UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS GCE Ordinary Level

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2009 question paper for the guidance of teachers

4024 MATHEMATICS

4024/02

Paper 2, maximum raw mark 100

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

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1	(a)		$\frac{4a^2+9}{6a}$ final answer	B1	1	
	(b)		5b(b-2) final answer	B1	1	Condone missing final bracket After 0 + 0 give sc1 for both correct forms seen.
	(c)	(i)	(6, 2)	B1	1	Condone missing brackets
		(ii)	$\sqrt{(\pm 4)^2 + (\pm 10)^2}$ 10.7 to 10.8	M1 A1	2	Accept $2\sqrt{29}$
				744	_	71000pt 2 1 2 3
	(d)		For numerical $\frac{p \pm (or + or -)\sqrt{q}}{r}$			Completing the square
			p = -11 and $r = 6$ (or 2 × 3) $q = 205$ or $\sqrt{q} = 14.3$ to 14.32	B1 B1		B1 for $\frac{-11}{6}$; B1 for $\sqrt{\frac{205}{36}}$ oe
						dep. on correct formula s.o.i or used
			0.55 -4.22	B1 B1	4	If final B0 + B0 then sc1 for 0.5 to 0.6 AND -4.2 to -4.22; or for any two answers
					[0]	given to 2 d.p.
2	(a)	(i)	Figs 378/the product of at least 2 of 20, 24, 7 and 60	M1	[9]	
			\$31.25	A1	2	Accept $$31.2 \rightarrow 31.3 $$0.0000312 \rightarrow 0.0000313 million;
		(ii)	$\frac{945 - 378}{378} \times 100 \text{ or } \frac{945}{378} \times 100$	M1		Accept $\frac{78.125 - 31.25}{31.25} \times 100$
			150% cao	A1	2	31,23
		(iii)	2:5 or $m = 2$, $n = 5$	B2	2	sc1 for partial simplification seen. 126:315, 54:135, 42:105, 18:45, 14:35, 6:15; or for $\frac{2}{5}$, or 1:2.5,
						or 5:2 or 2m:5m
	(b)		$\boxed{\frac{480}{0.6} \times \left(\frac{2}{100} = 16\right)}$	M1		
			16 cao	A1	2	sc1 for 9.6(euros) or (\$)800 seen.
1					[8]	

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3	(a)	(i)	$\tan x = \frac{11}{4}$	M1		For any complete methods
			·	A 1		allow appropriate M and A
			70 to 70.02	A1	2	marks. sc1 for 19.9 to 20
		(ii) (a)	$\sin 28 = \frac{4}{PX} \text{ or } \frac{PX}{(\sin 90)} = \frac{4}{\sin 28}$	M1		GRADIAN ANSWERS
			8.5 to 8.525	A1	2	(i) 77.80 sc1 for 22.2 or 12.2
		(b)	$d = \frac{4}{\tan 28}$, or $PX \cos 28$, or $\frac{4 \sin 62}{\sin 28}$	M1		(ii) (a) 9.39
		(D)		1411		(b) 8.50 (leading to 2.5) or 7.77 from Sine Rule
			or $\sqrt{PX^2-4^2}$	A1		(leading to 3.23)
			7.5 to 7.6 11 - d = 3.4 to 3.5	M1	3	
			3 96 22 0			
	(b)		$r^3 = \frac{96}{\frac{4}{3}\pi}$ or 22.9	M1		
			2.84 to 2.841	A1	2	
4	(a)	(i) (a)	3 (lines of symmetry)	B1	[9]	
	(4)	(b)	order 3	B1	1	
		(ii) (a)	Use of $(9-2) \times 180$ etc.	M1	1	AG. Allow if 140° calculated,
					1	but not if quoted.
		(b)	6x + 3y = 1260 oe y = 420 - 2x oe isw	B1 B1	2	The second B mark implies the
					2	first.
		(c)	Sensible attempt at solving for x or y x = 136	M1 A1	2	
			x 130	AI	2	
	(b)	(i)	∠ <i>FEB</i> = 114°	B1	1	
	(0)	(1)	ZFEB - 114	DI	1	
		(ii)	∠ <i>BEA</i> = 42°	B1	1	
		(iii)	$\angle AGD = 63^{\circ}$	B1	1	
		<u> </u>			[10]	
5	(a)	(i) (a)	50	B1	1	Accept negatives
		(b)		M1		
		(c)	1200 m 5 m/s	A1 B1	2	
		(ii)	$150u = \frac{1}{2} \times 13 \times 150 \ (= 975)$ oe	M1		
			$u=6\frac{1}{2}$	A1	2	$\sqrt{4 + \frac{1}{2}}$ (their 5)

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	(b)	(i)	195 m	B1	1	
		(ii)	24.5 or (25.4 to 25.5) seen	B1		
			Distance Time	M1		
			7.64 to 7.65	A1	3	N.B. $\frac{190}{25} = 7.6$ scores the M1
			7.01 to 7.03	711		$\frac{7.0 \cdot 25}{25} = 7.0 \text{ scores the WT}$ only
					[10]	Offiy
6	(a)		$\begin{vmatrix} p = 11 \\ q = 30 \end{vmatrix}$			
			r = 60 s = 6 all four	D2	2	sc1 for 2 or 3 correct
				D2	2	SCI 101 2 01 3 Confect
	(b)		x = 2n + 1 oe	B1		In (b) , accept any unsimplified
			$y = n(n+1) \text{ oe}$ $z = 2n(n+1) \text{ oe } \sqrt{2} \times y$	B1 B1	3	form but -1, once, if not given explicitly
			$2 - 2n(n+1) 0e \forall 2 \wedge y$	DI	3	explicitly
	(c)		102	B1	1	
					[6]	
		(1)		D4		N 400 (0 4
7	(a)	(i)	$\frac{2}{5}$ oe fraction	B1	1	Not 40%; 0.4
		(ii) (a)	h=25	B1	1	
		(b)	$2(50 \times 15 + 60 \times 15) + 50 \times 60$ 6300 cm^2	M1 A1	2	sc1 for 3300 or for 9300 cm ²
	(b)	(i)	$\frac{220}{360} \times 2\pi \times 9 \times 35$	M1		
			1208 to 1210	A1	2	
		(ii)	$\frac{220}{360} \times \pi \times 9^2 \ (= 155.50 \ldots)$	M1		POSSIBLE GRAD ANSWERS
		,	$\frac{1}{2} \times 9^2 \times \sin 140 \ (= 26.03 \dots)$	M1		(ii) 188 to 188.3
			181 to 182	A2	4	from $\frac{1}{2} \times 9^2 \times \sin 140 \ (= 32.7 \dots);$ 177 to 178
						from 81 \times sin70 \times sin20 (=
						22.3) (iii) 4.9 from cos70; 6.2 from
						sin20 sc1 for 4.08 or for 2.7
						If A0, then
						sc1 for 155 to 156 seen or for 25.9 to 26.1 seen
		(iii)	$d = 9 - 9\cos 70$	M1		}
		()	= 5.92 to 5.93	A1	2	}sc1 for 3.07 to 3.08 seen
1			İ	Ī	[12]	

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8	(a)	(i)	PQ = (x+2) m			If AB used instead of x , -1 once
		(ii)	$BC = \frac{168}{x}$			
		(iii)	$QR = \frac{168}{x} + 11 \sqrt{BC + 11}$ all 3 (condone 10 + 1 for 11)	B2	2	sc1 for 1 or 2 correct
	(b)		Area = $(x + 2) (\frac{168}{x} + 11) - 168$ or $\sqrt{PQ} \times QR - 168$ as an expression in $x = 226$	M1		or $(x + 2) + 10(x + 2) + 2 \times \frac{168}{x}$ oe
			correct working to $22 + 11x + \frac{336}{x}$	A1	2	Answer given
	(c)		$p = 158 \text{ to } 158 \frac{1}{3}$	B1	1	
	(d)		Correct scales 7 correct plots (ignore $x = 9$) within 1 mm	S1 P1		Condone reversed axes, if labelled Accept if curve goes through correct points
			Smooth curve	C 1	3	Not grossly thick; no straight lines Ignore curve for $x < 3$ and $x > 8$
	(e)		Clear attempt to draw tangent at $(4, 150)$ gradient = -6 to -12	T1 G1	2	Accept "integer" fractions
	(f)	(i)	143 ≤ answer < 144	B1	1	
		(ii)	7.4 to 7.6	B1	1 [12]	
9	(a)	(i)	$\frac{AD}{\sin 38} = \frac{17}{\sin 114}$	M1		
			$AD = 17 \times \frac{\sin 38}{\sin 114}$ 11.4 to 11.5	M1 dep. A1	3	GRADIAN ANSWERS (i) 9.7 to 9.8
		(ii)	$\begin{cases} 17^2 = 9^2 + 10^2 \pm (2) \times 9 \times 10 \cos x \\ \text{or } \cos x = \pm \left[(9^2 + 10^2 - 17^2)/(2) \times 9 \times 10 \right] \end{cases}$	M1		(ii) 140.9 to 141
			$\cos C = \frac{10^2 + 9^2 - 17^2}{2 \times 9 \times 10} = (-0.6)$	A1	2	
	1		126 to 127	A1	3	

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	(b)	(i) (a)	$\overrightarrow{OQ} = \mathbf{p} + \mathbf{q}$	B1	1	In (b) (i) , -1, once, for
		(b)		B 1	1	unsimplified answers
		(c)	$\overrightarrow{OS} = 2\mathbf{p} + 2\mathbf{q} \sqrt{2} \times \mathbf{(a)}$	B 1	1	
		(d)	$\overrightarrow{OT} = \mathbf{4p}$	B1	1	
		(ii)	(O, P and T are) collinear oe OT = 4OP oe	B1 B1	2 [12]	Marks in (ii) are dep on a correct (i) (d)
10	(a)		Correct scales and axes Correct bases (width + position) Heights (2), 10, 8, 7, 4, 2	S1 B1 H1	3	Condone reversed axes if clearly labelled
	(b)		$7 < t \le 9$	B1	1	
	(c)		$(4 \times 2) + (10 \times 3.5) + (8 \times 4.5) +$ $(14 \times 6) + (8 \times 8) + (6 \times 10.5)$ (= 290)	M1		8, 35, 36, 84, 64, 63 Condone up to 3 slips
			÷ 50 5.8	M1 A1	3	Indep of first M
	(d)	(i)	0	B1	1	Condone $\frac{0}{50}$, none, nil
		(ii)	$\frac{14}{25}$ oe 0.56	B1	1	
	(e)	(i)	$\frac{54}{175} \left(= \frac{14}{25} \times \frac{27}{49}\right) \qquad (0.308 \text{ to } 0.309)$	B1	1	In (e), -1, once, for any answer not in lowest terms, or in decimal form
		(ii)	$\frac{88}{175} (= 2 \times \frac{14}{25} \times \frac{22}{49}) (0.502 \text{ to } 0.503)$	B2	2 [12]	sc1 for $\frac{44}{175}$ (0.251 to 0.252)
11	(a)	(i)	$\begin{pmatrix} -3 & 9 \\ -3 & 2x \end{pmatrix}$	B2	2	sc1 for 3 correct elements
		(ii)	$\mathbf{AB} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -1 + \frac{x}{3} & 1 \end{pmatrix} \text{ or } \mathbf{BA} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 3 - x \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$			
			or $\mathbf{B}^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 3 \\ -1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$ oe	B1		e.g. $3\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -\frac{1}{3} & 1 \end{pmatrix}$, (0.33 or better)
			x = 3	B1 dep.	2	

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(b)	(i) (a)	SF = -2	B1	1	(1)
	(b)	Centre is (1, 2)	B2	2	B1 for each coord. sc1 for $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$
	(ii)	Shear, x -axis inv., SF = 2	B1 B1	2	Mention of a 2 nd transformation loses both marks
	(iii) (a)	$ \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} k \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} k+4 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} $			
	(b)	k = 4 ET(L) = E((8, 2)) = (-13, 2)	MA1 B2	1 2 [12]	sc1 for (-2.5, 2)