

FOR OFFICIAL USE

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KU PS

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Total Marks

0300/31/01

NATIONAL
QUALIFICATIONS
2012

WEDNESDAY, 23 MAY
10.50 AM – 12.20 PM

BIOLOGY
STANDARD GRADE
Credit Level

Fill in these boxes and read what is printed below.

Full name of centre

Town

Forename(s)

Surname

Date of birth

Day Month Year

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Scottish candidate number

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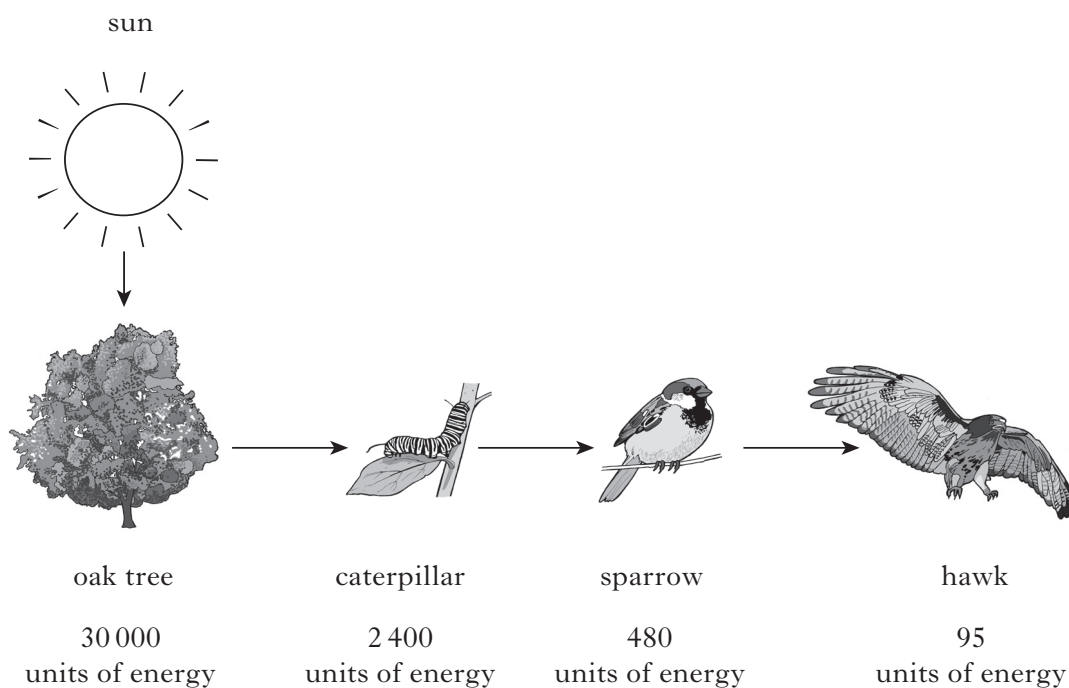
Number of seat

- 1 All questions should be attempted.
- 2 The questions may be answered in any order but all answers are to be written in the spaces provided in this answer book, and must be written clearly and legibly in ink.
- 3 Rough work, if any should be necessary, as well as the fair copy, is to be written in this book. Additional spaces for answers and for rough work will be found at the end of the book. Rough work should be scored through when the fair copy has been written.
- 4 Before leaving the examination room you must give this book to the Invigilator. If you do not, you may lose all the marks for this paper.



Marks

1. The diagram below shows the transfer of energy through a food chain in a wood. The numbers represent the units of energy in the different populations of the food chain.



- (a) (i) Complete the table below using information from the diagram.

<i>Population</i>	<i>Energy content (units)</i>
oak tree	30 000
caterpillar	2 400
sparrow	480
hawk	95

2

- (ii) 4% of the light energy reaching the oak tree is converted into new plant material.

How much energy did the oak tree receive?

Space for calculation

_____ units

1

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1. (continued)

Marks

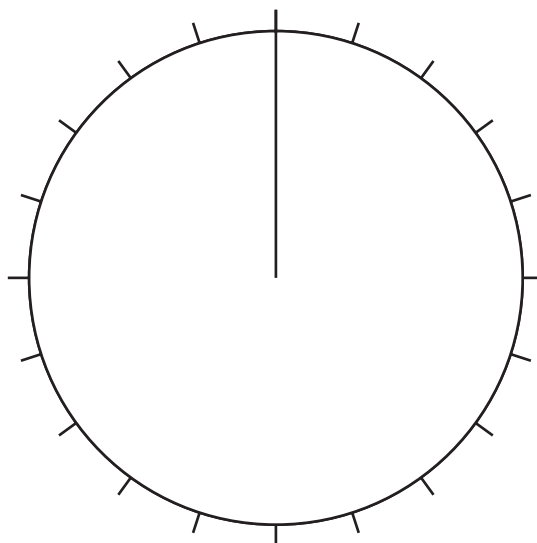
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- (b) The leaf litter in the woodland was sampled and the table below shows the number and types of invertebrates found.

<i>Invertebrates</i>	<i>Number found</i>
Woodlice	45
Snails	5
Slugs	5
Beetles	20
Centipedes	15
Other species	10

Use the information in the table to complete the pie chart below.

(An additional pie chart can be found, if required, on *Page twenty-seven*.)



2

[Turn over



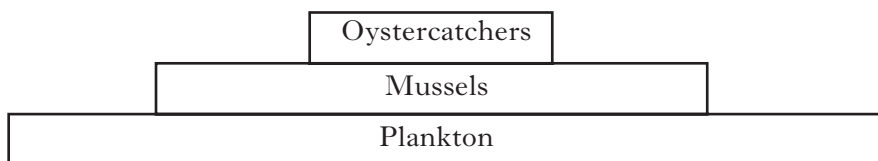
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2. (continued)

Marks

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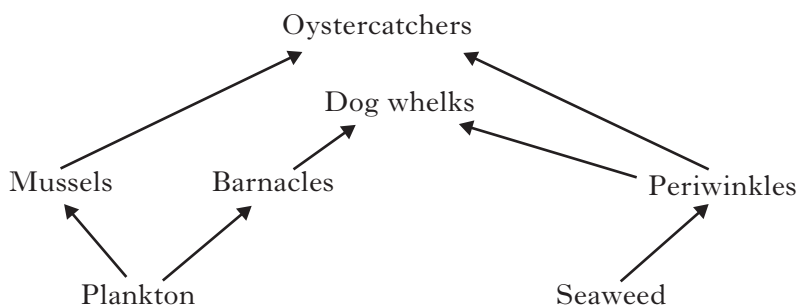
(b) A pyramid of biomass, including mussels, is shown below.



Explain what is meant by a pyramid of biomass.

1

(c) Part of the food web from the shore is shown below.



The numbers of mussels and periwinkles may be affected if the barnacles were removed from the food web.

(i) Underline one answer in the brackets and give an explanation for it.

The mussel population would $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{increase} \\ \text{decrease} \\ \text{stay the same} \end{array} \right\}$.

Explanation _____

1

(ii) Underline one answer in the brackets and give an explanation for it.

The periwinkle population would $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{increase} \\ \text{decrease} \\ \text{stay the same} \end{array} \right\}$.

Explanation _____







1

Marks

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3. The table below contains information about the flowers, fruits and seeds of some common plants.

The diagrams are not all the same scale.

<i>Plant</i>	<i>Flowers</i>	<i>Fruits or seeds</i>
Bramble	 <p>scented white petals with nectar</p>	 <p>juicy</p>
Goosegrass	 <p>white petals with nectar</p>	 <p>hooked</p>
Sycamore	 <p>green petals and no scent or nectar</p>	 <p>winged</p>

Complete the following table to show the method of pollination and seed dispersal used by each plant.

Put a tick (✓) in the correct boxes.

<i>Plant</i>	<i>Method of pollination</i>		<i>Method of seed dispersal</i>		
	<i>Wind</i>	<i>Insect</i>	<i>Wind</i>	<i>Animal (external)</i>	<i>Animal (internal)</i>
Bramble					
Goosegrass					
Sycamore					

2

6. (continued)

Marks

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(b) The following table gives information about the concentrations of a variety of salts found in the liquids present in the nephron.

Location of liquid	Concentration of salts (g/100 ml)			
	sodium	potassium	calcium	phosphate
Structure B	0.300	0.020	0.010	0.003
Structure C	0.600	0.140	0.015	0.120

(i) How many times greater is the concentration of phosphate in C than in B?

Space for calculation

_____ times

1

(ii) The liquid in C eventually leaves the body as urine.

An adult male produced 2.5 litres of urine in 24 hours.

How much sodium was present in this urine?

Space for calculation

_____ g

1

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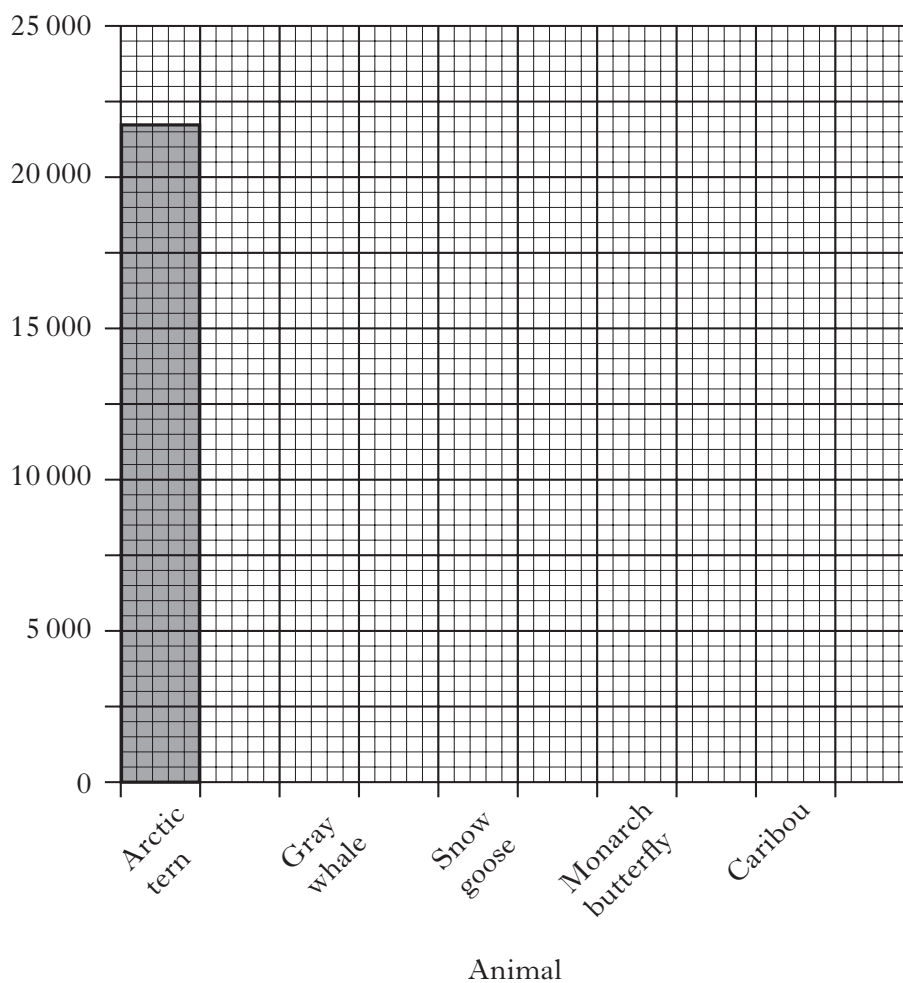
Marks

KU	PS

7. (a) The table below gives the total distances of the annual migration of various animals.

<i>Animal</i>	<i>Total distance of annual migration (miles)</i>
Arctic tern	21 750
Gray whale	12 500
Snow goose	4 500
Monarch butterfly	2 000
Caribou	750

(i) Use the information in the table to complete the bar chart below.
(An additional bar chart can be found, if required, on *Page twenty-seven.*)



2

7. (a) (continued)

Marks

KU	PS

(ii) Each year the Monarch butterfly migrates from North America to Mexico and back.

It flies at an average speed of 12.5 miles per hour.

Calculate how long it takes to fly the North America to Mexico stage of its migration.

Space for calculation

_____ hours

1

(b) (i) Give **one** reason why animals migrate.

1

(ii) Migration is an example of a behaviour which is repeated at regular intervals.

What name is given to this type of behaviour?

1

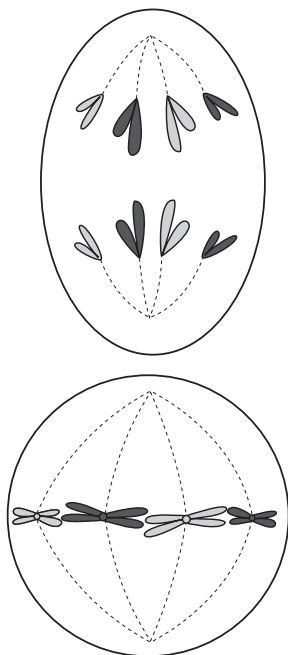
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Marks

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2		
1		
2		

9. (a) The diagrams below show two stages of mitosis in cells.

Draw **one** straight line from each diagram to its correct description.



chromosomes shorten and thicken

chromosomes line up at the centre of the cell

chromatids are pulled to opposite ends of the cell

nuclear membrane reforms

(b) How does mitosis ensure that the daughter cells will be able to function properly?

10. Underline one option in each bracket to make the following sentences correct.

Bones are formed by $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{living cells} \\ \text{non-living material} \end{array} \right\}$. They are held together at joints.

Muscles $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{pull} \\ \text{push} \end{array} \right\}$ on the bones through $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{tendons} \\ \text{ligaments} \end{array} \right\}$ which are $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{elastic} \\ \text{inelastic} \end{array} \right\}$.

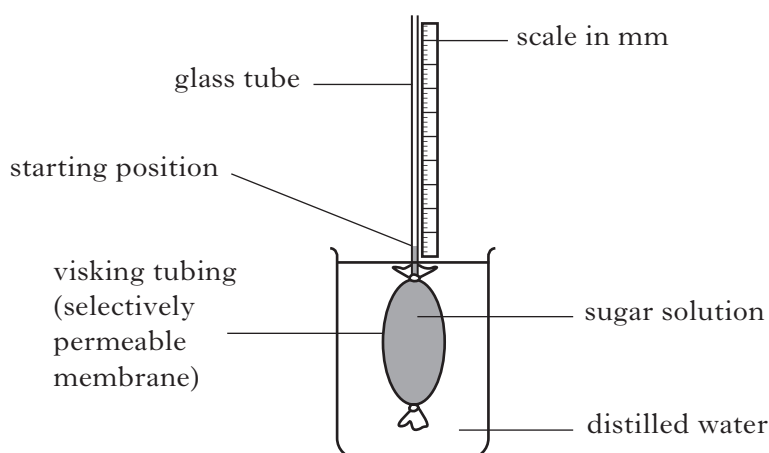
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Marks

KU PS

11. An investigation was carried out into the movement of water through a selectively permeable membrane.

The apparatus used is shown in the diagram below.



The method used in the investigation is outlined below.

- A visking tubing bag containing 50 cm³ of 0.5% sugar solution was attached to the glass tube.
- The bag was lowered into the beaker of water.
- The starting position of the sugar solution was recorded on the scale.
- After one hour, the distance moved by the solution was recorded.
- The procedure was repeated with the same apparatus, using different concentrations of sugar solution.

The results are shown in the following table.

<i>Concentration of sugar solution (%)</i>	<i>Distance moved by sugar solution in 1 hour (mm)</i>
0.5	3
1.0	6
2.0	12
3.0	18
3.5	21

- (a) Identify **one** variable, not already mentioned, that should be kept constant when carrying out the investigation.

1

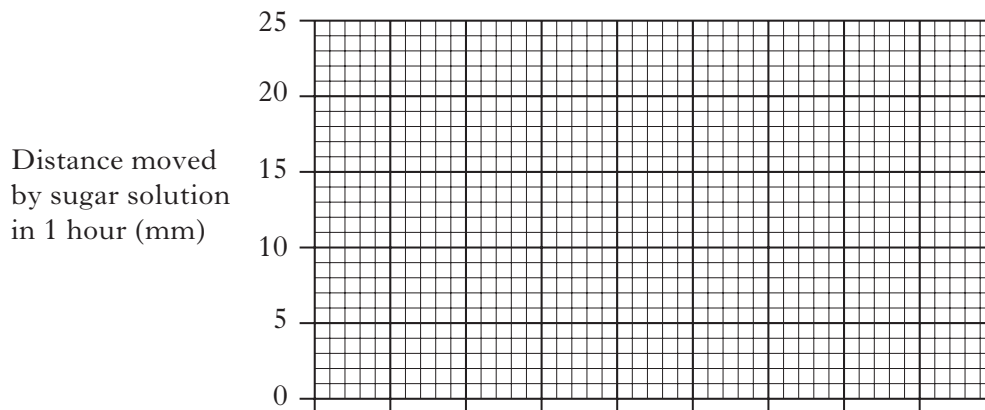
11. (continued)

Marks

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- (b) Use the results to plot a line graph on the grid below of distance moved by the sugar solution in one hour against the concentration of the sugar solution.

(An additional grid can be found, if required, on *Page twenty-eight.*)



2

- (c) From the results, predict the distance moved by a 4% sugar solution in one hour and justify your prediction.

Prediction _____ mm

Justification _____

1

[Turn over

15. (b) (continued)

Marks

- (i) What would be a suitable temperature to provide optimum conditions for bacterial growth in a fermenter?
_____ °C
- (ii) Why should a fermenter be heated to 120 °C before it is set up?

- (iii) Explain why food should only be kept for a few days in a fridge.

- (c) Micro-organisms can be grown on waste from food processing factories. They can then be harvested and used as animal feed.
Which important food component is present in increased quantities as a result of this upgrading of the waste?

1

1

1

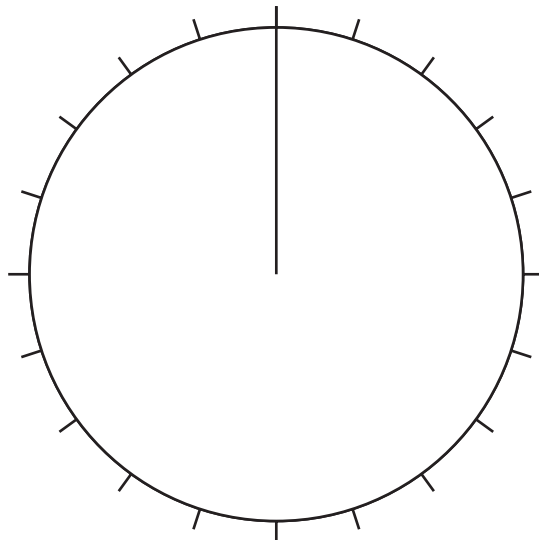
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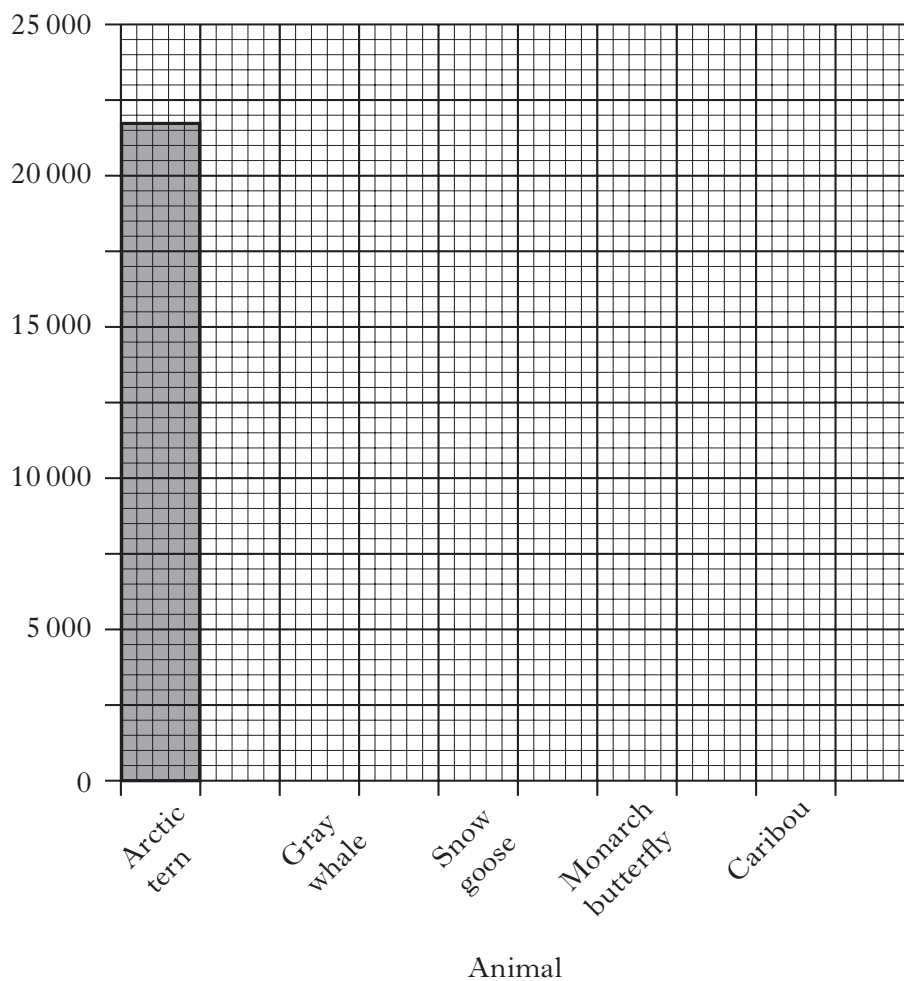
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SPACE FOR ANSWERS
AND FOR ROUGH WORKING

ADDITIONAL PIE CHART FOR QUESTION 1(b)



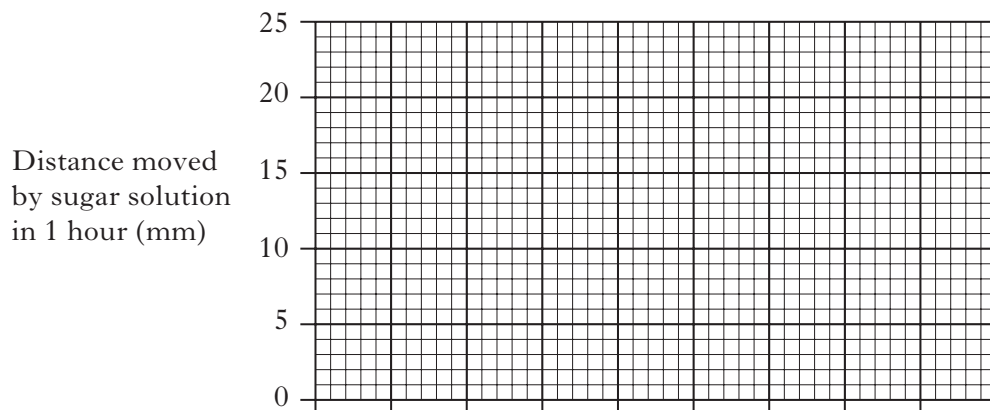
ADDITIONAL BAR CHART FOR QUESTION 7(a)(i)



SPACE FOR ANSWERS
AND FOR ROUGH WORKING

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ADDITIONAL GRAPH FOR QUESTION 11(b)



SPACE FOR ANSWERS
AND FOR ROUGH WORKING

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AND FOR ROUGH WORKING

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