

2011 German Higher Reading and Directed Writing Finalised Marking Instructions

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2011 German Higher Reading and Directed Writing

Marking Instructions

Question/Acceptable answers			Unacceptable answers	Irrelevant/Insufficient
1.	Describe what holiday-makers do on a typical summer's day on the island of Juist.	3 marks		
	 Holiday-makers/they sun themselves/bask/sit in the sun/sunbathe/catch/worship the sun/get a tan at/on the square/ in front of/at/outside the/a café Must have sun <u>and</u> venue Families coming back from/straight in off the beach/shore 		on the ground(s)/in the space lie/go out in the sun place on the terrace/ in the café sunbathe and go to the café	
	 (Families/They) have/do not begrudge themselves a cool/cold drink 			
	Children have/eat an ice-cream/ice-lolly			
	(3 from 4)			
2.	Read lines 9–27.			
	(a) With whom does Christine share her accommodation?	1 mark		
	 People who work/help in the big hotel(s) Helpers/Assistants/Workers/Employees/Staff in/from/of (the) big hotel(s) 		Helpers who work and stay in one of the big hotels A helper from the biggest hotel People who work with her in the big hotels	With other hotel workers

Question/Acceptable answers		Question/Acceptable answers	Unacceptable answers	Irrelevant/Insufficient
2.	(b)	What do you learn about the island of Juist and life there when the summer season is over? 4 m	arks	
		 Island 17 kilometres long and a few/not many hundred metres wide 	Less than/a small 100 metres wide Exactly 100 m wide miles	
		 Not much work/They don't get a lot of work <u>Hotel owner(s)</u> live(s) off summer income 	no work	
		 Children have to go to mainland/leave the island for (secondary/grammar/higher) school(ing)/ education 	to do gymnastics party island	
		In medical emergencies/For medical assistance reliant/you have to rely on/fly by/be airlifted by helicopter The medical problems rely on emergency helicopters Medical provision in an emergency depends on a helicopter Medical supplies/provisions provided/brought by helicopter in an emergency Emergencies have to be taken by helicopter	Medicine is only provided by helicopter in an emergency hanging from The medicine supply has a helicopter in case of emergency	Medical supplies, if needed,

Question/Acceptable answers			Unacceptable answers	Irrelevant/Insufficient
3.	Read lines 28–32.			
	What two features help holidaymakers relax and recuperate?	2 marks		
	 long white sand(y) beach(es)/shores long stretch/strips of white sand walk along/absorb long white sandy beaches 		long known sandy beaches long walks on white sandy beaches wear/ endure long white sandy beaches	
	(good) sea(side)/ocean air/breeze free of/without/away from car/exhaust fumes/emissions/ gas(es) from cars/car pollution/car exhaust/car fumes The smell of the sea without the smell of car exhaust fumes Take in the good sea air instead of car fumes Clean sea air because it is not polluted by cars Good smell of the sea and not car exhaust fumes		car waste	good sea air there are no cars around

4	Now	Question/Acceptable answers		Unacceptable answers	Irrelevant/Insufficient
4.	(a)		mark	She was the only waitress in the café Foreign help	
	(b)	 Someone else the same age came/another person her age/of similar age came/followed/ joined Another girl her age joined the café to help out She got to know/found/met/got a colleague of the same age. She learned/found out that a lot of young people/teenagers/youths from elsewhere/outside the island/out-of-town worked on the island/there She learned that a lot of foreign young people worked on the island (1 from 2) 	mark	She followed a colleague of the same age	There was a She learned that a lot of young people worked on the island

Question/Acceptable answers			Unacceptable answers	Irrelevant/Insufficient		
4.	(c)	What surprised Christine, when she started to visit the bars and pubs on the island?	1 mark			
		 The locals/residents/islanders/natives went to the same bars/pubs as the holiday-makers/ people on holiday 		The islanders like to visit the pubs just like the holiday-makers The locals went to bars with	Lots of people go to the pubs	
		Inhabitants, visitors and temporary workers all met there/You can meet everyone there/The variety of people that went there all the time		holiday makers		
5.	Rea	d lines 61–72.				
	(a)	What kind of unfortunate accident did she have in the first weeks of her job?	1 mark			
		 Cups/Mugs and glasses fell off her tray/A cup/mug and glass fell off her tray She dropped/broke cups/mugs and glasses off her tray 		She dropped a tray of/knocked over cups and glasses Cups and glasses fell off the table/fell over on the tray lots of cups and glasses fell over the tray		
	(b)	What embarrassing mistake did Christine make with one customer?	1 mark			
		She wanted to cash up at one table but did not look at the bill She tried to charge the wrong customer for 11 beers/She charged someone for beer they did not drink She gave the wrong bill (to a/the customer) She mixed up table numbers when giving the bill		She served beer to the wrong person/She delivered the wrong order She overcharged the customers She got her calculations wrong	She made a mistake with the bill She got the wrong bill	

	Question/Acceptable answers		Unacceptable answers	Irrelevant/Insufficient
6.	Read lines 73–83.			
	What are Christine's complaints about the people who attended the concert in front of the café?	2 marks		
	 They were not sympathetic/did not show any understanding/had little understanding/sense/did not understand/did not care about when/that the café wanted to close/it was closing time/they were about to close/they were about to shut the café 		had to close	
	They do not understandthat the staff want/long to go home after working a 12 hour shiftthat the staff couldn't wait to stop work after 12 hoursthat the staff want to see/yearn for an end to their 12 hour working daythat they had had enough after working 12 hoursthat the staff work 12 hour shifts and that it is their time to stop work		free evening	They do not understand that the staff have a 12 hour working day

		Question/Acceptable answers		Unacceptable answers	Irrelevant/Insufficient
7.	 (a) What gives Christine a really good feeling, when families keep coming back to the café? 2 marks • She can guess/predict what they are going to order/She knows their order before they say it/ She gets to know what they order/She can, after they have been back several times, order for them/You know what they order/She remembers their orders 		2 marks	She gets it right first time Bestellung=reservation	She knows the orders
	(b)	 the nice/friendly/good conversations/chat(s)/ talk/discussion (with them) Which customers do these positive experiences help 			They are nice to speak to When they speak nicely to her It is nice to speak to them
			1 mark	Friendly/nice guests who cannot wait 10 minutes for a coffee more than 10 minutes	Helps to cope with impatient people

Translation into English

The translation into English is allocated 10 marks. The text for translation will be divided into a number of sense units. Each sense unit is worth 2 marks, which will be awarded according to the quality and accuracy of the translation into English. In assessing the candidate's performance, the descriptions detailed below will be used. Each sense unit will be awarded one of the marks shown.

Category	Mark	Description
Good	2	Candidate has understood essential information and relevant ideas and has conveyed these clearly and accurately, with appropriate use of English.
Satisfactory	1	Candidate has understood essential information and conveyed it clearly and comprehensibly, although some of the details may be translated in an imprecise or inaccurate manner. The key message is conveyed in spite of inaccuracies and weaknesses in the use of English.
Unsatisfactory	0	The candidate fails to demonstrate sufficient understanding of the essential information and relevant details. Errors may include mistranslation and/or failure to translate relevant details.

8. <u>UNIT 1</u>

TEXT	GOOD 2	SATISFACTORY 1	UNSATISFACTORY 0
Für uns bedeutet das: Hektik.	For/To us/ourselves		Omission of <u>us</u> For them
	that/this/it means/signifies/represents meant/signified/represented it/that means/meant this:	it means that: it symbolises	Omission of that, etc it is It is important meaning that
	For us that means one thing: That is what it means for us:	For us it is nothing but	For us that mean hectic.
	(a) hectic pace/atmosphere.(a) hectic rush(es).a hectic time/hectic times(a) mad rush.hustle and bustle	: hectic the hectic rush	hell. stress. chaos. hard work.
	For us that means (that) it is (going to be) hectic.		
	That means a mad rush for us.		

8. <u>UNIT 2</u>

TEXT	GOOD 2	SATISFACTORY 1	UNSATISFACTORY 0
Bestellungen aufnehmen und servieren,	Taking (down/in) orders Record(ing)	Receiving/Receive	order numbers reservations messages
	and serving them/orders	and serving foods	Taking/Take out/up Picking/Pick up
	Taking and serving orders Orders to take and serve To take and serve orders Orders (have) to be taken and served. Orders are taken and served. Take a note of orders and serve them Take/Taking (a note of) orders and serve/serving We have to take and serve orders	Take orders and serve people/customers Serving orders and taking them the orders	

8. <u>UNIT 3</u>

TEXT	GOOD 2	SATISFACTORY 1	UNSATISFACTORY 0
nebenbei den Spülberg in Zaum halten	(whilst) at the same time at the same time as (and) in addition/additionally besides/alongside/along with as well as/incidentally while/whilst (also)	moreover also	nearby next (with) at/on the side at the same
	(having) to keep/keeping	taking care of	to keep watch of
	in check/under control a check on/check of/control of		to keep checking
	on top of/up with up to date with/a tight rein on		to keep in order
	staying in control of/on top of/ up to date with		
	the pile(s)/mountain(s)/heaps of dishes	the mountain of dish/washing/ rinsing/things in the sink	Omission of mountain/pile(s)
	the pile/mountain of washing-up the pile of dish-washing	the mountain at/in/beside the (kitchen-)sink	keeping the kitchen in check
		the amount of dishes	the kitchen pile the sink mountain/piles
	needs to be kept in check	The mountains of dishes were kept in check/low	
	There is a mountain of washing-	in chooletow	
	up to keep in check. The pile of dishes must be kept in check.		
	stopping the mountain of dishes becoming too much		

8. <u>UNIT 4</u>

TEXT	GOOD 2	SATISFACTORY 1	UNSATISFACTORY 0
und zwischendurch Geschenke aus dem Souvenirladen einpacken	and	Omission of and	
Спраскен	in between times/this/that	between	
	between times/that/this occasionally	besides every now and then	
	in between between all of that	here and there	
	meanwhile/in the meantime		
	wrap/wrapping (up) pack/packing (up) package/packaging having to wrap/pack(age) we/I have to wrap/pack(age) the wrapping of		unpacking packing away packing in stocking
	presents/gifts	the presents/gifts a present/gift souvenir shop gifts	parcels souvenirs
	from/out of the souvenir shop the souvenir shop gifts	in/at/for the souvenir shop the gift shop the souvenir shop <u>s/</u> stand	Omission of shop souvenir shops (omission of dem)
	must/have to be wrapped/packed/ packaged	are/were packed	
	we get presents from the souvenir shop to pack up		

8. <u>UNIT 5</u>

TEXT	GOOD 2	SATISFACTORY 1	UNSATISFACTORY 0
 nach solchen Tagen bin ich abends todmüde ins Bett gefallen. . 	after/on days/a day like this/that after/on such days/such a day after these/those days after these kinds of days/this kind of day		these such days some days to such days Omission of <u>after</u> at the end of the day nach=from
	I fell into (my) bed I would fall into bed I dropped into bed in the evening(s) at night by the evening of an evening	I fall into bed I drop into bed I dropped down onto the bed I went/go to bed Omission of in the evening(s)/at night at evening/by night evening	she/we I liked/am glad to go to my bed I was pleased to get to my bed I enjoyed going to bed I like bed
	dead beat dead(ly) tired totally tired so/very tired (completely)exhausted (totally/absolutely) shattered	knackered deathly tired	critically tired in a death mood tired to death sound asleep too tired
		I am dead tired when I fall into bed in the evenings. I was tired and fell	

Higher Writing

Task: Directed Writing, addressing 6 bullet points.

Assessment Process:

- 1 Assess the overall quality of the response and allocate it to a category/mark.
- 2 Check that all 6 bullet points have been addressed.
- 3 Deduct 2 marks (ie single marks, not pegged ones) for each bullet not addressed, up to a maximum of 2 bullets. If 3 or more bullets have not been addressed, the mark must be 0.

Category	Mark	Content	Accuracy	Language Resource – Variety, Range, Structures
Very Good	15	 All bullet points are covered fully, in a balanced way, including a number of complex sentences. Some candidates may also provide additional information. A wide range of verbs/verb forms, tenses and constructions is used. Overall this comes over as a competent, well thought-out account of the event which reads naturally. 	 The candidate handles all aspects of grammar and spelling accurately, although the language may contain some minor errors or even one more serious error. Where the candidate attempts to use language more appropriate to post-Higher, a slightly higher number of inaccuracies need not detract from the overall very good impression. 	 The candidate is comfortable with almost all the grammar used and generally uses a different verb or verb form in each sentence. There is good use of a variety of tenses, adjectives, adverbs and prepositional phrases and, where appropriate, word order. The candidate uses co-ordinating conjunctions and subordinate clauses throughout the writing. The language flows well.
Good	12	 All bullet points are addressed, generally quite fully, and some complex sentences may be included. The response to one bullet point may be thin, although other bullet points are dealt with in some detail. The candidate uses a reasonable range of verbs/verb forms and other constructions. 	 The candidate generally handles verbs and other parts of speech accurately but simply. There may be some errors in spelling, adjective endings and, where relevant, case endings. Use of accents may be less secure. Where the candidate is attempting to use more complex vocabulary and structures, these may be less successful, although basic structures are used accurately. There may be minor misuse of dictionary. 	 There may be less variety in the verbs used. The candidate is able to use a significant amount of complex sentences. In one bullet point the language may be more basic than might otherwise be expected at this level. Overall the writing will be competent, mainly correct, but pedestrian.

Category Mark	Content	Accuracy	Language Resource – Variety, Range, Structures
Satisfactory 9	 The candidate uses mainly simple, more basic sentences. The language is perhaps repetitive and uses a limited range of verbs and fixed phrases not appropriate to this level. In some examples, one or two bullet points may be less fully addressed. In some cases, the content may be similar to that of good or very good examples, but with some serious accuracy issues. 	 The verbs are generally correct, but basic. Tenses may be inconsistent, with present tenses being used at times instead of past tenses. There are quite a few errors in other parts of speech – personal pronouns, gender of nouns, adjective endings, cases, singular/plural confusion – and in the use of accents. Some prepositions may be inaccurate or omitted eg I went the town. While the language may be reasonably accurate in three or four bullet points, in the remaining two control of the language structure may deteriorate significantly. Overall, there is more correct than incorrect. 	 The candidate copes with the past tense of some verbs. A limited range of verbs is used to address some of the bullet points. Candidate relies on a limited range of vocabulary and structures. Occasionally, the past participle is incorrect or the auxiliary verb is omitted. Sentences may be basic and mainly brief. There is minimal use of adjectives, probably mainly after "is" eg The boss was helpful. The candidate has a weak knowledge of plurals. There may be several spelling errors eg reversal of vowel combinations.

Category	Mark	Content	Accuracy	Language Resource – Variety, Range, Structures
Unsatisfactory	6	 In some cases the content may be basic. In other cases there may be little difference in content between Satisfactory and Unsatisfactory. The language is repetitive, with undue reliance on fixed phrases and a limited range of common basic verbs such as to be, to have, to play, to watch. While the language used to address the more predictable bullet points may be accurate, serious errors occur when the candidate attempts to address the less predictable areas. The Directed Writing may be presented as a single paragraph. 	 Ability to form tenses is inconsistent. In the use of the perfect tense the auxiliary verb is omitted on a number of occasions. There may be confusion between the singular and plural form of verbs. There are errors in many other parts of speech – gender of nouns, cases, singular/ plural confusion, spelling and, where appropriate, word order. Several errors are serious, perhaps showing mother tongue interference. There may be one sentence which is not intelligible to a sympathetic native speaker. One area may be very weak. Overall, there is more incorrect than correct. 	 The candidate copes mainly only with the predictable language required at the earlier bullet points. The verbs "was" and "went" may also be used correctly. There is inconsistency in the use of various expressions, especially verbs. Sentences are more basic. An English word may appear in the writing or a word may be omitted. There may be an example of serious dictionary misuse.

Category	Mark	Content	Accuracy	Language Resource – Variety, Range, Structures
Poor	3	 The content and language may be very basic. However, in many cases the content may be little different from that expected at Unsatisfactory or even at Satisfactory. 	 Many of the verbs are incorrect or even omitted. There are many errors in other parts of speech – personal pronouns, gender of nouns, adjective endings, cases, singular/plural confusion, word order, spelling. Prepositions are not used correctly. The language is probably inaccurate throughout the writing. Some sentences may not be understood by a sympathetic native speaker. 	 The candidate cannot cope with more than 1 or 2 basic verbs, frequently had and was. The candidate displays almost no knowledge of past tenses of verbs. Verbs used more than once may be written differently on each occasion. The candidate has a very limited vocabulary. Several English or "made-up" words may appear in the writing. There are examples of serious dictionary misuse.
Very Poor	0	 The content is very basic OR The candidate has not completed at least three of the core bullet points. 	 (Virtually) nothing is correct. Most of the errors are serious. Very little is intelligible to a sympathetic native speaker. 	 The candidate copes only with "have" and "am". Very few words are correctly written in the foreign language. English words are used. There may be several examples of mother tongue interference. There may be several examples of serious dictionary misuse.

What if?	
the candidate only addresses one part of one of the introductory, predictable bullet points?	In such a case the candidate is deemed to have not addressed the bullet points and a 2 mark penalty is made (ie 2 marks are deducted from the final mark awarded). This procedure applies at all categories.
some bullet points fit into one category but others are in the next, lower category?	It is important to look carefully at which bullet points are better addressed. If the better sections include the more predictable bullet points, the marker is less likely to be generous than if the unpredictable bullet points are of a better quality. If there is a serious decline after the initial bullet points, a lower mark must be awarded. It is also important to consider the balance of the bullet points. Sometimes a candidate writes twice as much about the opening bullet points – or even bullet points which are not there – than for the four remaining bullet points. In such cases, the lower mark being considered should be awarded.
the marker is having great difficulty in deciding whether the writing is good enough to pass or not quite good enough to pass?	It is essential to consider carefully the accuracy of the verbs overall. If more verbs are correct than wrong, then it is likely that the candidate deserves to pass, unless there are many other inaccuracies in the writing.
the Directed Writing, from the point of view of content, looks as if it belongs in a top category, but where accuracy is concerned, contains some possibly serious grammatical errors in more basic structures as a result of using relatively advanced structures combined with a less than confident knowledge of the more basic structures?	This is a case where the candidate is more adventurous, but less accurate. It is always important to assess what it is the candidate can do, and thus highlight the positive. However, in such cases, it is likely that the candidate will be awarded 9.

[END OF MARKING INSTRUCTIONS]