Total for
Sections

B and C |

X007/12/02

NATIONA QUALIFIC

2012

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Fill in these boxes and read what is printed below.			
Full name of centre	Town		
Forename(s)	Surname		
Date of birth			
Day Month Year Scottish candidate number	er Number of seat		

SECTION A—Questions 1—30 (30 Marks)

Instructions for completion of Section A are given on Page two.

For this section of the examination you must use an **HB pencil**.

SECTIONS B AND C (100 Marks)

- 1 (a) All questions should be attempted.
 - (b) It should be noted that in **Section C** questions 1 and 2 each contain a choice.
- 2 The questions may be answered in any order but all answers are to be written in the spaces provided in this answer book, and must be written clearly and legibly in ink.
- 3 Additional space for answers will be found at the end of the book. If further space is required, supplementary sheets may be obtained from the Invigilator and should be inserted inside the front cover of this book.
- 4 The numbers of questions must be clearly inserted with any answers written in the additional space.
- 5 Rough work, if any should be necessary, should be written in this book and then scored through when the fair copy has been written. If further space is required, a supplementary sheet for rough work may be obtained from the Invigilator.
- 6 Before leaving the examination room you must give this book to the Invigilator. If you do not, you may lose all the marks for this paper.





Read carefully

- 1 Check that the answer sheet provided is for **Biology Higher (Section A)**.
- 2 For this section of the examination you must use an **HB pencil**, and where necessary, an eraser.
- 3 Check that the answer sheet you have been given has **your name**, **date of birth**, **SCN** (Scottish Candidate Number) and **Centre Name** printed on it.

Do not change any of these details.

- 4 If any of this information is wrong, tell the Invigilator immediately.
- 5 If this information is correct, **print** your name and seat number in the boxes provided.
- 6 The answer to each question is **either** A, B, C or D. Decide what your answer is, then, using your pencil, put a horizontal line in the space provided (see sample question below).
- 7 There is **only one correct** answer to each question.
- 8 Any rough working should be done on the question paper or the rough working sheet, **not** on your answer sheet.
- 9 At the end of the examination, put the **answer sheet for Section A inside the front cover of this answer book**.

Sample Question

The apparatus used to determine the energy stored in a foodstuff is a

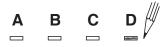
- A calorimeter
- B respirometer
- C klinostat
- D gas burette.

The correct answer is **A**—calorimeter. The answer **A** has been clearly marked in **pencil** with a horizontal line (see below).



Changing an answer

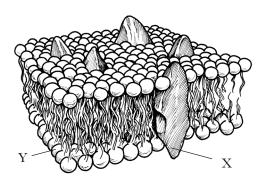
If you decide to change your answer, carefully erase your first answer and using your pencil fill in the answer you want. The answer below has been changed to \mathbf{D} .



SECTION A

All questions in this section should be attempted. Answers should be given on the separate answer sheet provided.

1. The diagram below shows the arrangement of molecules in part of a cell membrane.

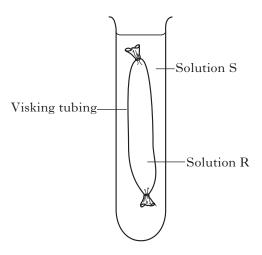


What types of molecule are represented by X and Y?

	X	Y
А	Phospholipid	Protein
В	Protein	Phospholipid
С	Protein	Carbohydrate
D	Carbohydrate	Protein

2. The experiment below was set up to demonstrate osmosis.

Visking tubing is selectively permeable.



The following results were obtained.

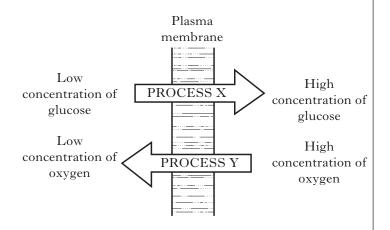
Initial mass of Visking tubing + contents = 10.0 g

Mass of Visking tubing + contents after experiment = 8.2 g

The results shown above could be obtained when

- A R is a 5% salt solution and S is a 10% salt solution
- B R is a 10% salt solution and S is a 5% salt solution
- C R is a 10% salt solution and S is water
- D-R is a 5% salt solution and S is water.

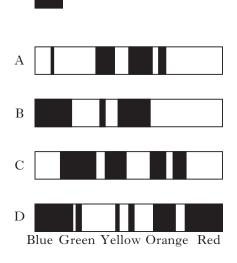
3. The diagram below refers to the plasma membrane of an animal cell.



Identify the two processes X and Y.

	X	Y
А	active transport	diffusion
В	diffusion	active transport
С	respiration	diffusion
D	active transport	respiration

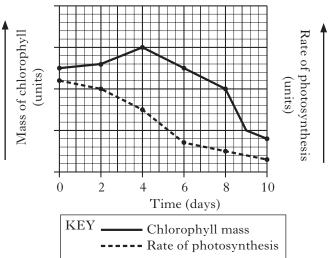
4. The following absorption spectra were obtained from four different plant extracts. Black areas indicate light which has been absorbed by the extracts.



Light absorbed

Which extract contains chlorophyll?

5. The graph below shows changes in the mass of chlorophyll and rate of photosynthesis in leaves during a 10 day period in autumn.



Chlorophyll content of leaves can limit the rate of photosynthesis.

During which period do the results **not** support this statement?

- A 0–4 days
- B 4–8 days
- C 8–9 days
- D 9-10 days
- **6.** The processes in the list below occur in living cells.
 - 1 NADP acts as a hydrogen acceptor.
 - 2 ATP is synthesised.
 - 3 Oxygen acts as a hydrogen acceptor.
 - 4 Carbon dioxide enters a cycle of reactions.

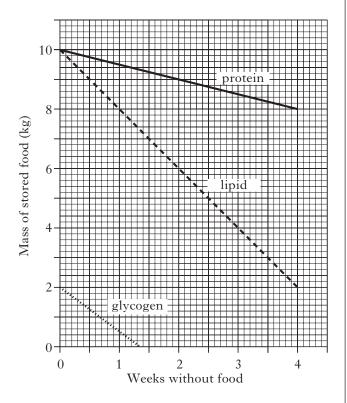
Which line of the table below matches each process with the set of reactions in which it occurs?

	Set of reactions			
	Respiration only	Photosynthesis only	Respiration and photosynthesis	
А	2	1 and 4	3	
В	3	1 and 4	2	
С	2	4	1 and 3	
D	3	4	1 and 2	

- **7.** The statements in the list below refer to respiration.
 - 1 Carbon dioxide is released.
 - 2 Occurs during aerobic respiration.
 - 3 The end product is pyruvic acid.
 - 4 The end product is lactic acid.

Which statements describe glycolysis?

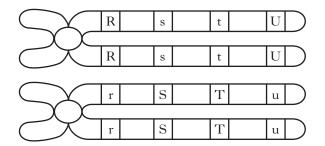
- A 1 and 4
- B 1 and 3
- C 2 and 3
- D 2 and 4
- 8. The graph below shows changes in food stores in a human body during four weeks without food.



Which of the following conclusions can be drawn from the graph?

- A Each food store decreases at the same rate during week one.
- B Between weeks three and four the body gains most energy from protein.
- C The lipid food store decreases at a faster rate than the other food stores during week one.
- D Between weeks one and four, the body only gains energy from lipid and protein.

- **9.** A fragment of DNA was found to consist of 72 nucleotide base pairs. What is the total number of deoxyribose sugars in this fragment?
 - A 24
 - B 36
 - C 72
 - D 144
- **10.** Insulin synthesised in a pancreatic cell is secreted. Its route from synthesis to secretion includes
 - A Golgi apparatus \rightarrow endoplasmic reticulum \rightarrow ribosome
 - B ribosome → Golgi apparatus → endoplasmic reticulum
 - C endoplasmic reticulum → ribosome → Golgi apparatus
 - D ribosome→ endoplasmic reticulum → Golgi apparatus.
- **11.** The following diagram shows a pair of homologous chromosomes and the positions of 4 genes.



Between which of the following alleles would chiasma formation occur least often?

- A r and t
- B r and U
- C r and s
- D s and u

12. White eye colour in *Drosophila* is caused by a recessive sex-linked allele. The dominant allele is for red eyes.

What result would be obtained from a cross between a white-eyed female and a red-eyed male?

- A All white-eyed flies
- B All red-eyed flies
- C Equal numbers of white-eyed and red-eyed flies.
- D Three times as many red-eyed flies as white-eyed flies
- **13**. Which of the following is true of polyploid plants?
 - A They have reduced yield and the diploid chromosome number.
 - B They have increased yield and the diploid chromosome number.
 - C They have reduced yield and sets of chromosomes greater than diploid.
 - D They have increased yield and sets of chromosomes greater than diploid.
- **14**. Which of the following gene mutations alters all the amino acids in the protein being coded for, from the position of the mutation?
 - A Deletion and insertion
 - B Deletion and substitution
 - C Inversion and substitution
 - D Insertion and inversion

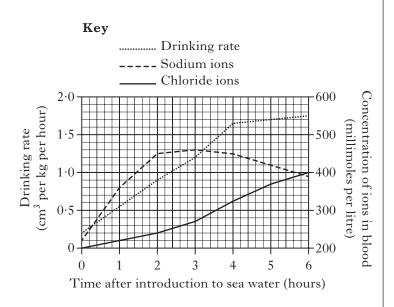
- **15**. The following steps are involved in the process of genetic engineering.
 - 1 Insertion of a plasmid into a bacterial host cell.
 - 2 Use of an enzyme to cut out the desired gene from a chromosome.
 - 3 Insertion of the desired gene into the bacterial plasmid.
 - 4 Use of an enzyme to open a bacterial plasmid.

What is the correct sequence of these steps?

А	4	1	2	3	
В	2	4	3	1	
С	4	3	1	2	
D	2	3	4	1	

- **16.** Which of the following is the function of cellulase in the process of somatic fusion in plants?
 - A Conversion of cells to protoplasts
 - B Isolation of cells from the parent plants
 - C Fusion of protoplasts from different plants
 - D Callus formation from hybrid protoplasts

17. The drinking rate and concentrations of sodium and chloride ions in blood were measured over a six hour period after a salmon was transferred from freshwater to sea water. The results are shown in the graph below.



Which line in the table correctly shows the results after three hours?

	Drinking rate (cm ³ per kg per hour)	Sodium ion concentration (millimoles per litre)	Chloride ion concentration (millimoles per litre)
А	1.4	270	460
В	1.2	460	270
С	1.2	270	460
D	1.4	460	270

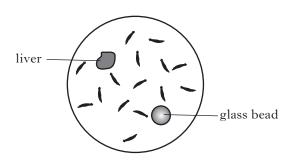
18. Under which of the following conditions is the rate of transpiration in a plant likely to be the highest?

	Wind speed	Air temperature	Air humidity
А	high	high	high
В	high	high	low
С	high	low	low
D	low	high	high

19. Which line in the table below shows features likely to be found in a plant and in a small mammal **both** adapted to life in hot desert conditions?

	Plant	Small mammal	
А	reduced root system	large number of sweat glands	
В	rolled leaves	large number of glomeruli	
С	small number of stomata	nocturnal habit	
D	succulent tissues	short kidney tubules	

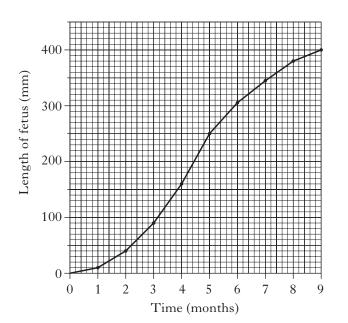
20. An investigation was set up to demonstrate the response of flatworms to the presence of food. A piece of liver and a glass bead were placed in a dish. 15 flatworms were then scattered randomly into the dish as shown in the diagram below.



The purpose of the glass bead is to show that flatworms

- A use cooperative foraging behaviour
- B respond differently to food compared to other objects
- C move randomly in search of food
- D move towards any large object in the search for food.

21. The graph below shows the growth, in length, of a human fetus during pregnancy.

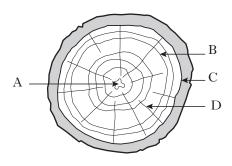


What is the percentage increase in length of the fetus during the final 4 months of pregnancy?

- A 33·3
- B 60.0
- C 62·5
- D 150·0

22. The diagram below shows a section of a woody twig.

Identify the position of a meristem.



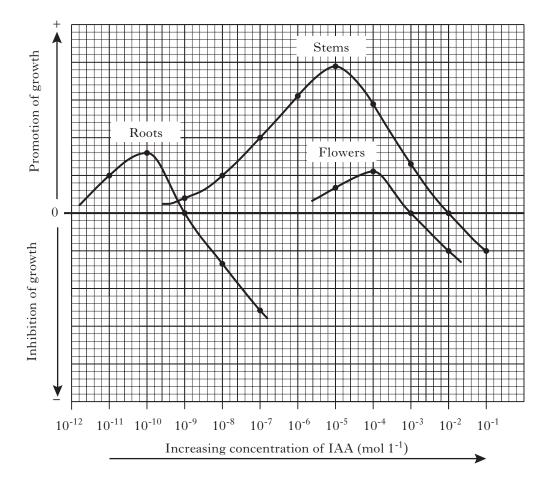
- **23.** In which of the following processes does gibberellic acid (GA) have a role during the growth and development of plants?
 - A Breaking dormancy
 - B Root formation in cuttings
 - C Leaf abscission
 - D Apical dominance

24. The table below contains descriptions of terms used to illustrate the control of lactose metabolism in the bacterium *Esherichia coli*.

Which line in the table contains terms which correctly match the descriptions given?

	Description				
	Produces lactose digesting enzymeActs as the inducerProduces repressor moleculeSwitches				
А	regulator gene	repressor molecule	structural gene	lactose	
В	structural gene	repressor molecule	regulator gene	lactose	
С	regulator gene	lactose	structural gene	operator	
D	structural gene	lactose	regulator gene	operator	

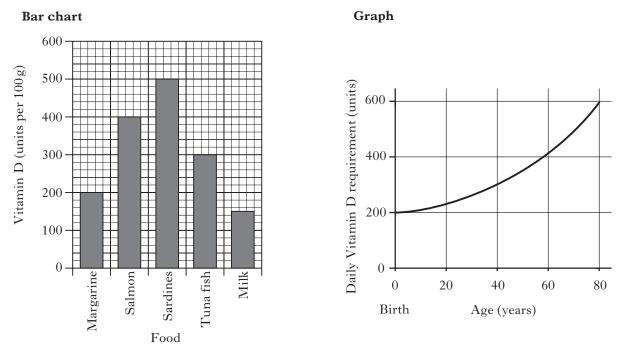
25. An investigation into the influence of different concentrations of IAA on the development of certain plant organs was carried out. The growth-inhibiting or growth-promoting effects are shown below.



The graph shows that an IAA concentration of

- A 10⁻³ mol 1⁻¹ promotes flower and stem growth
- B 10^{-5} mol 1^{-1} promotes stem and flower growth
- C 10^{-7} mol 1^{-1} promotes root and stem growth
- D 10^{-9} mol 1⁻¹ inhibits stem growth and promotes root growth.

26. The bar chart shows the units of vitamin D provided by 100g of various foods and the graph shows the number of units required daily by humans of different ages.

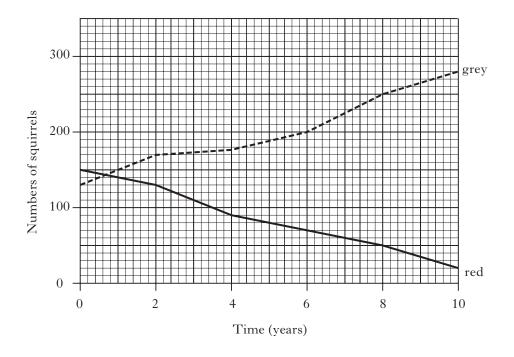


At what age would eating 100g of tuna fish and 100g of margarine exactly provide the number of units of vitamin D required in one day?

- A 0 (birth)
- B 40
- C 65
- D 70

27.	The list below shows effects of various drugs on fetal development.	28.	Whi	ich of the following best defines etiolation?
	1 Reduced growth		А	The inhibition of development of lateral buds
	2 Limb deformation		В	The result of a magnesium deficiency in
	3 Reduced mental development.			seedlings
	Which effects are associated with the intake of nicotine during pregnancy in humans?		С	The growth of a stem towards directional light
	A 1 only		D	The effect on seedlings of being grown in the dark
	B 1 and 2 only			
	C 1 and 3 only D 1, 2 and 3	29 .		effect of a high concentration of antidiuretic mone (ADH) on the kidney is to
			А	increase tubule permeability which increases water reabsorption
			В	decrease tubule permeability which prevents excessive water loss
			С	increase glomerular filtration rate which increases urine production
			D	decrease glomerular filtration rate which reduces urine production.

30. The graph below shows the changes in the populations of red and grey squirrels in an area of woodland over a 10 year period.



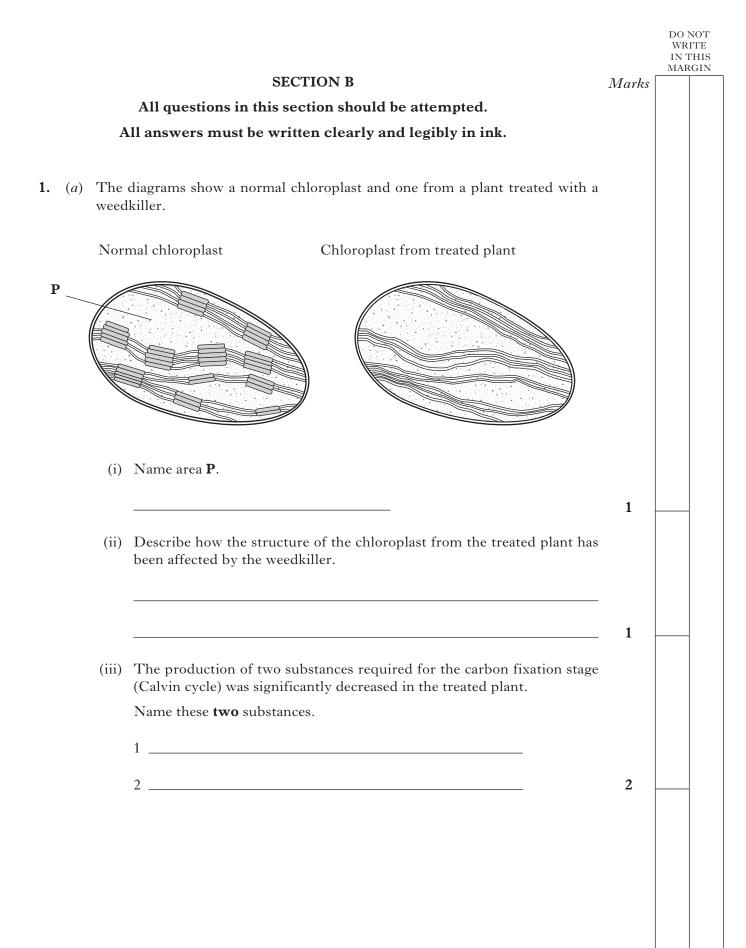
From the graph the following conclusions were suggested.

- 1 The grey squirrel population increases by 150% over the ten year period.
- 2 The red squirrel numbers decreased from 150 to 20 over the ten year period.
- 3 After eight years the grey squirrel population was five times greater than the red.

Which of the conclusions are correct?

- A 1 and 2 only
- B 1 and 3 only
- C 2 and 3 only
- D 1, 2 and 3

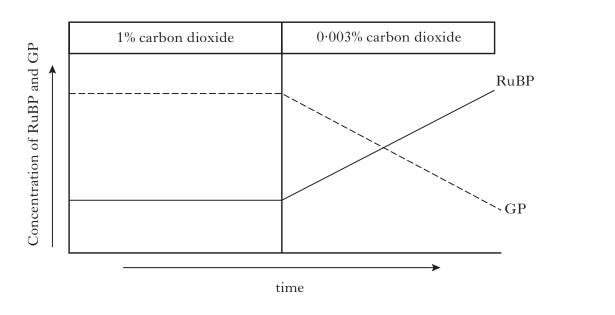
Candidates are reminded that the answer sheet MUST be returned INSIDE the front cover of this answer book.



1. (continued)

(b) In an investigation into the carbon fixation stage of photosynthesis, algal cells were kept in a constant light intensity at 20 °C. The concentration of ribulose bisphosphate (RuBP) and glycerate phosphate (GP) in the cells was measured through the investigation.

The concentration of carbon dioxide available was changed from 1% to $0{\cdot}003\%$ as shown on the graph.



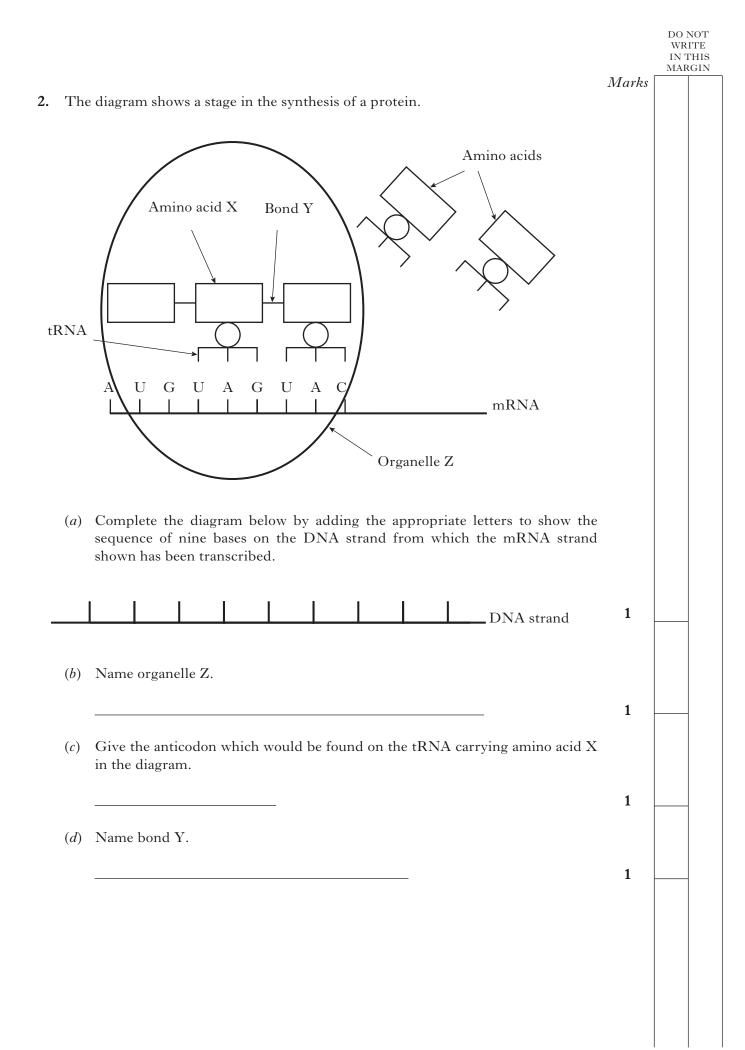
Explain the increase in RuBP concentration shown on the graph after the carbon dioxide concentration was reduced from 1% to 0.003%.

2

[Turn over

Marks

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS MARGIN



Marks

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3. An investigation was carried out to study the effects of the concentration of sucrose solutions on pieces of tulip stem 45 mm in length. The pieces were placed in different concentrations of sucrose solution and measured after two hours of immersion.

Sucrose concentration (moles per litre)	Length after 2 hours (mm)
0.5	50
0.3	48
0.4	46
0.5	44
0.6	42
0.7	42
0.8	42

The results are shown in the table below.

(a) Explain the effect of the 0.2 moles per litre sucrose solution on the length of the pieces of the tulip stem.

(b) Use information from the table to predict the concentration of a sucrose solution isotonic to the cells in the tulip stem.

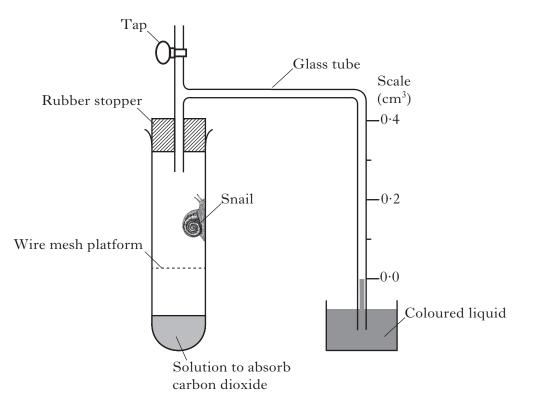
_ moles per litre 1

1

1

(c) Give the term which would be used to describe the cells in the tulip stem after immersion in a solution with a sucrose concentration of 0.7 moles per litre.

4. The diagram shows apparatus used in an investigation of aerobic respiration in snails. Marks



The tap was kept open to the air for 15 minutes, and to start the experiment the tap was closed and the reading on the scale recorded. Every 2 minutes for 10 minutes the reading on the scale was again recorded and the results shown in the table below. The apparatus was kept at 20 °C throughout.

Time after tap closed (minutes)	Reading on scale (cm ³)
0	0.00
2	0.04
4	0.08
6	0.12
8	0.16
10	0.20

- (a) State why the apparatus was left for 15 minutes with the tap open before readings were taken.
- (b) Describe a suitable control for this investigation.

1

1

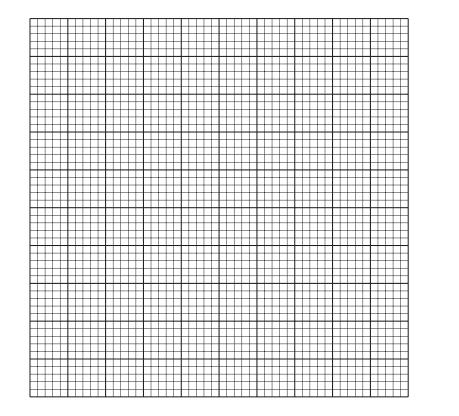
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MARGIN

4. (continued)

- (c) To increase the reliability of results, the experiment was repeated several times. Identify **one** variable, not already mentioned, that would have to be kept the same each time to ensure that the procedure was valid.
- (d) On the grid below, draw a line graph to show the reading on the scale against time, choosing appropriate scales so that the graph fills most of the grid.

(Additional graph paper, if required, will be found on *Page forty*.)



(e) The mass of the snail was $5 \cdot 0$ g.

Use results in the table to calculate the rate of oxygen uptake by the snail over the 10 minute period.

 $Space \ for \ calculation$

_____ cm³ oxygen per minute per gram of snail

(f) Explain how the respiration of the snail and the presence of the solution in the apparatus accounts for the movement of the coloured liquid on the scale.

2

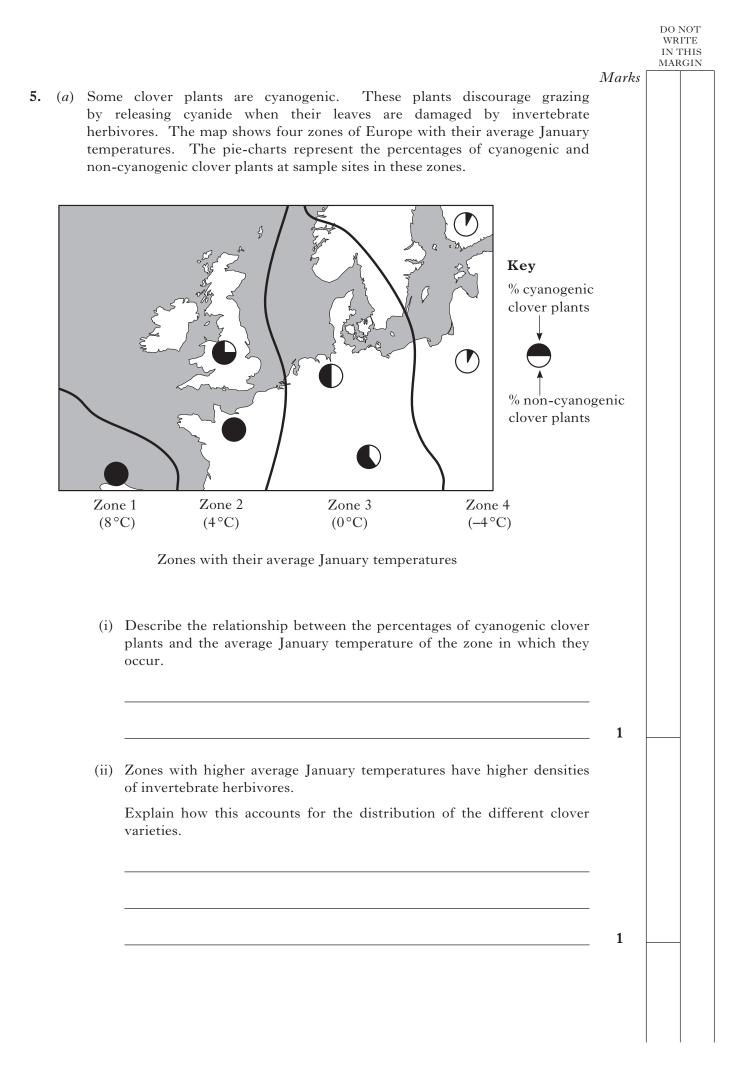
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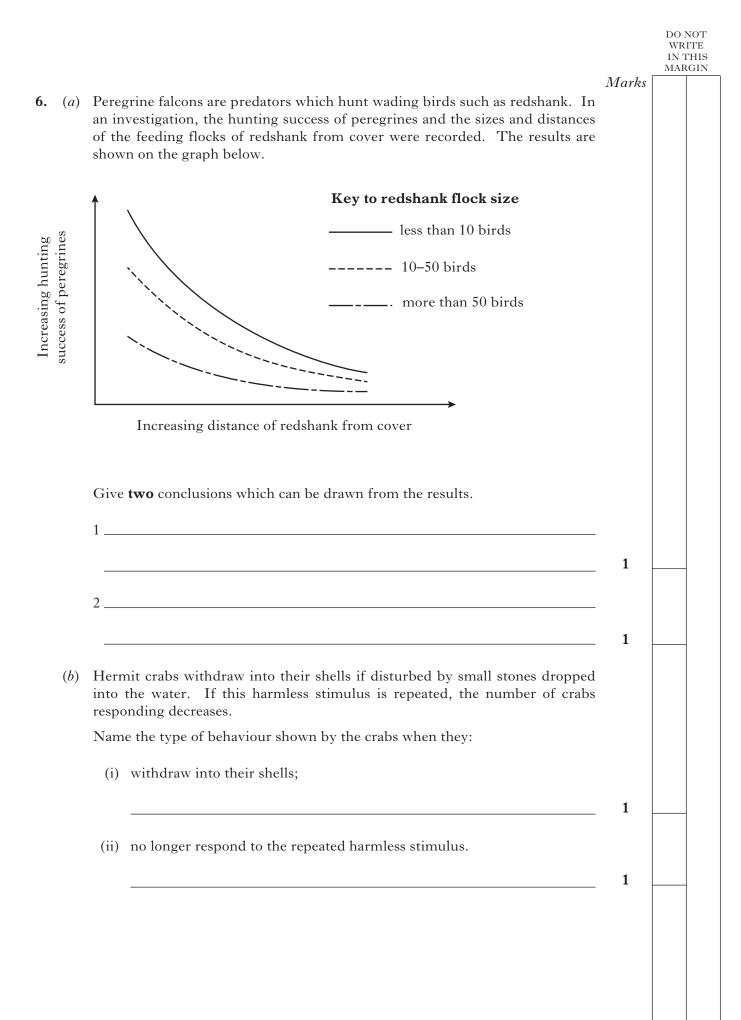
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MARGIN

1



DO NOT WRITE IN THIS MARGIN 5. (a) (continued) Marks (iii) Apart from cyanide, name one other toxic compound produced by plants to discourage grazing by herbivores. 1 (iv) State one feature of some plant species which allows them to tolerate grazing by herbivores. 1 (b) Name a substance produced by some plants which acts as a barrier to prevent the spread of infection from a wound site. 1 [Turn over

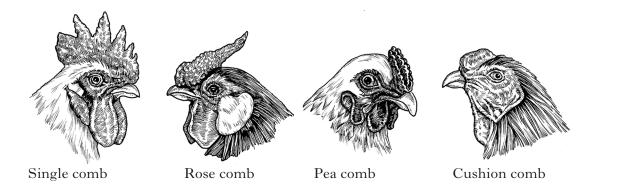


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7.	(a)	The	diagram shows a stage in meiosis in a cell from a Hawkweed plant.	Marks	
		(i)	Name a structure in a Hawkweed flower in which meiosis occurs.	1	
		(ii)	In the following sentence, <u>underline</u> the word in the choice brackets which identifies the stage of meiosis shown and give a reason for your choice. This cell is from the $\begin{cases} first \\ second \end{cases}$ meiotic divison.	1	
			Reason		
		(iii)	and in a gamete mother cell from this plant.	1	
			gametegamete mother cell	1	
	<i>(b)</i>	Muta	ation during meiosis can lead to new phenotypes.	1	
			Other than mutation, state one feature of meiosis which can lead to the production of new phenotypes.		
		(ii)	Name the process which could result in the presence of an extra chromosome in a gamete.	1	
				1	
			[Turn over		

MARGIN Marks

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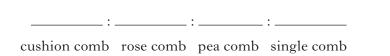
Comb shape in chickens is determined by two genes located on different chromosomes. One of these genes has alleles A and a and the other has alleles B and b.



- Chickens without alleles **A** or **B** have single combs
- Chickens with allele **B** but not **A** have rose combs
- Chickens with allele **A** but not **B** have pea combs
- Chickens with alleles **A** and **B** have cushion combs
- (a) A male heterozygous for both genes was crossed with a female with a single comb.
 - (i) Complete the table below to show the parent genotypes and phenotypes and the genotypes of their gametes.

	Male	Female
Parent genotypes	AaBb	
Parent phenotypes		Single comb
Genotype(s) of gametes		ab

(ii) Give the expected ratio of phenotypes for the offspring in this cross.*Space for working*



(b) State the term used to describe genes which are found on the **same** chromosome.

1

1

2

Marks [

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9. In an investigation, 50 salmon were kept in a tank of fresh water for four days, then transferred to a tank of salt water for a further six days.

Each day, their gills were examined and the average diameter of chloride secretory cells was recorded.

The results are shown in the table below.

Contents of tank	Day	Average diameter of chloride secretory cells (micrometres)
	1	203
	2	204
Fresh water	3	202
	4	203
	5	280
	6	365
	7	471
Salt water	8	557
	9	615
	10	615

(a) In the following sentence, <u>underline</u> one alternative in each pair to make the sentence correct.

(On day 3 the salmon are	hypertonic hypotonic to their surroundings		oundings and their			
с	hloride secretory cells act	ively transport s	alts {	into out of	the salmon.	1	
	Describe the effect of se						

(b) Describe the effect of salt water on the average diameter of the chloride secretory cells between day 5 and day 10.

2

2

(c) Following the investigation, the fish were returned to fresh water. In the table below, tick (✓) one box in each row to show how this change affects kidney function.

Kidney Function	Increases	Decreases	Stays the same
Filtration rate			
Urine concentration			
Urine volume			

tory

10. French bean plants were grown over a period of four weeks in solutions containing different concentrations of lead ions.

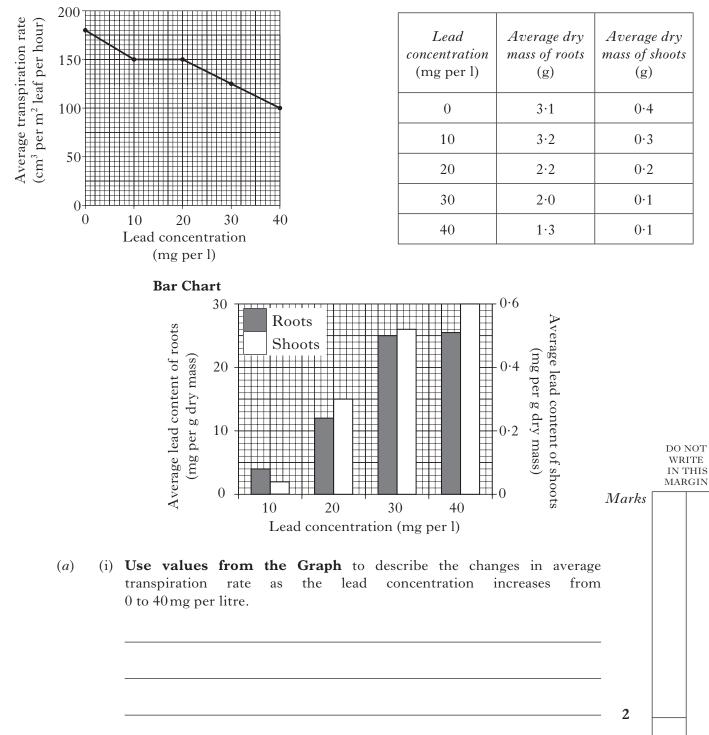
After this period, measurements of transpiration rate, dry mass and lead content were taken from plants grown in each solution.

The **Graph** shows the average transpiration rate.

Graph

The **Table** shows the average dry masses of the roots and shoots.

The **Bar Chart** shows the average lead content of the roots and shoots.



Table

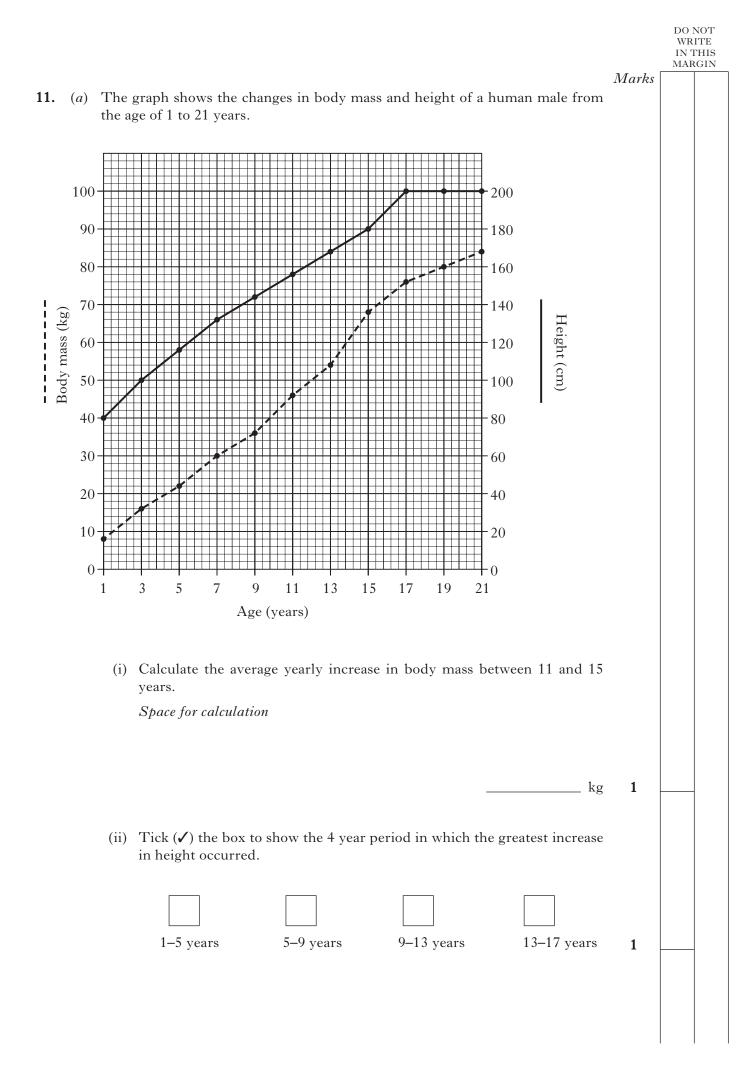
Page twenty-four

(ii) What evidence from the **Graph** suggests that lead concentration is **not** the

only factor affecting transpiration rate in this investigation?

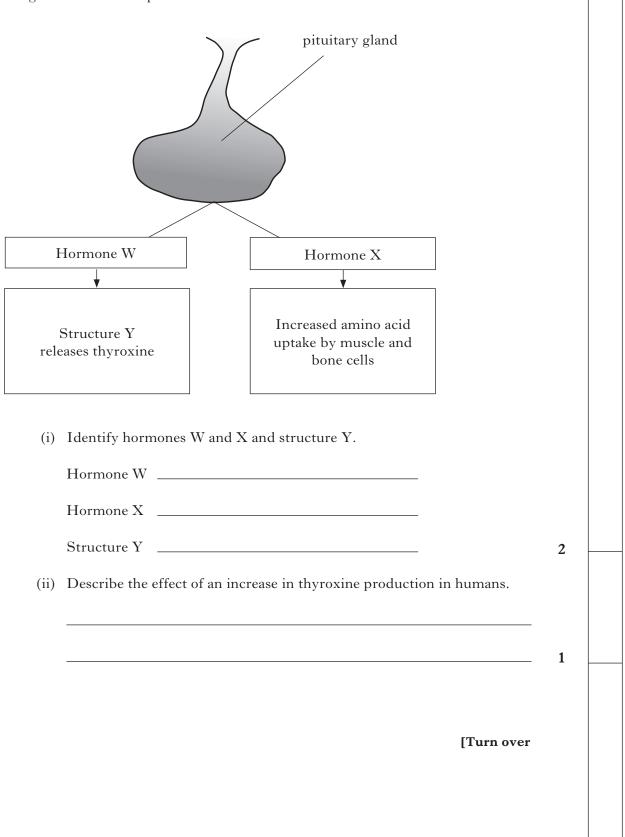
1

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(C	ontinued)	Marks	
(b)	Use information from the Table , to calculate the percentage decrease in combined average dry mass of shoots and roots when the lead concentration in the solution was increased from 0 to 40 mg per litre.		
	Space for calculation		
	% decrease	1	
(<i>c</i>)	Use information from the Bar Chart to:		
	(i) give the lead content of the shoots when the lead concentration of the solution was 10 mg per litre;		
	mg per g dry mass	1	
	(ii) calculate the simplest whole number ratio of lead content in roots to shoots for plants grown in a solution of 20 mg lead per litre.		
	Space for calculation		
	lead content in roots lead content in shoots	1	
(d)	The lead content is expressed in mg of lead per gram of dry mass of the plant. Explain the advantage of using dry mass rather than fresh mass.		
		1	
(<i>e</i>)	Using the Table and Bar Chart , calculate the average lead content of the roots of the plants grown in the solution containing 30 mg of lead per litre. <i>Space for calculation</i>		
	mg lead	1	
(<i>f</i>)	Explain why the presence of lead ions in the cells of French bean plants resulted in a decrease in growth.		
		_	
		2	



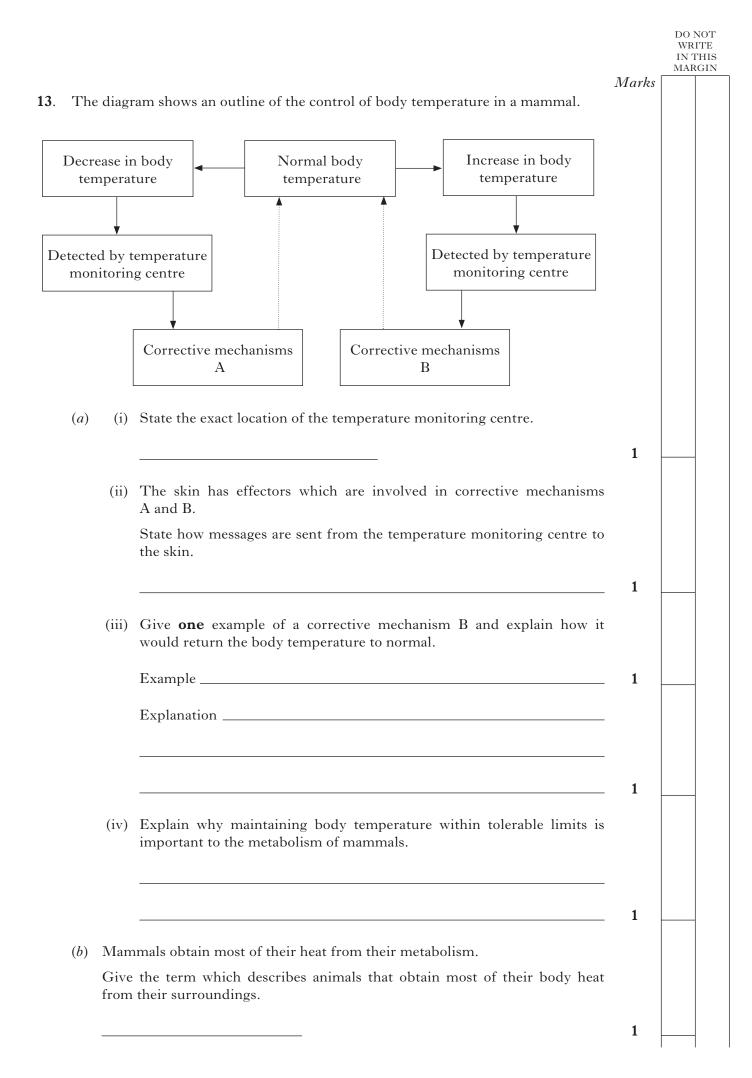
11. (continued)

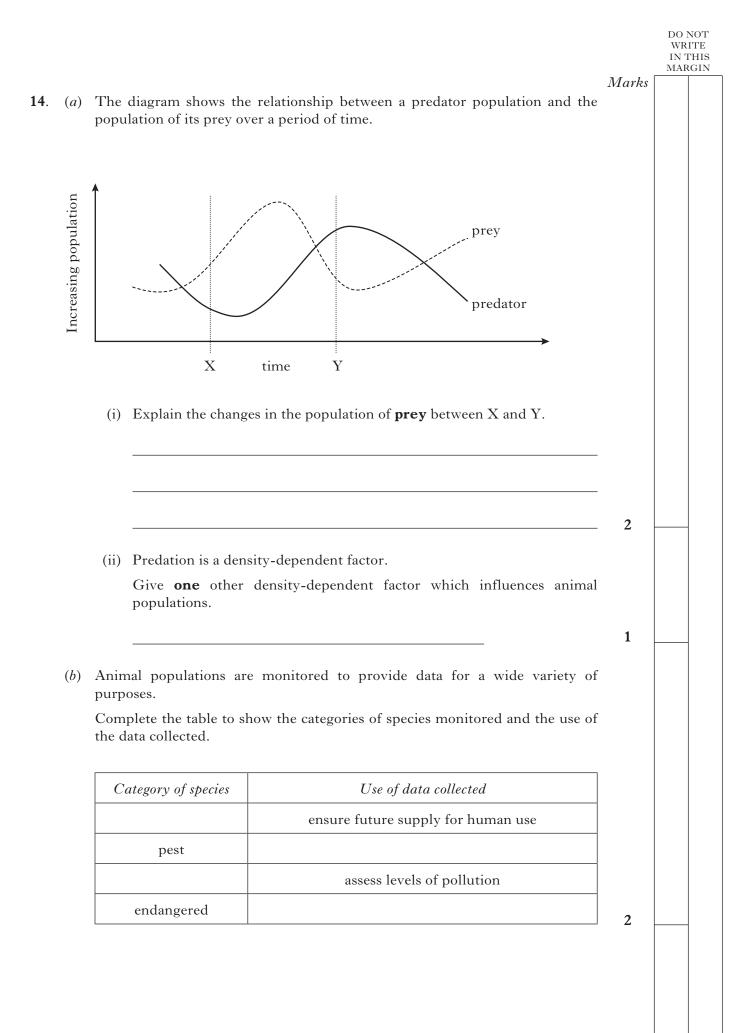
(b) The diagram shows how the pituitary gland is involved in the control of growth and development in humans.



Marks

12.	<i>(a)</i>	The	diagrar	n shows a vertical section through a shoot.	Marks	DO NOT WRITE IN THIS MARGIN
			2	shoot tip leaves leaves lateral bud		
		(i)	1	in the shoot tip produce indole acetic acid (IAA). Describe how the IAA affects cellular activity resulting in an increase in shoot length.	1	
				Growth of lateral buds is inhibited by IAA. State the term which describes this effect.	1	
		(ii)	cells.	m and xylem are produced by the differentiation of unspecialised how the differentiation of cells can be controlled by gene activity.		
	(b)	Macı (i)		nents are important in the growth of plants. the importance of magnesium in the growth of plants.	1	
		(ii)		iency of phosphorus reduces overall growth of plants. one other symptom of the deficiency of phosphorus in plants.	1	



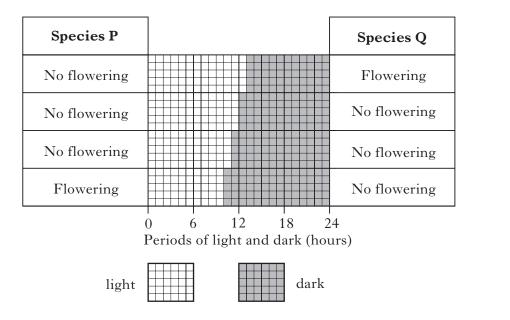


MARGIN Marks

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS

15. (a) Flowering in some species of plant is affected by the periods of light and dark to which the plants are exposed.

The diagram below shows how flowering in plant species \mathbf{P} and \mathbf{Q} is affected by changing the periods of light and dark in 24 hours.

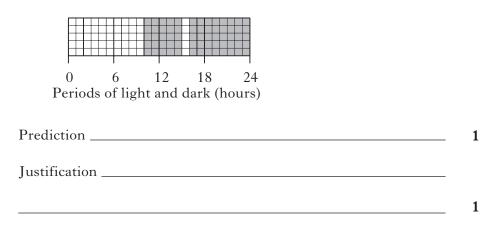


(i) <u>Underline</u> one alternative in each pair to make the sentence below correct.

	```	day plant which requires a critical dark	
period of less th	an $\begin{cases} elev \\ twe$	ven elve hours to flower.	1

(ii) Predict the effect on the flowering of species P when exposed to the periods of light and dark shown below.

Justify your answer.



Page thirty-one

15.	(con	tinu	ed)	Marks	DO N WRI IN T MAR	TE HIS
	(b)	(i)	Ferrets are long day breeders and give birth six weeks after mating. Tick ( $\checkmark$ ) the box to show the season in which ferrets mate and explain how the timing of their breeding gives their offspring the best chance of survival.			
			Mating season Spring Autumn			
			Explanation	1		
		(ii)	What general term is used to describe the effect of light on the timing of breeding in mammals such as ferrets?			
				1		

	Marks	DO NOT WRITE IN THIS MARGIN
SECTION C	1/10/83	
Both questions in this section should be attempted.		
Note that each question contains a choice.		
Questions 1 and 2 should be attempted on the blank pages which follow.		
Supplementary sheets, if required, may be obtained from the Invigilator.		
All answers must be written clearly and legibly in ink.		
Labelled diagrams may be used where appropriate.		
1. Answer either A or B.		
<b>A.</b> Write notes on the evolution of new species under the following headings:		
(i) the role of isolation and mutation;	6	
(ii) natural selection.	4	
OR	(10)	
UK CK		
<b>B.</b> Write notes on adaptations for obtaining food in animals under the follow headings:	ring	
(i) the economics of foraging behaviour;	2	
(ii) cooperative hunting, dominance hierarchy and territorial behaviour.	8	
	(10)	
In question 2, ONE mark is available for coherence and ONE mark is availa for relevance.	ble	
2. Answer either A or B.		
<b>A.</b> Give an account of the structure of a mitochondrion and the role of cytochrome system in respiration.	the (10)	
OR		
<b>B.</b> Give an account of phagocytosis and the role of lymphocytes in cellu defence.	ılar (10)	

## [END OF QUESTION PAPER]

### **SPACE FOR ANSWERS**

### ADDITIONAL GRAPH PAPER FOR QUESTION 4(d)

