## 2012 Biology

## Standard Grade Credit

## Finalised Marking Instructions

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## Standard Grade Biology 2012 - Additional marking notes

## Please use these notes alongside the finalised ' MARKING INSTRUCTIONS'

## Markers Meeting

Do take clear notes of all decisions taken and use them in your marking.
Do bring up reasonable different interpretations of a question which may lead to different acceptable answers.
Do provide other responses illustrating good biology.
Do only bring up alternative responses you have actually seen.
Do try to form an idea of the minimal acceptable answer based on the marking instructions and any discussion.

Do not bring up obviously different ways of saying the same thing.
Do not bring up repeated examples of clearly incorrect answers.
Do not raise issues not directly concerning the marking instructions - put them in your report.

## During marking

There are no half marks.
In the marking instructions, if a word is underlined then it is essential; (bracketed) then it is not essential.
Answers separated by / are alternatives.
Negation. A correct answer can sometimes fail to gain the mark if it is negated. This happens when:
An extra incorrect answer is given together with the correct one.
Additional incorrect information is given which contradicts the correct answer, demonstrating a misunderstanding of the question. (Additional unrequired information will not negate a correct answer if it does not contradict that answer).

Do accept chemical formulae instead of chemical names.
Do accept subscript, superscript and normal script when used to identify generations in genetic crosses.
Do accept incorrect spelling if it looks or sounds reasonably correct - unless it could be confused with another biological term or is an amalgam of two or more words.
Do try to make a decision if you see a response not discussed at the markers meeting. Make a note of your decision and use it if the same response is seen again.
Do put 0 in every mark box where zero marks have been awarded.
Do check the totalling of the script marks carefully.
Do not make any written comments on the scripts. Use ticks, crosses, underlining, etc to indicate marking decisions.

## Referring scripts

Refer scripts to the Principal Assessor (PA Referra) only in extreme cases of indecision over an answer. A relevant referral form must be completed and included with the script. The script should be labelled PA Referral.

Refer scripts for Special Attention (M) if there is suspected malpractice or offensive remarks on the script. A report should be written on a separate piece of paper and included with the scripts. The script packet should be labelled Special Attention (M).


Page 3

| Qu | Acceptable answer | Mark | Unacceptable answer |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $2 \text { (a) (i) }$ <br> (ii) | Average number of <br> mussels per quadrat Estimated number of <br> mussels per $m^{2}$ <br> 4 16 <br> Group A <br> Too few quadrats / Quadrats concentrated in one part of area / Quadrats not random Increase number of quadrats / Spread quadrat sites more / Place quadrats randomly <br> (quadrats : samples : results) | 1 1 | $\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { Experiment not repeated } \\ \text { Repeat the experiment } \\ \text { (Don't penalise twice) } \\ \text { Do more tests }\end{array}\right\}$ |
| (b) | It shows the total mass / weight of living material / organisms present in each level / stage of a food chain (Accept......food web) <br> It shows the mass / weight of all the living material / organisms present in each level / stage of a food chain (Accept ......food web) | 1 | amount |
| (c) (i) | Increase or Decrease <br> More food / plankton available/   <br> less / no competition for food   <br> or   <br> Dog whelks eat more periwinkles so Dog whelks eat more periwinkles so less  <br> fewer oystercatchers to eat mussels food for oystercatchers so they eat more  <br> mussels   <br> or <br> Stay the same - must explain both effects and say they cancel each other. <br> Decrease <br> Dog whelks eat more periwinkles <br> or <br> More plankton so more mussels so more oystercatchers to eat them | 1 1 | No competition <br> They are the dog-whelks only food |


| Qu | Acceptable answer |  |  |  |  |  | Mark | Unacceptable answer |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | Pollination |  | Seed dispersal |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |  | $\checkmark$ | All pollinations correct = All dispersals correct $=$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} 1 \\ 1 \end{array}$ |  |
|  |  | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |  |  |


| Qu | Acceptable answer |  |  | Mark | Unacceptable answer |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 (a) |  | Conscious control of actions / Memory / Decision making / Thinking / Personality / Intelligence etc | 3 correct = <br> $1 / 2$ correct = 1 | 2 | controls movement |
|  |  | Coordination (of movement) / Balance |  |  |  |
|  | Medulla |  |  |  |  |
| (b)(i) | 1:180 |  |  | 1 |  |
| (ii) | Kangaroo |  |  | 1 |  |


| Qu | Acceptable answer |  | Mark | Unacceptable answer |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 (a) | A or D <br> B or Cor E <br> B or C <br> E | 4 correct $=$ $2 / 3 \text { correct }=1$ | 2 | Additional incorrect answers negate |
| (b) | increasing increases | both correct $=$ | 1 |  |
| (c) | X carbon dioxide (concentration) / Lack of carbon dioxide <br> Y temperature / temperature too low | both correct $=$ | 1 | temperature too high |
| (d) | carbon dioxide <br> glucose <br> starch | 3 correct = $1 / 2$ correct = 1 | 2 |  |


| Qu | Acceptable answer | Mark | Unacceptable answer |  |
| ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{6}$ (a) (i) | glomerulus | $\mathbf{1}$ |  |  |
| (ii) | filtration / filtering |  |  |  |
| (iii) | amino acids / protein  <br> 1.  <br> liver  <br> 3. in the blood / plasma / renal artery | 3 correct $=$ <br> $1 / 2$ correct $=1$ | $\mathbf{2}$ |  |
| (b) (i) | 40 |  | $\mathbf{1}$ |  |
| (ii) | 15 |  |  |  |



Page 9

| Qu | Acceptable answer |  | Mark | Unacceptable answer |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $8 \text { (a) (i) }$ <br> (ii) |   <br> 10\% salt solution $\mathbf{Z}$ <br> 2\% salt solution  <br> pure water $\mathbf{Y}$ <br>  $\mathbf{X}$ <br> osmosis  <br>   | Both correct = | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| (b) |  |  | 1 |  |


| Qu |  | Acceptable answer | Mark | Unacceptable answer |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 9 (a) |  |  | Additional lines negate. <br> 1 mark each. |  |


| Qu | Acceptable answer |  |  |  | Mark | Unacceptable answer |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10 | pul | living cells tendons | inelastic | 4 correct = <br> $2 / 3$ correct $=1$ | 2 |  |



| Qu | Acceptable answer |  |  |  |  | Mark | Unacceptable answer |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 12 (a) | anchorage; nutrients; water; oxygen / air |  |  |  | any three $=$ | 1 |  |
| (b) | Colonisation by lichens and mosses / plants Death and decay of plants adds organic matter Colonisation by (other plants and) animals Continued death and decay |  |  |  | $2 / 3 \text { points }=1$ | 2 | Description of formation of small mineral particles - lose 1 mark |
| (c) |  |  | fast | low | 3 rows correct = <br> $1 / 2$ rows correct = 1 | 2 |  |
|  |  | small | slow | high |  |  |  |
|  | loam | mixed |  | medium |  |  |  |
| (d) | It contains living organisms |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |


| Qu | Acceptable answer | Mark | Unacceptable answer |
| ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 3}$ (a) (i) | micro-organism | 1 |  |
| (ii) | Injected by mosquito / by a mosquito bite | 1 | In mosquito saliva |
| (iii) | liver | 1 |  |
| (iv) | $16-20$ days | 1 |  |
| (b) | haemoglobin / oxyhaemoglobin | 1 |  |


| Qu | Acceptable answer | Mark | Unacceptable answer |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 4}$ (a) | 0.03 | $\mathbf{1}$ |  |
| (b) | 14 | $\mathbf{1}$ |  |
| (c) | $\begin{array}{l}\text { lactose } \\ \text { lactic acid } \\ \text { bacteria }\end{array}$ | $1 / 2$ correct $=1$ |  |$) \mathbf{2}$| sugar |
| :--- |


| Qu | Acceptable answer | Mark | Unacceptable answer |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 5}$ (a) | The bacteria increased for 16 hours <br> Then remained steady <br> (Needs pattern + correct time for both marks <br> Increased then remain steady $=1$ ) | $\mathbf{1}$ |  |
| (b) (i) | Any temperature in range $25-45^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ |  |
| (ii) | Some bacteria can survive temperatures up to $110^{\circ} \mathrm{C} /$ To kill endospores / resistant spores <br> To kill all bacteria | $\mathbf{1}$ | To kill bacteria / to sterilise it |



| Qu | Acceptable answer | Mark | Unacceptable answer |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 17 (a) | Digest stains / breakdown stains <br> Makes stains more soluble / so stains can be washed out | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ | react with stains |
| (b) (i) <br> (ii) <br> (iii) |  | 1 <br> 1 | type of washing powder <br> Can wash at a lower temperature |
| (c) | Different types of stains require different enzymes to digest them / One enzyme cannot digest all types of stains / Enzymes are specific to particular stains / For different types of stains <br> (Answer must refer to stains) | 1 | Enzymes are specific |

[END OF MARKING INSTRUCTIONS]

