UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

General Certificate of Education O Level

MARK SCHEME for the NOVEMBER 2004 question paper

5054 PHYSICS

5054/02

Paper 2 (Theory), maximum mark 75

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were initially instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began. Any substantial changes to the mark scheme that arose from these discussions will be recorded in the published *Report on the Examination*.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the *Report on the Examination*.

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NOVEMBER 2004

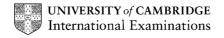
GCE O Level

MARK SCHEME

MAXIMUM MARK: 75

SYLLABUS/COMPONENT: 5054/02

PHYSICS Paper 2 (Theory)



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Section A

1	(a)	speed uniform or 20 m/s	В1	
		stationary/not moving till 20 minutes or after 65 minutes or moves for 45 minutes	tes B1	
		(not if inconsistent; all times ± 2 min; ignore acceleration/deceleration periods)	
	(b)	d = st any algebraic or area calculated		
		or 20 x 45, 20 x 90, 20 x 45 x 60, 20 x 90 x 60	C1	
		54 000 m or 54 km	A 1	
	(c)	any constant speed from 0 to 90 minutes (may stop at 90 or go down to axis)	M1	
		10 m/s (no e.c.f. b)	A 1	6
2	(a)	larger	В1	
	(b)	(i) difference in levels 30		
		(any start level, 10 N or above not in horizontal section)	В1	
		(ii) difference in levels 60		
		(any start level, 10 N or above not in horizontal section)	В1	
	(c)	trapped air exerts a pressure	В1	
		pushes the water down (on right) or pressure (in trapped air) > atmospheric	В1	5
3	(a)	(at 8.4 m/s) resistive force = 320 N/forward force or no resultant or forces cancel/balance		
		or if forward force > resistive force then runner accelerates		
		or if forward force < resistive force then runner decelerates	В1	
		(not resistive force a maximum, accept backwards force = resistive force)		
	(b)	(i) $\frac{1}{2}$ mv ²	В1	
		$\frac{1}{2} \times 60 \times 8.4^{2}$	C1	
		2100 J (accept 2120, 2117, 2116.8)	A 1	

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	(!!)		3034]	
	(ii) mo				C1	
	21	17/60 x 10 or h = P.E. or K.E./mg e.c.f. (i)			C1	
	3.5	5 m				
	(ad	ccept 3.50, 3.52, 3.53 i.e. 2 or 3 significant figu	res only)		A1	7
4	(a) (i) co	rrect normal (by eye to centre of circle)			M1	
	an	gle between normal and ray 1 marked			A 1	
	(b) ray	y 1 sensibly reflected and no refracted ray			В1	
	ray	y 2 bends upwards (ignore reflection)			В1	
	ray	y 3 undeviated (ignore all rays leaving bubble)			В1	
	(c) (i) sir	n i/sin r or ratio of speed in air/vacuum to speed in	n medium		В1	
	(ig	nore real/apparent depth)				
	(ii) 1.3	33 or 0.75				
	(ad	ccept 1.326, 1.3, 0.754, 0.8 not 1.325, 1, 0.76)			В1	7
5	(a) (i) up	and down arrow shown				
	(al	low if one arrow and up/down stated in (ii))			В1	
	(ii) 4 t	imes in one second or once in 0.25 sec			В1	
	(b) $v = f\lambda$	in any algebraic form			В1	
	0.8/4				C1	
	0.2 m				A 1	
	(c) halve	the frequency or move hand once every 0.5 sprir	ngs		В1	6
	` •	re move hand slower or at half speed or speed of stretched more)	wave doubl	e unless		
6	(a) (i) ele	ectrons/they move (on sphere) away from rod/to	right		B1	
	ne	gative or electrons repelled by (negative on) rod	or like charg	jes repel	B1	
	(ad	ctual movement of positive charge max 1 positive	electrons m	nax 1)		
	(ii) po	sitive nearest rod and negative on side furthest for	rom rod		В1	
		low charges just outside sphere no need for sam arges)	e no. of +ve	and –ve		
	(b) only p	ositive on side near rod				
	no e.c	r.f. a (ii)			В1	

Mark Scheme

Syllabus

Paper

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	(c)	>1	positive charge distributed over sphere		
		e.c	.f.	В1	
	(d)	pla	stic/perspex/polythene/rubber/ebonite/glass/wood etc.	B1	6
7	(a)	to	step down/reduce the voltage		
		(ig	nore just step down transformer)	B1	
	(b)	two	o coils (no label needed)		
		(nc	ot if primary connects secondary)	B1	
		out	put/secondary has fewer turns than input/primary clear; coils labelled		
		or	right-hand coil has fewer turns	B1	
		cor	mplete (soft) iron (core) labelled		
		(ig	nore circuit symbol)	B1	
	(c)	(i)	less energy/power/heat loss/heating		
			(ignore just more efficient)	B1	
			current is reduced/low		
			(not if resistance changes)	B1	
		(ii)	resistance is decrease		
			(resitivity is not resistance)	B1	
			electrical power/energy related to resistance		
			e.g. $P = I^2R$, P prop to R (not V^2/R alone)		
			or resistance α 1/area		
			(accept power related to R etc. given in (i))	B1	8
Se	ctio	n B			
8	(a)	(i)	molecules (of copper) vibrate (allow start to vibrate)	B1	
			pass on energy/heat/vibration from molecule to molecule (accept to alcohol molecule)	В1	
			(accept particles/atoms for molecules allow 1/2 for electron conduction description)		
		(ii)	boiling takes in energy and condensation gives out energy	В1	

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(ii	i) mov	vement of alcohol/vapour fast	0004			
`	•	nore convection)				
	or p	pressure difference large				
	or r	molecules move fast (with partial evacuation)			В1	
(b) (i)	amo	ount of energy/heat to change state/evaporate/b	oil			
	(co	ndone boil and condense)			М1	
	unit	mass/1 kg/1 g (without change in temperature)		A 1	
	(an	y change in temperature mentioned 0/2)				
(ii) mL	or 25 x 840			C 1	
	21 (000 J			A 1	
(ii	i) mc	ΔT or (ΔT =) 21 000/4.2 x 500			C 1	
	10 °	PC .			A 1	
(c) (i)	e.g.	k and white /shiny objects whose temperature c (metal) plates + cork, thermometers, foil on bac rellas)				
	meth diag	nod of producing radiation (e.g. Sun, heater, car ram)	idle, bulb acc	cept drawn	on B1	
	corre	ect observation from a physical measurement				
	(ign	ore feels hotter)			В1	
(ii	•	thod of obtaining hot black and white surfaces on perature	f approximat	tely same		
	(sam	ne temperature may not be stated)			В1	
	meth	nod of detecting radiation e.g. thermopile, therm	otransistor, t	ack of han	d,	
	blacl	kened thermometer, thermometer shows black	cools faster		В1	15
(a) (i)	low in c	resistance or short circuit or large current (in ba	attery) or no	current	B1	
(ii) brus	shes touch gaps or no contact with ring or coil v	ertical		В1	
	no (current or open circuit or no forces or no mome	ent		В1	
(b) (i)	forc	e x distance			М1	
	per	pendicular distance			A 1	

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(i) 3 x 0.065 or 3 x 0.065/2	C1
	0.195 Nm	
	(accept 0.19 or 0.20; 0.39 or 0.0975 NmC1)	A 1
(i	i) large (perpendicular) distance (between forces/axis when coil horizontal)	B1
(i	axes labelled and graph any repeating shape with same sign	B1
	(not a sine wave either side of axis)	
	1 revolution correct on time axis	B1
	(should be between three maxima/minima if graph always same sign, if graph goes either side of axis e.g. sine wave, award mark for period of wave drawn	•
(c) (i	voltage (p.d.) (across motor)	B1
	current (through motor)	B1
	power = VI	B1
(i) correct series circuit with ammeter, cell etc., any symbol for motor	
	(accept lamp labelled motor condone V in series)	B1
	voltmeter in parallel with motor	
	(or cell if no extra resistor)	B1 15
10 (a) (i	53 protons	B1
	78 neutrons	B1
	53 electrons in orbit/around centre/outside nucleus (can be on diagram)	B1
(i) 131 on top	B1
	54 underneath	B1

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(b) comparison example

nature β electron γ electromagnetic or wave

mass β small, 1/2000, γ zero

charge β negative or charged, γ zero/neutral

ionising effect β larger than γ

penetrating effect β penetrates less, β but not γ stopped by A1

speed β fast, γ at speed of light

deflection in E or B fields β deflected γ not

tracks in cloud chamber β thin or wavy lines γ no tracks or tracks

compared appear

ANY 3 correct which may be given as lists or implied comparisons B3

If more than 3 comparisons give a mark for each one correct to max 3

then –1 for each **clearly wrong** statement e.g. β is a helium nucleus, β do not travel in a vacuum

ignore correct ideas but with a wrong fact e.g. β heavy, γ no mass; β stopped by skin, γ is not

ignore unclear comparisons e.g. γ stronger, β travel shorter distances – give mark if medium specified, γ are rays but β particles; β straight γ wavy, wavelengths mentioned

(c) (i) (radioactive) count/emission random

(accept not constant) B1

sample not mixed (in blood)

(accept not diffused)

or takes time to circulate/mix/reach other arm

B1

(ii) 38.5 no unit needed

(accept 38, 39) B1

(iii) 7480 cm³

(7481, 7500 i.e. no significant figure penalty) e.c.f. (ii) i.e. 144 000 x 2/(ii)B1

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(iv) attempt to halve or 1/4 seen

C1

10 no unit needed A1

(d) keep distance/use tongs/wear a radiation badge or detector/store in lead container/suitable absorber between source and doctor e.g. lead apron/lead gloves/lead suit

not wear a radioactive suit/wear gloves or do not touch source/look at source B1 15

MAX 1 unit error per question in the paper.

There are to be no significant figure penalties except in Q3 (b) (ii).