## Mark Scheme (Results) J anuary 2007

GCE 0 Level

## GCE O Ievel Physics (7540/01)

## Notes on the mark schemes

Abbreviations used in the scheme

| UP | unit penalty |
| :--- | :--- |
| TE | transmits the error |
| OWTTE | or words to that effect |
| SF | significant figures |
| SFP | significant figure penalty |
| MAX | maximium <br> dop |
|  | dependent on previous |

## 7540 Paper 01

1. (a) force B starting downwards from top of F or end of $\mathrm{A} \quad \mathbf{1}$


1
(b) not Newtons 3rd not same (value, magnitude or size) not equal
not in opposite direction
not acting on different bodies
(1)
acting on the same body
'not equal and opposite' scores 2
$\max 2$
(c)(i) force
friction
1 (spelling not important)
(ii) which force

C
1
the arrow on the ground
Supervisor's note
C with anything else e.g. G not acceptable
6.7 or 6.67 or $6.66 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ i.e correct rounding $\quad \mathbf{1}$ - not 6.6
deduct 1 mark for incorrect or missing unit accept the following units: $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s} / \mathrm{s} \quad \mathrm{ms}^{-2}$
(ii) weightless? No

1
(iii) reason acceleration would have to be $10\left(\mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}\right)$ not falling with acceleration of free fall acceleration is less than free fall acceleration is less than $10\left(\mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}\right)$ acceleration is not equal to g acceleration is less than g
accept 'a' instead of 'acceleration' do not accept acceleration is greater than $g$
(iv) mass stays the same
nothing
unchanged
no change
(v) distance
fallen
$\mathrm{s}=(\mathrm{v}+\mathrm{u}) \mathrm{t} / 2$
$=(20 \times 3) / 2$
$=1 / 2(20 / 3) \times 3^{2}$
$=30 \mathrm{~m}$ UP $=30 \mathrm{~m}$
deduct 1 mark for incorrect or missing unit
(b) accelerates? velocity changes $\mathbf{1}$
or direction changes
do not accept 'speed' changes

1

3. (a) heat energy $=2 \times 5 \times 60 \quad 1$
$=600 \mathrm{~J}$ or $0.6(00) \mathrm{kJ} \mathrm{UP} \quad \mathbf{1}$
( $2 \times 5=10 \mathrm{~J}$ scores 1 )
accept the following units: j Ws
alternative :
$(0.002 \times 5) / 60=0.000166 \mathrm{kWh}$
(b) processes convection
(1)
radiation
evaporation
perspiration
sweating
do not accept 'conduction'
$\max 2$
(c) water
water is a better conductor than air
1
greater rate of flow of heat or heat loss (from foot to water)
allow reverse arguments
4. (a)
$=2 \times 0.4$
1
$=0.8 \mathrm{Nm} \quad$ UP $80 \mathrm{Ncm} \quad \mathbf{1}$
accept 0.8 nm or 80 ncm
(b) why clockwise? CoG is to right of pivot
(1)
weight of rule exerts a clockwise moment
(1)
$\mathrm{CM}>\mathrm{ACM}$
(1) max 2
(c) position of $0.5 \mathrm{~N} \quad \mathrm{CM}=0.8+0.10=0.90 \quad \mathbf{1}$
$A C M=0.90=0.8+(0.5 x) \quad \mathbf{1}$
$x=0.2 \mathrm{~m}$ to the left of pivot UP $\mathbf{1}$
$0.2 \mathrm{~m} \quad$ scores 2
left of pivot scores $3^{\text {rd }}$ mark
allow error carried forward from (a) for CM
(Total 7 marks)
5.

uneven
zig-zag
jiggly haphazard irregular

Iarger
great
did
Ionger
more
falls
reduces
lessens
gets smaller
absolute zero temperature
do not allow $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or 0 C
6.
(a) (i) charging friction / rubbing (with cloth/ silk/fur but not a ..... 1 conducting material)
(ii) explanation They / electrons are transferred/ travel/ move/go ..... 1(from cloth) to strip1$2^{\text {nd }}$ mark dependent on 1st
(b) (i) Effect on bar (They / electrons) move to right/ away from ..... 1 polythene strip
do not accept movement of positive charges do not accept on the diagram1like / same charges repel(do not accept poles)
(ii) strip moves (plastic) strip is (also) charged (with) ..... 1
negative charge/ same charge as polythene ..... 1(do not accept poles for either mark)
'strip is negatively charged’ scores 2
7.
(a)(i)
$=10.9 \mathrm{~A}$ UP
1
accept $11 \mathrm{~A}, 1087 \mathrm{~A}, 108696 \mathrm{~A}, 10.86957 \mathrm{~A}$, 10.869562 A not 10.86 A or 10.8 A
(ii) Energy
$2.5 \times 12$
1
$=30 \mathrm{kWh}$ or 30
1
$2^{\text {nd }}$ line scores both marks
any other unit cannot score $2^{\text {nd }}$ mark
e.g. $30 \mathrm{~kW} / \mathrm{h}$
(b) Earth wire

1. (earth wire has) low resistance
(1)
2. large current flows to earth
3. fuse wire has low melting point
4. fuse wire melts/ breaks (ignore blows)
5. breaks circuit / stops current (not controls or reduces current)
one mark per point, max 3 marks
6. 


(a) (i) current arrow from $A$ to $B$ either on $A B$ or next to it
(ii) lines at least two (curved) lines within dotted box.

Lines can be solid or dashed and must not cross. Ignore any lines outside dotted box.
correct direction on at least one correct line without
1 contradiction
must carry error forward from (i). If arrow goes from B to $A$ in (i) then direction of curves must be from left to right.

If (a)(i) is blank mark to scheme
(b) greater 1. more / greater/ larger current or voltage or emf or more cells
2. more / larger number of turns / coils
3. (soft) iron core
4. turns closer together
9.

| (a)(i) | neutrons | 136 | 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 136 neutrons |  |
|  |  | 136 neutrons and 86 protons |  |
|  |  | not 136 neutrons and 86 electrons |  |
| (ii) | electrons | 86 | 1 |
|  |  | 86 electrons |  |
| (b)(i) | background | 1. radiation from surroundings | 1 |
|  |  | 2. radiation when no other sources are present |  |
|  |  | 3. radiation present all the time |  |
|  |  | 4. accept radiation from a named source e.g air / building materials/ in food/ cosmic rays/ radon/ radiation from the sun |  |
|  |  | do not accept sunlight or sunshine |  |
| (ii) | checking backgr | 1. measure count away from house or outside house | (1) |
|  |  | 2. count for long time (greater than 1 minute) or repeat counts | (1) |
|  |  | 3. measure count in house | (1) |
|  |  | 4. make sure no other sources present | (1) |
|  |  | 5. compare/ subtract two sets of counts | (1) |
|  |  | Any three points - one mark each | max |

10. (a) table

| Radio <br> waves | Micro- <br> waves | Infra red/ | (Visible) li Ultra viol X-rays | Gamma <br> rays |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

UV or ultra violet in any box $\mathbf{1}$
All five answers in correct boxes
2
three answers in correct boxes scores 1 mark
(b) (i)

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property Transverse (waves) accept any recognisable
1 spelling
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Do not allow 'same speed'
(ii) frequency $3 \times 10^{8} / 2 \times 10^{3} \quad 1$
$=150000 \mathrm{~Hz}$ or $1.5 \times 10^{5} \mathrm{~Hz} / \mathrm{Hertz} / \mathrm{hz} /$ (waves) $\mathbf{1}$ per second/ cycles per second/cps

Unit required for $2^{\text {nd }}$ mark
11. (a) rays

lines from car continued to back surface of prism A, $\mathbf{1}$ turned $90^{\circ}$ and travelling down to prism B
lines continued vertically through top face of prism B , turned $90^{\circ}$ and travelling horizontally to eye (dependent on previous mark)
(b) (i) TIR
letter $\mathbf{T}$ next to angled face of either or both prism at points where rays turn $90^{\circ}$

Any shown T must be in the correct position
(ii)

1. reference to correct angle of incidence
2. being greater than critical angle/ $42^{0}$

This mark is not dependent on the 1st
3. light travelling from high(er) RI (refractive index) towards lower RI
do not accept 'density'
Any two points - max two marks
(c) problem (image) upside down/ inverted/ wrong way up 1

