

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS General Certificate of Education Ordinary Level

SOCIOLOGY 2251/02

Paper 2 October/November 2009

1 hour 45 minutes

Additional Materials: Answer Booklet/Paper

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

If you have been given an Answer Booklet, follow the instructions on the front cover of the Booklet.

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a soft pencil for any diagrams, graphs or rough working.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Answer any **three** questions.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.





Section A: Family

1		es within the family have changed considerably in modern industrial societies since eteenth century.	the
	(a)	What is meant by the term <i>role</i> ?	[2]
	(b)	Describe two examples of how roles within the family have changed since the ninetee century.	nth [4]
	(c)	Explain why the roles of children within families have changed since the nineteenth century	ury. [6]
	(d)	To what extent is there equality in the roles performed by men and women in the fan today?	nily [8]
The divorce rate has risen in most modern industrial societies over the last fifty years. divorce is only one form of marital breakdown.			/er,
	(a)	What is meant by the term divorce?	[2]
	(b)	Describe two other forms of marital breakdown apart from divorce.	[4]
	(c)	Explain why the divorce rate has risen in most modern industrial societies over the last figures.	fifty [6]
	(d)	To what extent is the institution of marriage in decline in modern industrial societies?	[8]
		Section B: Education	
3 Although gender stereotyping still exists to some extent in schools, girls are no boys in many subjects.		ough gender stereotyping still exists to some extent in schools, girls are now outperform s in many subjects.	ing
	(a)	What is meant by the term <i>gender stereotyping</i> ?	[2]
	(b)	Describe two reasons why girls are now outperforming boys in some subjects.	[4]
	(c)	Explain why subject choice is still often influenced by gender.	[6]
	(d)	To what extent are boys and girls treated differently within the education system?	[8]

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		3				
4		Formal education systems help to prepare young people for earning a living in modern industria societies. Informal education performs a similar role in less industrial societies.				
	(a)	What is meant by the term informal education?	[2]			
	(b)	Describe two ways in which formal education helps to prepare young people for earning living.	ng a [4]			
	(c)	Apart from preparing young people for earning a living, what other social functions performed by formal education systems?	are [6]			
	(d)	How far do some social groups benefit more than other social groups from the education system in modern industrial societies?	ition [8]			
Section C: Crime, Deviance and Social Control						
5	Wha	at is seen as deviant in one culture may not be seen as deviant in another culture.				
	(a)	What is meant by the term deviant?	[2]			
	(b)	Describe two examples of how definitions of deviance may differ between cultures.	[4]			
	(c)	Why might an act be defined as deviant when performed by members of one social group?	oup, [6]			
	(d)	To what extent can deviance be explained by the labelling theory?	[8]			
6		modern industrial societies social order is maintained through a mix of formal and informal control. In small scale tribal societies social control is mostly informal.	mal			
	(a)	What is meant by the term informal social control?	[2]			
	(b)	Describe two examples of formal social control.	[4]			

- **(c)** Explain how social control is maintained in small scale, tribal societies. [6]
- (d) To what extent does social control serve the interests of the most powerful groups in society?

[8]

Section D: The Mass Media

Sociologists disagree about how much influence the mass media have in shaping attitudes and

(a) What is meant by the term mass media? [2]
(b) Describe two examples of how information and ideas were communicated before the introduction of the mass media. [4]
(c) In what ways do the mass media influence the attitudes and behaviour of young people? [6]

behaviour.

- (d) Assess the explanations that have been offered for the ways that the mass media influence behaviour. [8]
- 8 Newspapers do not simply reflect the world as it is. They filter and select the events they report and this sometimes leads to claims of bias and distortion.
 - (a) What is meant by the term bias? [2]
 - **(b)** Describe **two** examples of how selective reporting may lead to bias and distortion in news reports. [4]
 - (c) What can members of the public do to counter bias and distortion in news reporting? [6]
 - (d) To what extent do newspaper owners influence what is reported in their newspapers? [8]

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