

ROYAL AUSTRALASIAN COLLEGE

OF Dental Surgeons incorporated abn 97 343 369 579

# PRIMARY EXAMINATION IN PHYSIOLOGY

Wednesday 29 November 2006

Time allowed: Two hours

# **INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:**

The complete examination in Physiology is in two parts:

This paper is worth 75% of the final mark;

The viva is worth 25% of the final mark.

- Answer **FOUR (4)** of the following six (6) questions. If you answer more than four questions, only your *first four* answers will be marked.
- Each question is of equal value, namely, 25% of the total for the written paper.
- The total marks for this paper will be scaled to constitute 75% of the final mark.
- Ample time is allowed for your answers, so you should strive to present them in a well-organised manner.
- Diagrams may be used to illustrate your answers where appropriate.
- Allow time at the end of the examination to read your answers carefully.

# **Question 1**

## (30 minutes: 25 marks)

You have extracted the upper molar teeth from a 45 year-old female patient under local anaesthesia. She elects to sit quietly in your waiting room while recovering. After 1 hour it is clear that she has lost a considerable amount of blood, some of which she has swallowed, the rest soaking a large number of tissues she has held to her mouth. She reports feeling dizzy when she tries to stand up.

- a. What signs would you expect to see upon clinical examination in a patient who has lost a significant amount of blood?
- b. What are the physiological mechanisms responsible for these signs?
- c. What changes would you see in this patient's haematocrit at this time?
- d. What long-term physiological mechanisms will ultimately restore the patient's blood volume and composition to normal?

## **Question 2**

## (30 minutes: 25 marks)

- a. Explain how the intensity and character (type) of pain is coded by sensory afferent nerves.
- b. The perception of pain can be modified by rubbing the affected body part, or by the emotional state of the individual. Explain the physiological mechanisms responsible for these observations.



ROYAL AUSTRALASIAN COLLEGE OF DENTAL SURGEONS INCORPORATED ABN 97 343 369 579

# PRIMARY EXAMINATION IN PHYSIOLOGY

Wednesday 29 November 2006

#### written paper continued

#### **Question 3**

## (30 minutes: 25 marks)

- a. Describe the clinical signs of an acute anaphylactic reaction.
- b. Explain the pathophysiological mechanisms that are responsible for these signs.
- c. Discuss the pharmacological management of anaphylaxis, including the mechanisms by which any drug you mention produces a beneficial effect.

#### Question 4

(30 minutes: 25 marks)

Write brief notes on:

- a. the mechanism of action of local anaesthetic drugs;
- b. chemical control of breathing;
- c. long-term corticosteroid therapy and the patient's response to stress.

#### **Question 5**

#### (30 minutes: 25 marks)

Describe the composition and functions of saliva. Include in your answer a discussion of how and why the flow rate affects the composition of saliva.

#### **Question 6**

#### (30 minutes: 25 marks)

Write brief notes on:

- a. the stretch reflex in the control of masticatory muscles
- b. parathyroid hormone and regulation of body calcium levels
- c. neurotransmitters and their receptors in the parasympathetic and sympathetic branches of the autonomic nervous system