## 2010 Biology

## Standard Grade - Credit

## Finalised Marking Instructions

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## Standard Grade Biology 2010 - Additional marking notes

## Markers Meeting

Do take clear notes of all decisions taken and use them in your marking.
Do bring up reasonable different interpretations of a question which may lead to different acceptable answers.
Do provide other responses illustrating good biology.
Do only bring up alternative responses you have actually seen.
Do try to form an idea of the minimal acceptable answer based on the marking instructions and any discussion.

Do not bring up obviously different ways of saying the same thing.
Do not bring up repeated examples of clearly incorrect answers.
Do not raise issues not directly concerning the marking instructions - put them in your report.

## During marking

There are no half marks.
In the marking instructions, if a word is underlined then it is essential; (bracketed) then it is not essential. Answers separated by / are alternatives.

Negation. A correct answer can sometimes fail to gain the mark if it is negated. This happens when: An extra incorrect answer is given together with the correct one.
Additional incorrect information is given which contradicts the correct answer, demonstrating a misunderstanding of the question. (Additional unrequired information will not negate a correct answer if it does not contradict that answer).

Do accept chemical formulae instead of chemical names.
Do accept subscript, superscript and normal script when used to identify generations in genetic crosses.
Do accept incorrect spelling if it looks or sounds reasonably correct - unless it could be confused with another biological term or is an amalgam of two or more words.
Do try to make a decision if you see a response not discussed at the markers meeting. Make a note of your decision and use it if the same response is seen again.
Do put 0 in every mark box where zero marks have been awarded.
Do check the totalling of the script marks carefully.
Do not make any written comments on the scripts. Use ticks, crosses, underlining, etc to indicate marking decisions.

## Referring scripts

Refer scripts to the Principal Assessor (PA Referral)) only in extreme cases of indecision over an answer. A relevant referral form must be completed and included with the script. The script should be labelled PA Referral.

Refer scripts for Special Attention ( $M$ ) if there is suspected malpractice or offensive remarks on the script. A report should be written on a separate piece of paper and included with the scripts. The script packet should be labelled Special Attention (M).

## STANDARD GRADE BIOLOGY - 2010 CREDIT LEVEL MARKING INSTRUCTIONS

| Qu | Acceptable answer | Mark | Unacceptable answer |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $1 \text { (a) (i) }$ <br> (ii) <br> (iii) <br> (iv) | 4 <br> Bigger sample used / Used more traps <br> Other named sampling techniques <br> Precaution Reason (must be appropriate to precaution) | 1 <br> 1 <br> 1 <br> 1 <br> 1 | More experiments / tests <br> Camouflage trap |
| (b) (i) <br> (ii) | Spider No shell $\quad$ Earthworm Spots on body Fewer than 12 legs | 1 <br> 1 <br> 1 <br> 1 | Worm <br> Spots <br> The number of legs |


| Qu | Acceptable answer | Mark | Unacceptable answer |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 (a) | Fossil fuel Limited supply / Finite / Greenhouse gas production / $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ production / $\mathrm{SO}_{2}$ <br> production / Causes acid rain / Causes global warming / Smoke causes asthma <br> Nuclear fuel Danger of radiation leaks / Waste is radioactive / Waste needs stored for a long time / <br> Description of how waste must be stored |  | Produces harmful gases / causes pollution <br> Waste is dangerous |
| (b) (i) <br> (ii) | 1 There was more food / energy for the micro-organisms <br> 2 Micro-organisms use more oxygen / More micro-organisms using oxygen - not enough for fish Organisms which give information about the environment / pollution Organisms which live in specific conditions | 1 |  |
| 3 (a) (i) <br> (ii) <br> (iii) | $27$ <br> volume or amount of water or moisture (or equivalent) / type of grass seed / pH 20 seeds used / large number of seeds used | $1$ | 5 dishes used |
| (b) | As temperature increases up to an optimum or $27^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, percentage germination increases As temperature increases further, percentage germination decreases <br> (Must identify $27^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ as the change point or state there is an optimum to get both marks) (As temperature increases, percentage germination increases then decreases $=1$ ) | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 1 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ |  |


| Qu | Acceptable answer | Mark | Unacceptable answer |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 (a) (i) <br> (ii) <br> (iii) <br> (iv) | 2 and 6 <br> 46 <br> 2 <br> Length of all the roots added together or Total length of roots <br> $+$ <br> Divide total by the number of roots <br> Both parts needed $=$ |  |  |
| (b) | Can be sure of their characteristics / Show same features or characteristics or good points as parent / All will be as successful as parent / Avoids vulnerable early stage of growth / Quicker | 1 |  |
| (c) | Clone | 1 |  |


| Qu | Acceptable answer | Mark | Unacceptable answer |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $5 \text { (a) (i) }$ <br> (ii) <br> (iii) | 1800 <br> 20.05 <br> Fewer eggs or young surviving / More chance of eggs not being fertilised / More chance of eggs or young being eaten / Eggs are less well protected <br> (answer needs a comparison) <br> No external water for sperm to swim / Sperm need fluid to swim | 1 <br> 1 <br> 1 <br> 1 |  |
| (b) | placenta <br> exchange of materials between mother and fetus or embryo or baby / passes food or oxygen or nutrients from mother to fetus etc / passes waste or urea or $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ from fetus etc to mother | $1$ $1$ | Answer suggesting placenta is the source of the food etc |

Qu

| Qu | Acceptable answer | Mark | Unacceptable answer |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (d) | Other enzymes do not break down hydrogen peroxide / Enzymes are specific / Enzymes only work <br> on one substrate / Other enzymes have different substrates | 1 |  |
| (e) | $29: 21: 1$ | 1 |  |


| Qu | Acceptable answer | Mark | Unacceptable answer |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7 (a) | 0.9 <br> No gain or loss of water at this concentration / No osmosis at this concentration / No change to cells at this concentration / They look like the untreated cells | 1 |  |
| (b) | Cells have shrunk or become crenated or crinkled up or shrivelled up <br> Water has moved out of cell by osmosis / Water has moved out of cell to a lower water concentration / Water has moved out of cell down a concentration gradient | $1$ <br> 1 | Cells have become plasmolysed / flaccid |
| $8 \text { (a) (i) }$ <br> (ii) | One muscle moves joint in one direction + second muscle needed to move joint in opposite direction One muscle bends joint + second muscle needed to straighten joint <br> Muscles contract to move bone or joint + so two muscles needed for full movement Muscles only work in one direction + so two muscles needed for full movement Muscles only work by pulling + so two muscles needed for full movement <br> Tendons are inelastic / do not stretch | $\begin{aligned} & 1+1 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ | One muscle contracts and the other relaxes |
| (b) | cartilage <br> synovial fluid <br> both correct $=$ | 1 |  |


| Qu | Acceptable answer | Mark | Unacceptable answer |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9 (a) | obesity / diabetes / high blood pressure / smoking / lack of exercise / hardening of the arteries any three $=$ | 1 |  |
| (b) |    <br> 6.9 2.6 4.4 <br> 6 2.3 0 <br> 6 correct $=$   <br> $3 / 4 / 5$ correct $=$   | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \\ & \hline 1 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |
| (c) | Changes (or example) that lead to heart disease occur at an early age / To reduce risk of heart disease later | 1 |  |
| (d) | Respiration | 1 |  |
| $10 \text { (a) (i) }$ <br> (ii) | $\begin{aligned} & 7.5 \\ & \text { Fat } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| (b) | carbon hydrogen oxygen / C H O | 1 |  |


| Qu | Acceptable answer | Mark | Unacceptable answer |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 11 (a) |  | 1 |  |
| (b) (i) <br> (ii) <br> (iii) | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 5 \\ & 0.64 \\ & 1: 9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| $12 \text { (a) (i) }$ <br> (ii) | 40 <br> Word processing causes muscle fatigue or All pupils showed muscle fatigue or No pupils had no fatigue or No pupils had very low fatigue <br> Muscle fatigue varies or not all pupils are affected the same <br> More pupils did not require urgent investigation than did <br> Any two, 1 mark each | 1 <br> 2 |  |
| (b) (i) <br> (ii) | lactic acid <br> Reduces anaerobic respiration / Allows more aerobic respiration Increased oxygen supply reduces lactic acid production | $1$ <br> 1 |  |


| Qu | Acceptable answer | Mark | Unacceptable answer |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 13 (a) (i) |  | 1 <br> 1 |  |
| (ii) | 9 million / 9000000 | 1 |  |
| (b) (i) <br> (ii) | $\begin{aligned} & 1400 \\ & \text { selective breeding (accept description) } \end{aligned}$ | $1$ <br> 1 | genetic engineering |



| Qu | Acceptable answer | Mark | Unacceptable answer |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $15 \text { (a) (i) }$ <br> (ii) | Continuous flow <br> It is immobilised / It is attached onto beads or stationary surface | 1 <br> 1 |  |
| (b) (i) <br> (ii) | bacteria <br> genes / chromosomal material / pieces of chromosome / DNA | 1 <br> 1 | chromosome |
| (c) $(\mathbf{i})$ <br> (ii) | sugar / maltose <br> destroys / removes micro-organisms which might compete with yeast / prevents competition from unwanted micro-organisms | $1$ $1$ | kills unwanted micro-organisms / prevents contamination |


| Qu | Acceptable answer | Mark | Unacceptable answer |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 6}$ (a) (i) | As lactose concentration decreases / lactic acid concentration increases |  |  |
| (ii) | Decrease in lactose greater than increase in lactic acid / <br> More lactose is lost than lactic acid is produced | 1 |  |
| (b) | 0.026 | 1 |  |

[END OF MARKING INSTRUCTIONS]

