PRIMARY EXAMINATION

ANATOMY

Tuesday, 5 December 2000 Time allowed: Two hours

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

The complete examination in Anatomy is in two parts:

This paper which is worth 75% of the final mark;

The viva which is worth 25% of the final mark.

This Examination Paper is set in **TWO** Parts. Attempt **ANY TWO** questions from **Section A**, And **ANY EIGHT** questions from **Section B**.

Section A

Each of the two essays you are required to attempt is worth 25% of the final mark for Anatomy.

- 1. Describe the cutaneous (skin) innervation of the head and neck.
- 2. Describe in detail the anatomy of the <u>temporo-mandibular joint (TMJ)</u>, including the movements and which muscles bring about these various movements.
- 3. How is the <u>sphenoid bone</u> constructed and articulated, and how does it contribute to the anatomy of the skull?
- 4. Write an essay on the <u>anatomy of the cranial cavity, including the meninges, venous sinuses and meningeal arterial supply,</u> but excluding the brain and cerebral arteries and veins.

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TURN THE PAGE OVER FOR SECTION B.

Section B

This section (Question 5) is COMPULSORY. It is worth 25% of the final mark of Anatomy. Each sub-question (a - j) is worth 3% of the final mark for Anatomy.

- 5. Answer **ANY EIGHT** of the following **TEN** questions briefly:
 - a. With which bones does the inferior concha bone articulate?
 - b. Which structures are related to the <u>superior cervical sympathetic ganglion</u>?
 - c. Which muscles are related to the <u>palatine tonsil</u>?
 - d. List all the nerves in the <u>nasal cavity</u>.
 - e. Which muscles move the tongue?
 - f. Describe, briefly, the course and supply of the <u>vertebral artery</u>.
 - g. Which sensory nerves supply the orbit?
 - h. Draw a simple sketch of the <u>omophyoid muscle</u> to show its anatomical relations.
 - i. Which nuclei in the brain stem are associated with the <u>trigeminal (Vth cranial)</u> nerve, and what are their <u>main functions?</u>
 - j. List the structures supplied by the <u>oculomotor nerve</u>.

End of Paper