

## 2012 Business Management Standard Grade – General Finalised Marking Instructions

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| QUE | STION 1  | KU | DM |
|-----|--|----|----|
| (a) | Give one advantage and one disadvantage of being a sole trader.  Advantages  Easy to set up/Less capital required. Keep all the profit. Make all the decisions/Decisions can be made quickly.  Disadvantages Unlimited liability. Difficult to take time off/work long hours. No one to help with decision making/Less ideas. Difficulty in borrowing money from the bank. Limited capital. Stressful. Business ends when Sole Trader dies.  | 2  |    |
| (b) | (i) Give one example of a method of field research.  Information from:  Questionnaires/Surveys. Interviews. Consumer panels. Focus groups. Internet poll. Observation.   | 1  |    |
|     | (ii) Give one advantage and one disadvantage of using field research to get information.  Advantages  Information is up-to-date. Collected for specific purpose. Exclusive to the company/first hand. Information can be gained before competitors. More accurate.  Disadvantages Expensive to collect the information. Time consuming to collect. Customers may not tell the truth (no flip). Need to have a large sample to be reliable. Can be a poor return rate (questionnaires/surveys). | 2  |    |

|     |   | KU | DM |
|-----|---|----|----|
| (c) | Identify 2 factors Jordan would consider when choosing the location for his business.  Closeness to market.   |    | 2  |
|     | <ul> <li>Closeness to supplier.</li> <li>Availability of premises/Size of premises.</li> <li>Rent of premises.</li> <li>Parking facilities available.</li> <li>Availability of trained staff in the area.</li> <li>Busy location/Success of businesses in the area.</li> <li>Government incentives.</li> <li>Location of competition (near to/away from – accept only one).</li> <li>Infrastructure.</li> </ul> |    |    |
| (d) | Other than to get a bank loan, suggest one reason why a business may have completed a Business Plan.  | 1  |    |
|     | <ul> <li>To present the aims of the business.</li> <li>To identify the market for the product.</li> <li>Monitor progress of the business.</li> <li>To help plan finances.</li> <li>To reduce risk of failure.</li> <li>To obtain advice.</li> <li>To obtain a grant.</li> <li>Show to Stakeholders.</li> </ul>  |    |    |
| (e) | Give one advantage and one disadvantage of having a bank loan as a source of finance for a business.  | 2  |    |
|     | <ul> <li>Advantages</li> <li>Money received all at once/Get money quickly/Start up faster.</li> <li>Monthly repayments – easy to budget.</li> <li>No loss of control.</li> <li>Quick and Easy to apply for loan.</li> </ul>   |    |    |
|     | <ul> <li>Disadvantages</li> <li>Requires to be paid back.</li> <li>Requires paying interest.</li> <li>Loan can be removed if problems with repayment.</li> <li>Difficult to obtain finances.</li> </ul>   |    |    |
|     | Obtaining the Finance can be either an Advantage or Disadvantages but not both.   |    |    |

| QUE | QUESTION 2   |   | DM |
|-----|--|---|----|
| (a) | From the pictures and descriptions given above, identify the primary, secondary and tertiary Sectors of Industry.  |   | 3  |
|     | Primary: Oil Drilling Secondary: Oil Refinery Tertiary: Petrol Station   |   |    |
| (b) | Suggest 2 benefits to a business of being involved in all 3 Sectors of Industry.   | 2 |    |
|     | <ul> <li>Reduction in costs. (not 'No' costs).</li> <li>Increase in profits/sales (accept separately) 'don't lose profits'.</li> <li>Control over supplies of raw materials/Control the quality.</li> <li>Control over delivery to the market.</li> <li>Reduced risk/Less chance of failure.</li> <li>Better communication.</li> <li>Have a competitive edge.</li> <li>Can sell at a cheaper price.</li> <li>Become more well-known.</li> </ul>              |   |    |
| (c) | <ul> <li>(i) Explain the term 'global brand'.</li> <li>Product/logo which is recognised throughout the world.</li> </ul>   | 1 |    |
|     | <ul> <li>(ii) Give one advantage of having a global brand.</li> <li>Increased sales.</li> <li>Increased profits.</li> <li>Reduced costs/economies of scale – use same packaging/advertising throughout the world.</li> <li>Easier to launch a new product.</li> <li>Recognition throughout the world/brand awareness.</li> <li>Customer loyalty.</li> <li>Ability to charge higher prices.</li> <li>Access to large market/Increase market share.</li> </ul> | 1 |    |
| (d) | Suggest 2 ways BP could make customers more aware of their brand.  Advertising (accept more than one method/accept 'Advertising'). Increase number of outlets. Use of sponsorship/charity events. Use of celebrity endorsement/Product endorsement. Sending e-mails. Own website/Online (Do not accept 'internet' on its own). Social media. Merchandising. Special Offers. Press Release.   |   | 2  |

|     |   | KU | DM |
|-----|---|----|----|
| (e) | Suggest 2 effects which the spillage of oil by BP could have on the business.   |    | 2  |
|     | <ul> <li>Loss of production.</li> <li>Bad publicity/Pressure groups.</li> <li>Decrease in sales.</li> <li>Loss of customer loyalty.</li> <li>Customers move to competitors.</li> <li>Increase in costs/Charges for cleaning up.</li> <li>Reduction in profits.</li> <li>Legal costs.</li> <li>Penalties.</li> <li>Loss of Business Contracts.</li> <li>Cause an oil shortage.</li> <li>Shareholders may sell their shares/Share price drops.</li> </ul> |    |    |

| QUE | QUESTION 3   |   | DM |
|-----|--|---|----|
| (a) | Suggest 2 aims of a small business like Edinbane Pottery.  Survival. Make a profit/maximise profit. Sell their goods/Maximise Sales. Provide quality goods. Good customer service. Customer loyalty. Value for money. Social responsibility. Expand/grow. Break-even. Reduce costs.  |   | 2  |
| (b) | Give one advantage and one disadvantage of using a labour intensive process to make pottery.  Advantages  Labour can adapt to suit customer requirements/unique product. Ability to do detailed work that a machine cannot do. Quality of product will be better. Can charge a higher price. Gives the company a better image. Process is more eco-friendly. Creates jobs. | 2 |    |
|     | <ul> <li>Disadvantages</li> <li>People need breaks/holidays/illness.</li> <li>Skills shortage.</li> <li>Training needed.</li> <li>Can be less accurate than machinery.</li> <li>Variety in quality of production.</li> <li>Speed of production/Time consuming.</li> <li>Need to pay wages/Expensive.</li> <li>Product can be expensive (no 'flip').</li> </ul>             |   |    |

|   |   |   | KU | DM |
|---|---|---|----|----|
| ) | -   | identify 2 possible stakeholders in cribe the interest they have in the   |    | 4  |
|   | Stakeholder   | Interest  |    |    |
|   | Employees   | Business will be successful and they will continue to have a job.   |    |    |
|   | Customers/Tourists  | <ul> <li>Shop will continue to exist so they can buy products.</li> <li>Quality products.</li> <li>Low prices.</li> </ul>             |    |    |
|   | Suppliers   | <ul> <li>Business will be successful so that they will receive more business.</li> <li>Receive payment for goods supplied.</li> </ul> |    |    |
|   | Local Community/Area  | Business is successful and brings tourists to the area.   |    |    |
|   | Government  | <ul> <li>Continues to pay taxes.</li> <li>Abides by the laws.</li> </ul>  |    |    |
|   | Lenders/Investors<br>Manager  | Money will be repaid. Business success/Job Security.  |    |    |
| ) | <ul> <li>Ability to work rotas –</li> <li>Increased motivation/s</li> <li>Improved staff morale</li> <li>Discussion can take p</li> <li>Better Communication</li> </ul> | te place/Workload can be shared. increased time off. Job satisfaction. s. blace.  | 1  |    |
| ) | <ul><li>Distribution a business</li><li>Manufacturer/Produce</li><li>Manufacturer/Produce</li></ul>   |   | 1  |    |
|   | Accept name of business  A clear Channel of Distrib   | as Manufacturer/Producer.   |    |    |

| QUE | QUESTION 4 |  | KU | DM |
|-----|------------|--|----|----|
| (a) | Fro        | m the break-even chart identify:   |    |    |
|     | (i)        | Number of paintings sold at break-even point – 15 (accept 14 & 16).                                    |    | 2  |
|     | (ii)       | Total costs at break-even point – £1,500 (accept £1,400 & £1,600).                                     |    |    |
| (b) | (i)        | Total costs are calculated by adding Fixed and Variable Costs.   | 2  |    |
|     |            | Explain the terms:   |    |    |
|     |            | Fixed Costs Costs which stay the same regardless of output.  |    |    |
|     |            | Variable Costs Costs which change with output.   |    |    |
|     |            | Must mention output/sales.   |    |    |
|     | (ii)       | For Maria Kowalska, give an example of a:  |    | 2  |
|     |            | Fixed Cost   |    |    |
|     |            | <ul><li>Rent.</li><li>Rates.</li></ul>   |    |    |
|     |            | Insurance.   |    |    |
|     |            | <ul><li>Loan repayments.</li><li>Labour.</li></ul>   |    |    |
|     |            | Variable Cost  |    |    |
|     |            | <ul> <li>Materials – paints/canvas/paint brushes/Stock.</li> <li>Electricity/utility bills.</li> </ul> |    |    |
|     |            | <ul><li>Electricity/utility bills.</li><li>Labour.</li></ul>   |    |    |
|     |            |  |    |    |

|     |      |   | KU | DM |
|-----|------|---|----|----|
| (c) | (i)  | Explain the term Total Revenue.  Total Revenue is the amount of money which the business brings in from sales.  Accept 'makes' money.  Do not accept any reference to Profit.   | 1  |    |
|     | (ii) | <ul> <li>Suggest 2 ways Maria Kowalska could increase Total Revenue.</li> <li>Increase sales/Have a sale/Reduce selling price.</li> <li>Advertise more.</li> <li>Celebrity endorsement.</li> <li>Improve quality of product eg quality of canvas/paints etc.</li> <li>Offer incentives to buy eg promotions.</li> <li>Increase the number of paintings being done ie increase production.</li> <li>Increased opening hours.</li> <li>Increase selling price.</li> <li>Open more shops/Ecommerce/Website.</li> <li>Diversify.</li> </ul> |    | 2  |

| QUE | STION 5  |   | KU | DM |
|-----|--|---|----|----|
| (a) | Suggest and justify 2 places advertisement to attract new There must be a different jus  |   |    | 4  |
|     | Suggestion   | Justification   |    |    |
|     | Newspaper  | Wide audience.  |    |    |
|     | Internet website   | Speed of access/applications being submitted.   |    |    |
|     | Job Centre   | People looking for a job visit.   |    |    |
|     | Specialised retail magazine  | Read by people who are already involved in the retail trade.                            |    |    |
|     | In Store/internal advertising  | Attracts people who are already committed to the company.                               |    |    |
|     | Recruitment agency   | Much of the work has been done by the agency/speed at which employees can be available. |    |    |
|     | Shop window Radio/TV   | People visiting the shop can be attracted.  Attract a large audience.                   |    |    |
|     | Schools/University Outdoor Media (Billboards) Transport  | Attract a large addience.   |    |    |
| (b) | (i) Give 2 items which are i   | ncluded in a Job Description.   | 2  |    |
|     | <ul> <li>Job Title.</li> <li>Responsibilities of positive who person will repories.</li> <li>Location of the job.</li> <li>Duties.</li> <li>Hours of work.</li> <li>Salary.</li> <li>Type of contract.</li> <li>Working conditions.</li> </ul>                       |   |    |    |
|     | (ii) Give 2 items which are i  | ncluded in a Person Specification.  | 2  |    |
|     | <ul> <li>Educational Qualificat</li> <li>Skills – accept only or</li> <li>Qualities – accept only</li> <li>Training.</li> <li>Experience.</li> <li>Personality.</li> <li>Physical attributes.</li> <li>Essential qualities.</li> <li>Desirable qualities.</li> </ul> | ne.   |    |    |

|     |      |   | KU | DM |
|-----|------|---|----|----|
| (c) | (i)  | Explain the term Induction Training.  | 1  |    |
|     |      | <ul> <li>Training given when a person starts a <u>new</u> job.</li> <li>Training which introduces the <u>new</u> employee to the company.</li> </ul>  |    |    |
|     | (ii) | Name and describe one other type of training.   | 2  |    |
|     |      | <ul> <li>On-the-job training – training which takes place at the workplace.</li> <li>Off-the-job training – training which takes place away from the workplace.</li> <li>Accept <u>descriptions</u> of other methods eg Cascading/ Shadowing/Inservice/Retraining/Apprenticeship).</li> </ul> |    |    |
| (d) |      | m the case study, identify one good and one service vided by Sainsbury's.   |    | 2  |
|     | ,    | Good – freshly made pizzas, homeware, clothes, fruit and vegetables.  |    |    |
|     |      | Services – insurance, home deliveries, dry cleaning. wers must be taken from the case study.  |    |    |

| QUES | QUESTION 6  |   | DM |
|------|---|---|----|
| (a)  | <ul> <li>Give 2 advantages of selling chocolates online. (Accept advantages to either Business or Customer)</li> <li>Advantages to Business <ul> <li>World wide market.</li> <li>Increased sales/profits.</li> <li>Business can reduce costs – costs of retail premises/ reduction in staffing.</li> <li>Available 24/7.</li> <li>Secure payment will be received on ordering.</li> <li>Can target promotions to customers with e-mail.</li> <li>Direct distribution.</li> <li>Eco friendly.</li> <li>Reviews can be left.</li> <li>Reduce the risk of stock theft.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Advantages to Customer <ul> <li>Ordering can be done at a suitable time for customers.</li> <li>Customers can save time by ordering online.</li> <li>Goods will be delivered to customer's home.</li> <li>Items can be reserved for collection.</li> <li>Comparisons can be made easily.</li> <li>Offers on website.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>  | 2 |    |
|      | <ul> <li>Give 2 disadvantages of selling chocolates online. (Accept disadvantages to either Business or Customer)</li> <li>Disadvantages to Business <ul> <li>High cost of starting up the system eg equipment.</li> <li>Maintenance of system.</li> <li>Problems with system breaking down/virus problems.</li> <li>Cost of distribution is high.</li> <li>Loss of customers who have not got internet.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Disadvantages to Customer <ul> <li>Cannot examine/inspect before buying/taste before buying.</li> <li>Possible problems with security of payment.</li> <li>Computer problems while ordering/viruses/difficulty in navigating.</li> <li>Delivery charges.</li> <li>Delay in receiving goods – cannot receive straight away.</li> <li>Lack of personal touch/Interaction with people.</li> <li>Product damage/loss/deterioration of quality.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Accept 'loss of customers with no access to internet/a computer/no IT skills'.</li> </ul> | 2 |    |

|     |   | KU | DM |
|-----|---|----|----|
| (b) | Study the business tasks below and complete the table by identifying the most suitable software application used.   |    | 3  |
|     | <ul> <li>Business Task One – Spreadsheet or Excel/Number/Calc.</li> <li>Business Task Two – Presentation or PowerPoint/Keynote.</li> <li>Business Task Three – Word Processing or Word/Pages/Writer.</li> </ul> Accept names of packages. |    |    |

[END OF MARKING INSTRUCTIONS]