

## Mark Scheme (Results) Summer 2008

GCE

## **GCE O Level Physics**

7540/01





## 7540/01 O-LEVEL PHYSICS MARK SCHEME - JUNE 2008

Question Number	Answer	Mark
1(a)	<ul> <li>25 000 N or 24 500 N or 24 525 N UP</li> <li>Notes         <ul> <li>Unit required N kgms<sup>-2</sup> kgm/s<sup>2</sup></li> </ul> </li> </ul>	1
		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
1(b)	<ul> <li>single <u>downward</u> arrow intended to be vertical and straight passing through or in line with C labelled W or mg (or 25 000 N, 24 500 N or 24 525 N)</li> </ul>	1 (1)
1(c)		
	<ul> <li>single arrow parallel to slope pointing <u>up</u> the slope</li> </ul>	1
	<ul> <li>between lower half of front wheel and bottom of road surface labelled F dop</li> </ul>	1 (2)
	Note - maximum of 1 mark if shown on back wheel only - pointing down the slope scores zero	
1(d)	<ul> <li>single <u>upward</u> arrow intended to be straight and <u>perpendicular</u> to ground/slope</li> <li>passing through or in line with front tyre labelled <b>R</b> dop</li> </ul>	1 1 (2)
	Note - maximum of 1 mark if shown on back wheel only	

Question Number	Answer	Reject	Mark
1(e)	<ul> <li>tip / fall over/ roll / turn over/ tumble/topple/tipple /tilt/rotate OWTTE</li> </ul>	move backwards or downwards	1 (1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable Answers	Mark
2(a)	• zero Note - ignore units	- nothing - none - 0 - no momentum	1 (1)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
2(b)	• Vector (quantity)	1 (1)

Question Number	Answer		Mark
2(c)(i)	<ul> <li>30 x 3.2</li> <li>= 96 kg m/s or Ns UP</li> <li>Note</li> <li>- ignore any min</li> </ul>		1 1 (2)
		Acceptable Answers	
2(c)(ii)	<ul> <li>96 kg m/s or Ns UP only once in (c)(i)(ii) Note ignore minus sign</li> </ul>	- same as (i)	1 (1)
2(c)(iii)	<ul> <li>= 96 (<i>ecf from (i) or (i</i>)</li> <li>= 2.4 m/s UP nwn</li> </ul>	<i>ii</i> )/ <u>40</u> or <u>40</u> <i>v</i> = 96	1 1
	Note - ignore any min	us sign	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Mark	
3(a)	• 1.5 mm or 1½ mm or 0.15 cm <b>UP</b>	1	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable Answers	Mark
3(b)(i)	• 0 to 16 (N)	<ul> <li>up to 16 (N)</li> <li>0 to 2 (mm)</li> <li>up to 2 (mm)</li> </ul>	1
		<i>Reject</i> 4 to 16(N)/0.5 to 2(mm) 16 or 0-2 N	(1)
3(b)(ii)	<ul> <li>(extension not load)goes a steps/uniformly/constant extension (directly) propo</li> </ul>	ίy/	1
		extension is not proportional to at 20 should be 2.5 /weight at <i>should be ignored here</i>	(1)
	*allow load/mass/force/t	ension as alternative for weight	

Question Number	Answer	Mark
3(c)(i)	returns to original length/shape/state/ extension zero      do not allow 'length' returns to zero	1 (1)
3(c)(ii)	• permanently stretched/ does not fully return / none /same do not allow 'longer'	1 (1)
3(d)	<ul> <li>1 (mm)/ 8 (N) /(c)(i) not passed <u>elastic</u> limit</li> <li>3.4 (mm)/ 20 (N) / (c)(ii)had passed <u>elastic</u> limit Note         maximum of 1 mark if one reference is made to a point         or limit without calling it elastic limit         'elastic limit' must be seen once to get both marks         <i>independent of (c)</i> </li> </ul>	1 1 (2)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable Answers	Mark
4(a)(i)	• 0.3 J or 0.30 J Ws UP Note allow units in upper or lower case	0.3 J/s 0.3 joules per second 0.3 Js <sup>-1</sup>	1 (1)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
4(a)(ii)		
	• 0.3 x 100/40 or 0.3 / 40%	1
	= $0.75 \text{ J}(/\text{s})$ (no mark as given in question) No UP	-
	Note	
	(0, 2, (0, 75) x, 100, -40.%) Accept	
	$(0.3/0.75) \times 100 = 40(\%)$	(4)
	40% of 0.75 (J) (= 0.30 (J))	(1)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
4(a)(iii)		
	• <i>m</i> x 10 x 1.5 or <i>m</i> x 15	1
	• = 0.75	1
	• <i>m</i> = 0.05 kg or 50 g UP nwn only accepted answer	1
		(3)
	<i>m</i> x 10 x 15 = 0.3 giving <i>m</i> = 0.02 kg scores 1	

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable Answers	Mark
4(b)	<ul> <li>heat</li> <li>Note</li> <li>ignore</li> <li>any</li> <li>reference to</li> <li>sound energy</li> <li>or friction or</li> <li>temperature</li> </ul>	- thermal - infra red - IR - internal	1 (1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
5(a)	• (move) fas ter	<ul> <li>quicker</li> <li>greater speed</li> <li>greater velocity</li> <li>increased <u>kinetic</u> energy</li> </ul>	more e faster ises	1 (1)

Question Number	Answe	r	Mark
5(b)	•	any reference to Kelvin temperature or attempted conversion using 273	1
	•	Kelvin temperature does not double	1
		or 50°C (in K) is not double 25°C (in K)	
	Note	50°C = 323 K and 25°C = 298 K so 323 K is not double 298 K	
		or 596K (323°C)is double 298 K	(2)
		scores both marks	

Question Number	Answer	Mark
5(c)	<ul> <li>action of removing moisture e.g.</li> <li>absorbs or removes moisture/ water /water vapour/ dehydrating agent/drying agent</li> </ul>	1
	<ul> <li>onsequence</li> <li>dries (trapped) <u>air</u></li> </ul>	1 (2)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
6(a)(i)	<ul> <li>repulsion / repel</li> <li>similar charges/both negative/negative charges</li> </ul>	1 1
	Notes 'like charges repel' scores 2 marks 'unlike charges repel' scores 1 <sup>st</sup> mark	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
6(a)(ii)	• <u>bigger</u>	1 (1)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
6(b)(i)	<ul> <li>0.0080 = 5000 × Q</li> <li>Q = 0.0000016 C UP/ 1.6 x 10<sup>-6</sup> C</li> </ul>	1 1 (2)
6(b)(ii)	<ul> <li>0.0080 = 2 × t</li> <li>t = 0.004 s / 4.0 x 10<sup>-3</sup> UP</li> </ul>	1 1
	<i>Reject</i> 2 = 5000 × <i>t</i> , $t = 0.0004 \text{ s} (4.0 \times 10^{-4})$	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
7(a)	<ul> <li>ammeter in correct position</li> <li>voltmeter in correct position appropriate to candidate's circuit</li> <li>Notes         <ul> <li>incomplete circuit with one connecting lead missing scores zero</li> <li>ignore 'small' gaps in circuit.</li> <li>V may be across power supply provided there is no added resistance in the circuit</li> <li>V may be across A and resistor</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	1 1 (2)
	<ul> <li>both meters in series scores 1<sup>st</sup> mark</li> <li>ignore switches and other components</li> </ul>	

Question Number	Answer	Mark	
7(b)	voltmeter or V or V	1	
	allow phonetic spelling		(1)

Question	Answer		Mark
Number			
7(c)(i)	A	В	
	4 + 4 = 8	$\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{2}$	1
	1/8 + 1/4 = 3/8	R = 2	1
	total = $8/3$ ( $\Omega$ ) or 2.67	total = 4 + 2 = 6	1
	$(\Omega) \qquad \qquad$		
	allow 2.6 or 2.66 or 2.7		
	or 2 2/3		
	Note		
	- No UP		
	<ul> <li>A or B correct scores 2</li> </ul>		(2)
	- A and B correct scores	3	(3)
	- If neither A nor B is co	rrect but the top	
	line is correct for eithe	•	
	seen) scores1		

Question Number	Answer	Mark
7(c)(ii)	• A	1 (1)
	-	(Total 7 marks)

Question Number	Answer	Mark	
8(a)(i)	<ul> <li>line with arrow going N to S</li> <li>Note         <ul> <li>line may be straight or curved</li> <li>line must be seen both above and below wheel</li> <li>length of line must be greater than half SN distance</li> <li>line may be invisible where passing through wheel</li> <li>additional lines must not cross or have an arrow pointing S to N</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	1	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
8(a)(ii)	<ul> <li>(lines) of flux /magnetic field (lines) are cut</li> <li>voltage/emf / current <u>induced</u></li> <li>metal is conductor</li> </ul>	1 1 1 (3)

Question Number	Answer	Mark	
8(b)	<ul><li>any part slopes downwards</li><li>correct curvature throughout</li></ul>	1 1	(2)
	Note - graph consisting of two straight lines sloping downwards scores 1 <sup>st</sup> mark		

Question Number	Answer	Mark	
8(c)(i)	Yes	1	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Mark	
8(c)(ii)	<ul> <li>electrical or kinetic energy to heat /internal energy dop allow 'when a current flows heat is produced'/'current heats up' ignore 'friction'</li> </ul>	1 (1	)

Question Number	Answe	er			Mark	
9(a)						
		proton	1800 - 2000	1 or +1		
		neutron	1800 - 2000	0 or zero or no charge or neutral		
	•	both charge both masse			1	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
9(b)	<ul> <li>gamma (rays) / γ / X-rays / X /ultra violet/UV</li> <li>/ gama</li> </ul>	1
	- January	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Mark	
9(c)(i)	• electron	1	
			(1)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
9(c)(ii)	<ul> <li>greatest charge: mass ratio or smallest mass /size or smaller mass/size ora</li> </ul>	1
	<b>Note</b> <i>independent of (i)</i> i.e 'protons(or neutrons) because they have least mass' scores the mark	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
10(a)(i)	diffraction	1
	Notes Allow - difraction - defraction - deffraction	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
10(a)(ii)	<ul> <li>wavelength and gap of similar size /wavelength larger than gap ora</li> </ul>	1 (1)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
10(b)(i)	<ul> <li>300 000 000 = f × 0.060</li> <li>f = 5 000 000 000 Hz or s<sup>-1</sup> or 5 × 10<sup>9</sup> Hz or s<sup>-1</sup> UP</li> </ul>	1 1 (2)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
10(b)(ii)	• wavelength small(or)/gap bigger than	1
	<ul> <li>wavelength small(er)/gap bigger than wavelength/frequency high(er)</li> </ul>	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
11(a)(i)	<ul> <li>through centre of lens</li> <li>parallel to principal axis to LL then through principal focus</li> </ul>	1 1
	<ul> <li>Notes         <ul> <li>allow any correctly drawn ray from any part of object to corresponding part of image</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	(2)
	<i>ignore</i> - arrows - further rays - rays along principal axis - drawn outline of lens	
11(a)(ii)	• F in appropriate place with evidence e.g. where appropriate ray cuts principal axis	1 (1)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
11(a)(iii)	• real	1
		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
11(b)(i)	• The size of the image is less than before	1
		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
11(b)(ii)	• real	1
		(1)

TOTAL FOR PAPER: 70 MARKS