

Mark Scheme (Results)

Summer 2010

GCE O

GCE O Physics (7540) Paper 01

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7540/01 O-LEVEL PHYSICS MARK SCHEME - SUMMER 2010

aps	accept phonetic spelling
ecf	error carried forward
dna	do not allow
dop	depend on previous
nwn	no working necessary
ora	or reverse argument
owtte	or words to that effect

Question Number		Answer	Mark
1(a)	mass	6000 kg UP (6122 kg/6116 kg)	(1)
(b)(i)	Maximum deceleration	a = 8000/6000 8000/6122 8000/6116 = 1.3 m/s ² or -1.3 m/s ² UP accept 4/3 m/s ² Award first mark only for 8000/60 000 or 000 Award both marks for any number of dp which rounds to 1.3 with unit e.g. 1.33 /1.31/1.3067/1.308	(2)
(b)(ii)	Elastic spring	So it returns to/goes back to/regains original length/size/shape/position OWTTE reject bald "so it goes back"	(1)
(c)	More damage	1. stopping distance / time less 2. acceleration/deceleration great(er) Or large(r) change of speed or velocity Or allow Same <u>change</u> of momentum/ large(r) <u>change</u> of momentum 3. stopping force/force (on gates) great(er) independent marks Large(r) rate of change of momentum would score marks 1 and 2 Allow reverse arguments Ignore impact	(1) (1) (1)

(Total 7 marks)

Question Number		Answer	Mark
2 (a)	Uniform acceleration	straight line (graph)/constant gradient/uniform slope Or speed increases at a constant rate (accept correct numerical explanation from graph eg the speed increases by 2m/s every 0.3 seconds)	(1)
(b)	acceleration	acceleration = $6/0.8$ = 7.5 m/s^2 UP award first mark only for attempt to use any other part of the straight line unless it gives 7.5 e.g. $(6-1.2)/(0.8-0.2)=8\text{m/s}^2$ scores 1 mark	(1) (1)
(c)	graph	<u>curve</u> with decreasing gradient from 0.8, 6 to <u>2.4s</u> (\pm half square) Allow abrupt change at top end. Must look like curve all the way any continuous line to <u>2.4</u> (\pm half square), 11.5 (accept any line ending between 11.2 and 11.6) horizontal line from candidates line to 9.7s (accept any ending between 9.6 and 9.8) Ignore vertical line down from 9.7	(1) (1) (1)

(Total 6 marks)

Question Number		Answer	Mark
3 (a)	volume removed	$0.005 \times 0.005 \times 0.03$ or $0.005^2 \times 0.03$ or $2.5 \times 10^{-5} \times 3 \times 10^{-2}$ = $(.00000075 \text{ cm}^3)$ no mark no UP	(1)
(b)	mass removed	$.00000075 \times 1.1$ = $0.000000825 \text{ g} / 8.25 \times 10^{-7} \text{ g UP}$	(1) (1)
(c)	energy transferred	$0.000000825 \times 2.1 \times 90$ ecf from 3(b) $= \frac{0.000156}{1.5592 \times 10^{-4} \text{ J}} / \frac{0.0001559 \text{ J}}{1.55925 \times 10^{-4} \text{ J UP}}$ Use of (90 + 273 loses both marks)	(1) (1)

(Total 5 marks)

Question Number		Answer	Mark
4 (a) Clip a-b	Moment about pivot	60×2.5 = 150 Nm UP	(1) (1)
(b)	force on fabric	$F \times 0.5 = 150$ ecf $F = 300$ or 300(N) apply unit penalty for any unit other than N Allow use of ratio of distances is 5 so force = $5 \times 60 = 300$	(1) (1)
(c)	Heavy beam	greater/larger/more (force) / more than (b) /increase weight (of beam) would provide a <u>clockwise</u> moment / (total) <u>clockwise</u> moment would increase / answer to <u>4(a)</u> would increase	(1) (1)
(d)	greater force	Any two from <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>Pivot</u> near(er) <u>clamp/fabric</u> /<u>sample</u> Or move pivot to left ora • longer distance from <u>sand</u> to <u>pivot</u> • heavier <u>beam/container</u> <p>ignore more fabric or longer clamp or surface area or shorter beam or greater weight of sand Ignore longer beam unless it is clear that this will increase distance from sand to pivot</p>	(1) (1) (1)

(Total 8 marks)

Question Number		Answer	Mark
5 (a)(i)	Assumption of area	(cross-sectional) area uniform/constant/ remains the same	(1)
(a)(ii)	Assumption of pressure	(pressure) constant/ uniform/unchanged/ remains the same	(1)
(a)(iii)	Assumption for mass	(mass) constant/ uniform/unchanged/ remains the same	(1)
(b)	Length at 97°C	<p>Use of correct equation for V(or l) and T (symbols or numbers) (1)</p> <p>Correct conversion to K (300 and 370) (i.e. $5/300 = l/370$) (1)</p> <p>$l = \underline{6.2/ 6.16/ 6.17 \text{ cm}} \text{ UP}$ (1)</p> <p>Accept any number of dp which would round up to 6.2 cm</p> <p>Award first mark only for $5/27=l/97$ leading to 17.96 or 18(cm) Or bald 17.96 or 18(cm) Accept any number of dp which would round up to 18cm</p> <p>Use of anything other than 27 and 97 scores 0/3</p>	

(Total 6 marks)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
6(a)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Name : electron(s) reject beta Type of charge : negative /negative charge/ - / -ve / -1 	(1) (1)
6(b)(i)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> insulator 	(1)
6(b)(ii)	<p>Any two from</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> charges / electrons unable to be conducted /move/ flow (to or away from A) ora (move)to/from earth /ground / bench (A) would be neutral/ uncharged if stands were conducting <p>eg (negative) charges / electrons would have <u>gone/moved</u> to earth or ground or (metal) bench Or Charges can't <u>move</u> between sphere and earth or ground or (metal) bench (These statement on their own score both marks)</p> <p>Both marks dependent on (b)(i) being correct No credit for otherwise the stand would be charged</p>	(1) (1) (1)
6(c)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> like charges repel <u>Electrons/negative charges move</u> (from left) <u>to right</u> / <u>away</u> (from A) on B <p><i>Ignore positive charges move left</i> Ignore unlike charges attract Ignore B is uncharged</p>	(1) (1)

(Total 7 marks)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
7(a)(i)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 4 A UP 	(1)
7(a)(ii)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>very</u> high resistance/infinite /too high 	(1)
7(a)(iii)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • $2 \times 9 = 18 \text{ V}$ UP 	(1)
7(b)(i)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • No 	(1)
7(b)(ii)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>H</u> hotter / more heat in <u>H</u> ora dop • use of $V^2 \div R$ or VI or I^2R Or $H=72 \text{ W}$ and $G=36 \text{ W}$ <p>Max of 1 mark if V^2 / R is used and (b)(i) is wrong</p>	(1) (1)

(Total 6 marks)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
8(a)(i)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> clockwise 	(1)
8(b)(i)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> upwards /to top of page <i>allow correctly drawn arrow o diagram</i> <p>ignore outwards or left or right</p>	(1)
8(b)(ii)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (Fleming's) left hand (rule) <p>reject answer containing grip</p>	(1)
8(c)(i)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> increase current (or I) reduce separation of wires allow wires of lower resistance/thicker wire <p>Ignore longer wires or stronger magnets or more wires</p>	(1) (1) (1)
8(c)(ii)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> become a force of repulsion 	(1)

(Total 6 marks)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
9(a)(i)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • bends/diffracts/spreads out <u>differently</u> or first diagram has longer/larger wavelength • longer <u>wavelength diffracts more</u> ora <p>Ignore change of speed, depth or density or frequency Ignore wavelength changes at gap No credit for more refraction</p>	(1)
9(a)(ii)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • bends/diffracts/spreads out differently • smaller the <u>gap</u> greater diffraction ora <p>reject more diffraction due to different wavelength or change of wavelength due to gap</p>	(1) (1)
9(b)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • VHF small(est)/smaller wavelength • less bending/ less diffraction (over hill) /cannot move <u>round</u> hill <p>Ignore VHF cannot pass through hill or cannot refract round hill</p>	(1) (1)

(Total 6 marks)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
10(a)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • angle of incidence = angle of reflection Accept angle of incident ray = angle of reflected ray reject incident ray=reflected ray or refractive angle <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>both</u> rays and <u>normal</u> in same plane Reject incident angle, reflected angle and normal are all in same plane /plain Reject refracted ray	(1) (1)
10(b)(i)	Any two from the following <div style="text-align: center; margin: 10px 0;"> </div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>I</u> labelled opposite object and the same distance behind mirror as object is in front by eye • Upper line extended back to candidates image • second line drawn from candidates I passing <u>through</u> mirror at point of incidence of lower ray • line perpendicular to mirror joining object to image <p style="margin-left: 40px;">Any two points by eye, rays solid or dotted. Image at or in front of mirror scores 0/2. Image below level where upper ray meets mirror 0/2 Ignore incorrect direction arrows</p>	(1) (1) (1) (1)
10(b)(ii)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • virtual 	(1)
10(c)(i)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A 	(1)
10(c)(ii)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • (Objects are seen because) light travels (from the object) (in)to the eye dop if part c(i) is not A then c(ii) scores 0	(1)

(Total 7 marks)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
11(a)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • short range /stopped by 4 to 10cm (of air)/stopped by a few cm (of air) Ignore stopped by paper or solids or less penetrating (power) • heavy/high ionisation / most ionising ignore ionises quickly or bald ionises medium 	(1) (1)
11(b)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • high voltage / 5000V/ <u>electric shock</u> • radioactive source/ radiation from source /ionising radiation <p>Ignore safety precautions or effect on food</p>	(1)
11(c)	<p>Any two from the following</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • G-M tube /Geiger (counter/meter/tube) • cloud chamber • photographic plate/ film • Dosimeter/ scintillation counter <p>Ignore ratemeter or radioactive counter</p>	(1) (1) (1) (1)

(Total 6 marks)

TOTAL FOR PAPER: 70 MARKS

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