## PRIMARY EXAMINATION

## **MICROBIOLOGY**

Thursday 7 December 2000
Time allowed: Two hours

## INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Candidates must answer **all 4 questions**. Candidates should allow one mark per minute. This paper is worth 75% of the total mark for this subject

- 1. Compare and contrast the various types of indicator systems used to monitor the performance of an autoclave in a dental practice. (30 *marks*)
- 2. From the standpoint of microbiology, compare and contrast in a table a persisting infection in the root canal system of a non-vital tooth, with the subgingival plaque of a progressive periodontal lesion, using the following headings
  - Nature of the pathogens
  - Nature of the host immune response
  - Treatment

(30 *marks*)

- 3. Do either 3A or 3B, not both.
  - A. In the light of the immune response to infection, explain why patients with AIDS develop characteristic oral lesions. (20 *marks*)

OR

- B. Outline strategies for preventing and treating dental caries, which are based upon the concept of dental caries as a microbial disease. (20 *marks*)
- 4. Do either 4A or 4B, not both.
  - A. With regard to hepatitis B infection,
    - (i) What laboratory test results would indicate that a patient was a hepatitis B carrier?
    - (ii) List the factors that may determine the transmission of hepatitis B to a non-immune health care worker who has sustained a (contaminated) needlestick injury when treating a hepatitis B carrier. (20 *marks*)

OR

- B. With regard to disinfectants used in dental practice,
  - (i) Give the name and approximate composition of one product which is used for surface disinfection in your own dental practice
  - (ii) Give a rating for the performance of this product against each of the properties of an ideal surface disinfectant. (20 marks)