to school a hood may be an option for the teenager to keep them warm/dry if they walk to 			
ONE MARK for each identified factor relating to choosing clothing for a teenager. ONE MARK for each of two points linking the information to the teenager.) ж и		4

Е L Ε Μ Μ Ε Α Ν С R **CREDIT LEVEL** т 0 Κ Question 1 (d) Source of Information Explanation Which? Magazine can get an idea as to what is • considered the "best buy" thousands of product reviews • and recommendations • can choose a product to meet specific needs Magazines/TV/ • provide product reviews/best newspapers buy recommendations Internet/Internet allows research to be • comparison websites undertaken into different products/price comparisons/ customer reviews Friends/Relatives/ their advice/guidance can be • Colleagues/bloggers sought prior to purchase Shop Assistants/customer they may/may not be able to • service/customer helpline provide useful information on the products they sell Consumer Advice Centre trained advisers provide free • impartial advice Consumer Direct Website/ allows research to be • Telephone helpline undertaken, to avoid potential pitfalls before purchasing goods, plus support should there be any issues with the goods purchased Citizens Advice Bureau/ provide free/confidential/ • Scotland impartial customer advice ONE MARK for each of two correctly identified sources. KU 4 **ONE MARK** for **each** of **two** correct explanations.

CREDIT	LEVEL	E L E M E N T	C	M A R K
Question	2			
(a)	Nutrient - Energy • the daily food intake provides more energy than is required Explanation • Energy is required for physical activity/all body activity Consequence • As the Primary 7 girl is inactive/spending time doing puzzles/catching up on school work/she will be less likely to burn off the excess energy, increasing her chances of obesity/storing excess as body fat/energy could be converted to fat/resulting in weight gain			
	Nutrient - NSP/dietary fibre/fibre • the daily food intake provides less NSP/fibre than is required Explanation • NSP/fibre is required to help remove waste products/faeces from the body • A diet rich in NSP/fibre slows down the digestive process, giving a feeling of fullness for longer • NSP gives a feeling of fullness, thus helps prevent snacking on fatty and sugary foods • NSP/fibre helps to prevent constipation/diverticular disease/bowel disorders • Helps to mop up poisonous toxins found in waste products			

CREDIT	LEV	EL	E L E M E N T	C O	M A R K
Questior	n 2 (a)) (Continued)			
	Co	onsequence			
	•	As she is inactive/spending her time doing puzzles/catching up on school work/a lack of NSP may increase her risk of constipation/diverticular disease/bowel disorders (only accept if not given as a function)			
	•	As the P7 girl is inactive/spending time doing puzzles, she may feel uncomfortable/bloated/suffer abdominal pain/ flatulence			
	•	As she is consuming less NSP than required, she won't have to worry about NSP binding with calcium, making it unavailable, which is important as she recovers from her broken leg			
	Nu	utrient – Protein			
	•	the daily food intake provides more protein than is required			
	Ex	cplanation			
	•	Protein is required for <u>growth</u> , <u>repair and maintenance</u> of (tissues/cells/muscles)			
	•	Excess protein is used as a secondary source of energy			
	Co	onsequence			
	•	The Primary 7 girl will still be growing therefore the additional protein may be used for normal growth			
	•	As the Primary 7 girl is inactive/doing puzzles/catching up on school work/any extra protein may not be used and could be stored as body fat			

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Question 2	(a) (Continued)			
Γ	Nutrient - Iron			
	 the daily food intake provides less Iron than is required 			
	Explanation			
	 Iron is required to form haemoglobin/red blood cells (which carry oxygen around the body) 			
	To help prevent anaemia			
	Consequence			
	 The Primary 7 girl may be more likely to suffer from anaemia/tiredness/lack of concentration, especially as she is inactive/spending her time doing puzzles/catching up on school work 			
	 The P7 girl may require the extra iron to compensate for monthly blood loss during menstruation thus is more likely to be tired/lack concentration/suffer from anaemia (only accept anaemia if not given as a function) 			
	Nutrient - Calcium			
	 the daily food intake provides less Calcium than is required 			
	Explanation			
	 Calcium is required for the formation/maintenance/ development of strong bones and teeth 			
	 Required for normal blood clotting 			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 For normal functioning of nerves and muscles 			
	To prevent rickets/osteoporosis			

CREDIT LEV	/EL	E L E M E N T	C	M A R K
Question 2 (a) (Continued)			
•	onsequence As the Primary 7 girl is still growing, lack of calcium could result in poor development/lack of strength in her bones & teeth			
•	As the P7 girl has broken her leg, lack of calcium could result in delayed/poor healing of the bone break			
•	As the P7 girl has broken her leg/is inactive/spends time doing puzzles/school work/lack of calcium may lead to underdevelopment of the P7 girl's bone density/increase her risk of brittle bones/osteoporosis in later life. (only accept osteoporosis if not given as a function)			
	utrient – Vitamin C			
•	the daily food intake provides less Vitamin C than is required			
E	xplanation			
•	Vitamin C is required to help in the formation of connective tissue.			
•	Vitamin C is required to help the absorption of iron.			
•	Vitamin C is required to prevent infections.			
•	Vitamin C is required to help form the walls of the blood vessels.			
•	Vitamin C is required to help prevent scurvy.			
•	Vitamin C is an antioxidant/part of the ACE group of vitamins which help reduce the risk of free radical damage/ coronary heart disease/some cancers			

CREDIT LEVEL	E L E M E N T	C O	M A R K
Question 2 (a) (Continued) Consequence • Lack of Vitamin C may mean the iron in the P7 girl's diet is not absorbed therefore increasing her risk of suffering from			
 anaemia/tiredness/lack of concentration whilst doing her puzzles/school work As a Primary 7 girl lack of Vitamin C may mean cuts and wounds don't heal properly Lack of Vitamin C may delay the repair of her skin/bone as a result of breaking her leg 			
 ONE MARK for each of four points explaining how the daily intake does/does not meet the DRV. ONE MARK for each of four explanations relating to the function of the nutrient/energy/NSP. ONE MARK for each of four points explaining the consequence to the Primary 7 girl of having too much/too little/the correct amount of the nutrient/energy/NSP. 			
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Questio	n 2			
b)	STORAGE			
	 Keep (fruit/vegetables/Vitamin C rich foods) in an airtight container 			
	 Avoid exposure to air/oxygen for (fruit/vegetables/Vitamin C rich foods) 			
	 Store (fruit/vegetables/Vitamin C rich foods) in a fridge/salad drawer/in the dark/in 'stay fresh' bags 			
	 Do not store (fruit/vegetables/Vitamin C rich foods) for long periods of time/use quickly/freeze 			
	 Buy (food) as fresh as possible to avoid the need for long storage 			
	Avoid exposure to light			
	Try to avoid bruising/bashing			
	PREPARATION			
	 Do not prepare (fruit/vegetables/Vitamin C rich foods) too far in advance 			
	 Do not use blunt knife to prepare (fruit/vegetables/Vitamin C rich foods) 			
	 Do not cut (fruit/vegetables/Vitamin C rich foods) too small/ expose too much surface to oxygen 			
	 Avoid the use of alkalines when preparing (fruit/vegetables/ Vitamin C rich foods) 			
	Do not soak (fruit/vegetables/Vitamin C rich foods) in water			
	 Avoid peeling/removing too much skin from (fruit/ vegetables/Vitamin C rich foods)/peel thinly/scrub 			
	Use acids (such as lemon juice) to slow down loss of Vitamin C (By oxidation)			
	ONE MARK for each step as to how Vitamin C loss can be			
	reduced when STORING food.			
	ONE MARK for each step as to how Vitamin C loss can be reduced when PREPARING food.	κυ		4

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Question 2

(c)

Nutrient	One main food source	One function
Vitamin B2	 Milk Bread (Fortified) breakfast cereals Brown rice Liver Green (leafy)vegetables Yeast Nuts Flour Meat Eggs Kidney Fish Wholegrains 	 required to maintain healthy mucous membranes aids in red cell production release of energy from protein/fat/ carbohydrates/food required for normal growth in children essential for normal tissue respiration promotes a healthy nervous system
SODIUM	 Salt Bacon/cured meats Cheese Savoury snacks Processed foods Celery salt Gravy granules Stock cubes Soy sauce Yeast extract Anchovies Food in brine Salted butter 	 helps to maintain the correct fluid balance in the body for correct muscle activity helps with nerve function/ healthy nervous system help reduce cramp

CREDIT LEVEL Question 2 (c) (Continued)		E L E M E N T	C O	M A R K
FOLIC • (Fortified) ACID • Wholegrain/w wheat/bread/ cereals • Nuts • Pulses • Liver/kidney/ • Dark green (i vegetables • Kiwi fruit ONE MARK for correctly identify each of three nutrients. ONE MARK for each correct fur	wholeblood cells/-reduces the risk of/prevents neural tube defects (in pregnancy)/spina bifida/offal leafy)-(working with iron), prevents anaemia-(working with iron), prevents anaemia-normalises brain function-synthesises DNA	ĸu		6

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uestio	13			
a)	Information, 400/ factor than the lititianal survey			
	Information: 40% faster than traditional ovens			
	Case Study:			
	the parents work full-time the shildren attend after school activities 5 days a weak			
	 the children attend after school activities 5 days a week they are a family of faur 			
	they are a family of four Function: food is ready quicker/cooks food quickly/fast			
	Explanation:			
	 + the family will be able to eat soon after getting home/ may be hungry 			
	 the children can eat before they do homework/relax they won't have to wait for their meal(s) 			
	 + less likely to snack before meal 			
	+ saves energy/lower energy bills			
	+ they won't have to rely on ready meals/ takeaways/ they			
	can have a home cooked meal			
	Informations Califolder Lining			
	Information: Self clean lining Case Study:			
	 the parents work full-time/energy cleaning 			
	 the parents work full-time/energy cleaning their kitchen is being renovated 			
	 family of four 			
	Function: oven cleans itself/no-one has to do it			
	Explanation			
	+ will save them time			
	 + will save them having to find/use/buy cleaning equipment/ 			
	materials			
	 + saves the parents the effort of cleaning/parents may be 			
	tired after working			
	+ avoids having to use potentially toxic/caustic/harmful			
	cleaning materials			
	+ more hygienic			
	+ may not have a sink			
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CREDIT LEVEL	E L E M E N T	C O	M A R K
CREDITLEVEL Question 3 (a) (Continued) Information: Automatic Timer Case Study: • the parents work full-time • the children attend after school activities 5 days a week • the family like to eat together • enjoy healthy meals Function: turns off automatically when food is cooked/tells family food is ready/turns on if pre set Explanation: + they can time their meal to be ready when they come home from work/evening activities + they can set the timer before they go to work so that the meal is ready when they get home + saves energy/lower energy bills + saves the family waiting for their meal(s) + veg/foods won't be overcooked/go to waste Information: Recipe book included Case Study: • a family of four • the family like to eat together • family enjoy healthy food Function: Provides ideas for meals/dishes Explanation: • to provide variety in the diet • so dishes turn out right/avoid waste • may encourage children to cook • can make use of the full range of cookery processes • can all discuss recipes to try			

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Question 3	3 (a) (Continued)			
	Information: Variety of cookery processes/roasts,steams, bakes,grills,toasts			
	Case Study:			
	 the family's kitchen is being renovated 			
	• they are a family of four/there are two children in the family			
	they enjoy healthy foods			
	Function: one appliance does it all/multifunctional Explanation:			
	+ they will have limited space whilst renovating to store more			
	than one appliance/saves space			
	+ they won't miss out on their favourite foods			
	+ the grilling/steaming option allows them to use healthy			
	cooking methods			
	+ they won't have to rely on ready meals/takeaways			
	+ they can make lots of different meals			
	+ saves money buying separate equipment			
	Information: No preheating required			
	Case Study:			
	family of four			
	the parents work full-time			
	the children attend after school activities 5 days a week			
	Function: starts cooking straight away/don't have to wait			
	for it to heat up Explanation:			
	+ they can eat soon after they get home from			
	school/work/may be hungry			
	+ meals will be ready quickly			
	+ less likely to snack before meal			
	+ saves time			
	+ can cook when the urge takes them			
	+ saves energy/lower energy bills			

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CREDIT LEVEL	N T	C O	R K
Question 3 (a) (Continued)			
Information: Height extension ring – increases oven capacity			
Case Study:			
 the family likes to eat together 			
 there are 4 in the family 			
 the parents work full-time 			
Function: to cook more food at the one time			
+ the family can cook in bulk			
+ the children may invite friends round/will feed more than 4			
+ do not need to make separate meals			
+ may cook/freeze foods for later			
Information: Portable			
Case Study:			
 the family likes to eat together 			
 their kitchen is being renovated 			
they enjoy healthy foods			
Function: can be lifted/carried/moved/used in more than			
one place			
Explanation:			
 + another room can be used (whilst their kitchen is unavailable) 			
 + allows them still to do home cooking 			
 prevents them having to buy take away meals 			
ONE MARK for each of four evaluative statements describing the suitability of the halogen oven for the family. + ONE MARK for each of four explanations identifying a	HI		8
consequence for the family.			

CREDIT LE Question 3	IVEL	E L E M E N T	C O	M A R K
(b)	Use draught excluders/draught exclusion strips Close curtains in the evening to avoid heat escaping/thermal linings in curtains Fit loft insulation Consider fitting cavity wall insulation Use energy-saving light bulbs/appliances Reduce the heat thermostat Never leave the fridge door open Shower instead of using a bath/shorter showers Insulate hot water tanks/pipes Turn off lights when not in a room Choose the right size of pan for the cooker hob/food being cooked Only fill & boil the kettle with the amount of water required Use a half/economy load on the washing machine/dishwasher/wait for full load Use a pressure cooker/microwave oven to save cooking times Make use of dual rings/half grill facilities Use top ovens when cooking smaller portions/batch bake/fill oven Don't leave appliances on standby/switch off appliances when not in use Turn off/fix leaking taps Defrost food in the fridge overnight instead of defrosting in microwave Put foil behind radiators	KU		4

Ε L Ε Μ Μ Е Α Ν С R **CREDIT LEVEL** т 0 Κ **Question 3** 2 (c) Temperature Explanation -18°C Bacteria are dormant/asleep • No bacterial multiplication is • possible at this temperature No bacterial growth, but • spores/dormant pathogens survive 82°C Bacteria are killed at this • temperature Temperature which re-heated food should reach in order to kill • (harmful micro-organisms)bacteria ONE MARK for each of two correct answers (d) Moulds Yeast KU 2 **ONE MARK** for each of **two** correct answers.

CRI	EDIT	E L E M E N T	C O	M A R K		
Que	estion	4				
(a)	(i)	High Chair – C				
		ONE MARK for correct choice of high chair	н		1	
	(ii)	Information				
		Multiple position 360° swivel seat				
		Case Study Explanation				
		 she is a pregnant/mum she has a 3 year old (child) she wants to use it later for the baby she wants to use it later for the baby the 3 year old child/baby will be able to have a different view multiple position allows her to make the baby/3 year old comfortable in different positions suitable/ comfortable for both children the won't have to strain to turn the chair around 				
		5 noint safety harness				
		 Safety (& hygiene) is important to the pregnant/mum she is a pregnant/mum she has a 3 year old (child) use later for the baby H the 3 year old/baby will be secure/won't fall out of the high chair/prevents risk of injury/cannot get out She can do other things safe in the knowledge the 3 year old won't fall out/is secure Assures her that the 3 year old/baby will be strapped in 				

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CREDIT LEVEL

Question 4 (a) (ii) (Continued)

	Use with her 3 year old and use later with the baby	++	She does not have to buy separate chairs Saves money
	use with three year old	+	suitable to use with the three year old immediately/ within this age range
		+	she can use for both children
		+	will last/can be used until the three year old reaches the age of five
•	use later for baby	+	suitable to use for the baby as soon as it is born
		+	she can use for both children
		+	saves money
		+	will last/can be used until baby reaches the age of five
		+	doesn't need to buy separate chairs
•	safety is important to her	+	she can be assured of the right size for the child/baby/children

CREDIT LEV Question 4 (a)	′EL) (ii) (Continued)		E L E M E N T	C O	M A R K
	0-:	5 years			
	7 years warra	anty/longest warranty			
•	she is a pregnant/mum she has a 3 year old (child) use later for the baby	 + if something goes wrong she will get a repair/refund/ replacement + with two children there will be a lot of wear and tear + will save her having to spend + money on a replacement if anything goes wrong + saves money + gives her peace of mind 			

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CREDIT LEVEL

Question 4 (a) (ii) (Continued)

	Dishwasher	1		
•	(safety &) hygiene is important to the pregnant/mum	+	bacteria will be killed	
•	use with the three year old	+	protects children from bacteria/food poisoning	
•	use later for baby	+	safe/clean safe to eat from the tray	
•	she is a pregnant/mum/has a 3 year old (child)/use later for baby	+	will save her time/effort (washing by hand) (as she may be busy)/is cleaned easily	
	Tool fro		ssembly	
•	she is a pregnant/mum	e a		
•	she is a pregnanomum	+	assemble stress free	
		+	she doesn't need to have any specialist tools/skills	
•	safety (& hygiene) is important to the pregnant/mum	+	she doesn't have to worry about not having the correct tools (to make sure the chair is assembled safely)	
	(Enclosed) wheel	s/(li	ift & glide)/casters	
•	needs to be is easy to move around the house	+	she can move/push/slide this high chair	
•	she is pregnant	+	can use wherever is required	
		+	won't have to strain to move the high chair/less hassle	

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CREDIT LEVEL

Question 4 (a) (ii) (Continued)

The remaining 3 points all come from 3 in 1 grow chair. Candidates can only access 1+1 marks

Resting insert for	newborn to 6 months
 safety (& hygiene) are important to the pregnant/mum 	 + she can be confident the newborn will be safe/secure in the chair insert
 can use later for the baby 	 + will provide a place for her new baby if she needs to attend to the 3 year old
	 will give the new baby somewhere to rest
 she is a pregnant/mum 	 + will provide a place for her new baby if she needs to attend to the 3 year old
	 will give the new baby somewhere to rest
	 may save her buying additional equipment/2 chairs/value for money
 she has a 3 year old 	 will provide a place for her new baby if she needs to attend to the 3 year old
Ecoding chai	r for 6 months +
 she is a pregnant/ 	+ in the future, she can use to
mum/has a 3 year old (child)	feed both children
 safety & hygiene are 	+ can be used for a long time
important to the pregnant mum	 may save money buying new chair
	+ will prevent the baby/3 year
	old having access to breakable tableware

CREDIT		E L M E N T	C O	M A R K
Question	4 (a) (ii) (Continued)			
	Play chair for 3-5 years			
	she has a 3 year old (child) + 3 year old can amuse itself/it is within age range			
	 safety & hygiene are important to the pregnant/mum gives mum time to do other things/able to look after the baby when born 			
	+ secure place for the child to play			
	 ONE MARK for each of four points linking the information to the case study. + ONE MARK for each of four explanations relating to the needs of the pregnant mum. NB if a candidate has chosen the wrong answer, then markers should use their professional judgement and award marks as follows: 			
	 ONE MARK for each of four points linking the relevant information to the case study. + ONE MARK for each of four explanations relating its importance to the pregnant mum. 	н		8
(iii)	Choice of Higher Chair for parent with poor DIY skills/limited Space – B	н		1

CREDIT I Question			E L E M E N T	C O	M A R K
(b)	Type of accident	How parent could prevent accident			
	CUT	 avoid the use of glass-topped tables use safety glass use edge guards use a stay-open door latch/finger guard don't build low shelves 			
	POISONING	 check that a carbon monoxide alarm is fitted/working use lead free/non-toxic paint/adhesive 			
	ELECTROCUTIO N/ELECTRIC SHOCK	 use socket covers plan to have sufficient sockets have sockets high up 			
	BURN/SCALD	 check that a smoke detector is fitted/ working use a radiator cover/guard no bedside light/no low lamp use a night light 			

		E L E M E N	С	M A R
CREDIT		Т	0	K
QUESTION	4 (b) (Continued)			
	FALLS/TRIPS/SLIPS• Use a door/ stair gate • Use fitted bedding • ensure sufficient lighting to ensure good visibility • do not place a rug on a highly polished floor/secure any rugs in place/use non-slip mats • window locks should be fitted • use a bed rail guard (to prevent toddler falling out of bed) • avoid positioning bed under window • use a night light • build in/provide toy storageSUFFOCATION• cut the cord to remove			
	Ioops/curtains/blinds • install child safety blinds ONE MARK for each of three accidents that could occur in a toddler's bedroom. ONE MARK for each of three explanations as to how a parent could prevent each accident.			
		KU		6

Е L Ε Μ Μ Ε Α Ν С R **CREDIT LEVEL** Т 0 Κ Question 4 (c) Point of advice Explanation 1. High standards of hygiene Young babies are at high • should be adopted when risk of gastro infections/ preparing food/equipment/ food poisoning equipment used should be sterilised sterilising equipment • should remove harmful bacteria 2. Avoid strongly flavoured/ To prevent digestive • spicy food upsets 3. Introduce new foods/ In order to detect food • variety gradually allergies Persevere with new foods To allow baby to get used • to new flavours Helps to avoid fussy eaters • 4. Temperature of food -Food that is too hot may • make sure it's not too burn the baby hot/too cold Food that is too cold could • chill the baby's stomach 5. Don't use cow's milk to Young babies digestive • mix solid food system not developed enough Give gluten free cereal To reduce risk of allergic • reaction 6. Do not include nuts To prevent choking • Child may develop nut • allergy

CREDIT LEVEL Question 4 (c) (Continued)		E L E M E N T	C O	M A R K
7. Check labels on convenience baby foods	To check content (vegetarian/allergies)			
8. Never leave baby alone when feeding	To avoid risk of choking			
9. Foods should be pureed/ mashed/soft texture/no lumps	To allow for easy digestionTo encourage chewing			
10. Peel skin off fruit and vegetables	To avoid risk of choking			
11. Seek up to date advice	To ensure weaning starts at correct age	ĸu		6
12. Do not overfeed	To prevent obesity			Ŭ
13. Use soft rounded spoons	To prevent cutting/damaging gums			
ONE MARK for each of three p ONE MARK for each of three e				

[END OF MARKING SCHEME]

Standard Grade Home Economics Coverage of Course Objectives

Question	Unde	ledge and erstanding	Marka	Handling Information		Morko
Question	CO1	CO2	Marks	CO3	CO4	Marks
1 a (i) (ii) (iii) b		2	10	1	1 8	10
c d	4 4					
2 a					12	
b	4		10			12
с	6					
d						
	a	4			8	
3 (2	4	8			8
a (i (ii 4)	6	12	1	1 8	10
t		6				
Totals Year: 2013		18	40	2	38	40

Year: 2013

Paper: Credit

Standard Grade Home Economics Coverage of Essential Knowledge in Knowledge and Understanding Element

Year: 2013

Paper: Credit

Question		Indicate Marks available for each Sub-Question								
	-	Α	b	С	D	е	f	g	h	
1.	b c							4	2	
	d								4	
2.	b		4							
	с	6								
3.	b						4			
	с				2					
	d				2					
4.	b					6				
	с			6						
Totals		6	4	6	4	6	4	4	6	

Credit Level Reference sources for Knowledge and Understanding questions

Bibliography

Question	Source	Author/Publisher	Information
1 (b)	LT Scotland website	Higher Still	P15
	Int 2 HFT Essential	Development	
	Knowledge	Program	
	SG Course Notes	Alastair MacGregor	P13 – info on Vit B2
1 (c)	Examining Food & Nutrition	Jenny Ridgwell	P33 – info on Vit B2
	SQA Past Papers 2003 Q1(d)	SQA	Info on folic acid
2 (b)	Int 2 LCT and Fabric &	SQA	Info on factors
	Fashion past papers		affecting choice of
			garments/fabric
2 (d)			properties
	SG Course Notes	Alastair MacGregor	P106 – buying goods
			& services
3 (b)	SG Course Notes	Alastair MacGregor	P74 conservation of
			resources
	www.energysavingtrust.co.uk		
3 (d)	SG Course Notes	Alastair MacGregor	P47 causes, effects
			and control of food
			spoilage
4 (a)	www.childminding.org	Website	Child Safety
	(Scottish Childminding		equipment
	Association)		
4 (b)	www.safety1st.com	Website	
	www.safetots.co.uk	Website	
4 (c)	2007 SG past paper Q3 (b)	SQA	
	marking scheme		
	Examining Food & Nutrition	Jenny Ridgwell	Weaning
	www.nhs.uk	Website	

[END OF MARKING INSTRUCTIONS]