

CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS GCE Ordinary Level

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2014 series

5054 PHYSICS

5054/32

Paper 3 (Practical Test), maximum raw mark 30

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2014 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.

		1242 ·				
Pa	ige 2	Mark Scheme Syllabus	V			
(a)		e 2Mark SchemeSyllabusGCE O LEVEL – May/June 20145054measured the height above the bench in two places (and adjusted to get the same value)/aligned with horizontal surface in the laboratory, e.g. windowsill $t = 48.0 \pm 0.2$ cm, and $h_2 > h_1$ ell measurements to the nearest mm and unit seen somewhere				
(b)	<i>l</i> = 4	8.0 <u>+</u> 0.2 cm, and $h_2 > h_1$	M1			
	all m	neasurements to the nearest mm and unit seen somewhere	A1			
(c)		ect calculation to find h and x , using sensible values of h_1 , h_2 and l approximately 60 cm and h_1 approximately 40 cm)	M1			
	sens	sible M in the range 30 g to 70 g to 2 or 3 significant figures with unit	A1 [5]			
2 (a)	diag	ram with more than half the numbers shown as inverted and laterally inverted	B1			
	imaę obje	ge is real (focussed on a screen)/inverted/laterally inverted/dimmer than the ct	B1			
(b)	(i)	spacing found by measuring across more than one division.	B1			
(ii),	(iii)	iii) <i>m</i> numerically equal to <i>s</i> (ignore presence of unit)				
		or <i>m</i> found from $\frac{v}{u}$ or single s in the middle.				
		and v in the range 78.0 cm to 85.0 cm	M1			
	(iv)	<i>f</i> in the range 13.5 cm to 16.5 cm with unit.	A1 [5]			
8 (a)	V ₁ ir	the range 0.90 V to 2.20 V to 0.1 V or better and unit	B1			
	I_1 in	the range 30 mA to 85 mA to 0.01 A or better and unit	B1			
(b)	corre	ect calculation of power with unit	B1			
(c)	V ₂ le	ess than V_1 and I_2 greater than I_1 with units	B1			
(d)	corre	ect calculation of power (ignore unit)	MO			
	total	er is larger because: resistance decreases (and voltage is similar)/current increases and voltage milar/parallel arrangement so power is dissipated in each resistor.	A1 [5]			

Page	3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus			
		GCE O LEVEL – May/June 2014	5054	Soc.		
<u>Table</u>				em		
(b) tal	ge 3Mark SchemeSyllabusGCE O LEVEL – May/June 20145054letable with units for θ and t at least 5 points with correct shaped curve					
(c) at	at least 5 points with correct shaped curve					
at	at least one attempt at temperature measurement to better than 1 °C					
	at least 8 good values recorded and values taken up to 6 minutes					
(ge	(good values are \pm 1 °C from examiners best line)					
				[4]		
<u>Graph</u>	<u>l</u>					
• •	axes labelled with units and correct orientation					
(al	(allow e.c.f. from wrong unit in table but not no units)					
	suitable scale, not based on 3, 6, 7, etc. with plotted data occupying \geq half the page in both directions					
thi	two points plotted correctly – check the two points furthest from the line this mark can only be scored if the scale is easy to follow					
(p	oints m	nust be within 1/2 small square of the correct position	n)			
	best fit fine line and fine points or crosses (line thickness to be no greater than the thickest lines on the grid)					
(m						
<u>Calcul</u>	lations					
(e) tai	tangent drawn to curve at t = 180 s					
us	use of a triangle with a base > 180s that uses a tangent which is a straight line					
со	correct calculation (ignore significant figures and unit)					
(f) M	in the r	range 65g to 85g		B1		
• • •	1			M1		
(g) co	correct substitution with sensible <i>m</i>					
CO	correct calculation and consistent unit (W or J/min)					
(h) oti	- tho y	voter/availaval with manisous on massuring av	inder or thermometer/			
	stir the water/eye level with meniscus on measuring cylinder or thermometer/ thermometer not touching beaker/thermometer fully immersed/take average					
		d results seen)		B1		