General Certificate of Education Ordinary Level

Syllabus

DESIGN AND TECHNOLOGY 6043

For examination in November 2010

DESIGN AND TECHNOLOGY

GCE Ordinary Level **Subject 6043**

This syllabus is available for examination in November only.

CONTENTS

	Page
INTRODUCTION	1
AIMS	1
ASSESSMENT OBJECTIVES	1
THE EXAMINATION	2
SYLLABUS	3
ORGANISATION OF ASSESSMENT	7
TEACHERS' GUIDE TO ASSESSMENT	9
CRITERIA FOR THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROJECT	10
DESIGN AND TECHNOLOGY TEXTBOOKS	12
COURSEWORK ASSESSMENT FORM	13

Exclusions

This syllabus must not be offered in the same session with any of the following syllabuses:

0445 Design and Technology 6049 Design and Technology (Singapore)

INTRODUCTION

This syllabus is designed to lead to an examination for that part of the school curriculum identified as Design and Technology. It offers an examination for pupils who have followed a course of study which centrally features problem-solving design activity involving practical manipulative work using a range of materials. The following aims are assumed to be the major guiding influences in the school syllabus.

AIMS

To promote problem solving design activity.

To develop appropriate technical skills to enable the realisation of solutions to design problems.

To develop knowledge of a range of materials and the appropriate manipulative skills.

To develop an understanding of some aspects of technological activity.

To develop appropriate graphical skills to enable full engagement in design activity.

To develop awareness of possible hazards associated with practical workshop activities and to encourage habits of safe working.

ASSESSMENT OBJECTIVES

The following objectives are presented for the course to realise the above aims and as the reference against which the assessment will be made.

A candidate should be able to:

- 1. identify clearly from a problem situation a specific need for which a solution is required;
- 2. define and analyse a problem by considering any relevant functional, aesthetic, human, economic and environmental factors;
- 3. investigate, research, collect and record relevant information;
- 4. demonstrate the ability to apply knowledge to solve problems;
- 5. exercise judgement relating to appropriate functional, technological and aesthetic factors;
- 6. develop ideas towards a solution;
- 7. communicate ideas by using appropriate methods;
- 8. plan and organise the work procedure involved in the realisation of a solution;
- 9. realise a solution in appropriate material(s) using suitable techniques;
- 10. demonstrate a knowledge of materials by showing an understanding of their characteristics in relation to their use;
- 11. demonstrate an awareness of the technological and cultural environment;
- 12. test and evaluate a design solution;
- 13. demonstrate ability in design, communication, craftsmanship and appropriate technology;
- 14. demonstrate the ability to apply previously learned knowledge.

THE EXAMINATION

PAPER 1 (2½ hrs, 80 marks) 40% of the total marks for the subject.

This paper will be marked out of 95 and then scaled to a mark out of 80

This will be a formal timed examination in which candidates will be required to show their knowledge and understanding of tools, materials and processes associated with the use of metal, wood and plastics in the production of artefacts made to satisfy needs. They will be expected to call upon experience of working these materials (see core content) and to demonstrate that their knowledge of at least one of the identified materials has been extended beyond that of the core experience.

Tools, materials and processes

Candidates are expected to study the three types of material - metal, plastic and wood, with one material being treated as the first discipline. They should also have a good working experience of a second material, and some knowledge of the third is expected.

Part A, carrying 30% of the total marks of the paper

Ten questions requiring short answers will be set based on a wide knowledge of materials, processes, tools, equipment terminology, graphic representation and interpretation.

Part B, carrying 70% of the total marks of the paper

Part B of the paper will contain two sections of subject matter as follows: Section 1 – Tools and Materials;

Section 2 - Processes.

Candidates will be expected to answer one question from Section 1, two from Section 2 plus one other from either Section.

Candidates are free to make use of colour, other media and materials for the communication of ideas in their answers. Metric units will be used.

PAPER 2, Design Project

60% of the total marks for the subject.

(completed over a period of two semesters, 120 marks)

Project themes are set by CIE and will be notified to schools in January for examinations taken in November. The folios will be marked by the candidates' teacher who will use the criteria given at the end of this syllabus. The forms necessary for the recording of marks are included at the end of this syllabus. Details regarding external moderation of coursework can be found on page 8.

The Project will be a personally identified design opportunity within the thematic topic set by CIE.

The project will comprise two interrelated components:

A The Design Folio B The Design Artefact

Part A, Design Folio

The Folio is to show the candidate's brief, analysis, investigation, design proposals and evaluations.

The candidate will be expected to survey the general thematic topic with a view to selecting a particular problem for resolution. The design brief which is to be formulated will lead to further investigation. There is to be evidence of how this information is used and of the basis of judgements made in the development of the design proposal.

The anticipated procedures for realising the artefact are to be identified and set down as a plan for production. This might be in the form of a flow diagram which is further elaborated by sketches to clarify and work out how some of the critical stages will be dealt with.

The candidates should use appropriate graphical methods throughout the Folio including sequential sketches and the use of colouring media. Any notes should generally be succinct and used only to clarify certain details.

Part B, Design Artefact

In realising the solution to the personally selected design problem, the candidate is expected to demonstrate refined workmanship, sensitive use of materials and appropriate constructional methods. Candidates need not restrict their design to the three materials within the syllabus but should take any opportunity to make use of their knowledge of the developing technologies.

SYLLABUS

In order to meet the requirements of this examination it is necessary that all candidates should have followed the core syllabus in order to gain a sound working knowledge and understanding of plastics, wood and metal. This syllabus should be completed before the adoption of the final project, which it is expected will call for further research and specialisation. With this in mind, the syllabus aims to encourage the inclusion of other materials and technologies when appropriate.

It is hoped that teachers will endeavour to involve pupils in discussion and debate whenever appropriate.

Safety

It is assumed that a proper and appropriate concern for safety codes and practices will be maintained throughout a course following this syllabus.

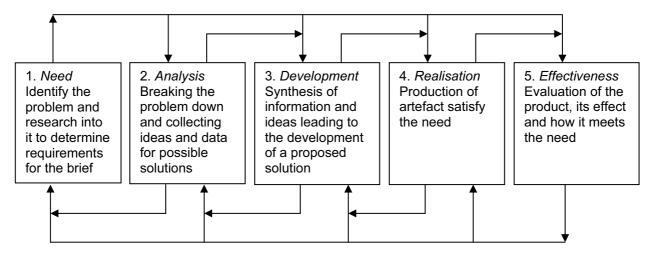
Design and Technology in Society

It is important that candidates obtain an appreciation of aesthetics and a pride in craftsmanship, along with understanding of the responsibility and place of the designer craftsman and technologist in society and industry. Some effects of the rapid developments in technology on the individual, and future trends and expectations should be considered.

DESIGN

Design Method

Designing is concerned with creating change and is undertaken in many different ways. It involves rational thought undertaken in a logical sequence but it also involves intuitive responses. For this examination design is concerned with problem-centred situations calling for solutions that can be realised through manufactured artefacts. The solutions may be arrived at through diverse methods but each will include the statement of a BRIEF, ANALYSIS, SYNTHESIS and EVALUATION. A convenient model to help pupils engage in design activity might be:



The arrows show that it is not always a linear series, that there is frequent looping back, particularly an ongoing reappraisal of the nature of the need. The arrows at the top showing forward links indicate for example that when considering the nature of the need (box 1) the resources available for realisation (box 4) and the constraints must be kept in mind. Similarly, the likely effects (box 5) need to be anticipated at every stage.

Essential to the activity is the ability to use graphical techniques. There is often a need to model in other ways so as to visualise a possible solution or part solution.

The production stage calls for logical planning of the practical processes and the evaluation must be as objective as possible including, where appropriate, quantifiable testing.

Design Content

Aesthetics A basic appreciation of the use of line, shape, form,

proportion, space, colour and texture.

An appreciation of the concept of ergonomics and the Anthropometrics and Ergonomics

incorporation of anthropometric data in design where

appropriate.

Information Practice in gathering relevant information by searching out

data from reference sources and enquiry through research

and observation.

The influence of natural forms on the man-made environment. The influence of materials and processes

upon the shape of man-made artefacts.

Awareness A basic understanding of common mathematical shapes in

product design, the use of triangulation and the modular

principle.

A basic appreciation of design evolution through a recognition of how designers respond as time progresses

to changing pressures and influences.

Teachers and candidates are asked to take particular note of the Assessment Objectives, the Teacher's Guide to Assessment, and the Criteria for the Assessment of the Project.

Graphics

The ability to show ideas and constructions by pictorial drawing, exploded and sectional views by recognised methods, the principle aim being to achieve fluency. This does not preclude the ability to produce measured orthographic drawings where appropriate.

The use of ink, colouring media, line, shape, form and texture should be encouraged so that students come to understand the importance of good presentation. Explanations using sequential sketches and flow diagrams are required.

TECHNOLOGY

Materials, Knowledge and Processes

General physical and working properties and the applications of common constructional materials especially plastics, wood and metal. Simple comparative testing leading to the reasoned selection of materials. A broad understanding with practical experience rather than an in-depth knowledge of any particular material, technology or media. Examples of areas which should be covered are given as guidance.

Theoretical Knowledge

Plastics Thermoplastics - nylon, polythene, polyvinylchloride,

acrylic and polystyrene.

Thermosets – polyester resin including G.R.P., melamine,

urea and phenol formaldehyde.

Natural timbers – classification advantages and disadvantages in use. Seasoning, storage and care of Wood

timber during use and construction

Processed wood - plywood, blockboard, chipboard,

veneer and hardboard.

Metals Ferrous – mild steel and high carbon steels.

Non ferrous - Aluminium and the alloy Duralumin along

with the common casting alloys.

Copper and its alloys. Zinc, Lead and Tin.

A knowledge of different and appropriate properties and

uses rather than of methods of manufacture.

Practical Processes

Experience in the use of hand and machine tools, operations and processes should cover the major materials – metal, plastic and wood – in sufficient detail to enable candidates to fulfil the realisation of their designs with sensitivity and manipulative skill, to produce artefacts showing a high degree of design awareness and of craftsmanship.

Area of Activity

- Preparation of Materials knowledge of available forms, types, sizes – conversion/cutting ready for use – datum surfaces/lines for future use – preparation for machine processes.
- Setting/Marking Out
 measuring and/or marking of
 work so that future
 operations can be carried
 out successfully, accurately
 and speedily.

3. Shaping

- (a) **Deforming/Reforming**methods which rely on a
 rearrangement of material,
 rather than its removal, to
 give the desired shape, form
 or contour.
- (b) Wastage/Addition various forms of cutting and removal of, or joining and adding to, a material to give the desired shape, form or contour.
- Special Treatments
 those which so change the
 molecular structure of a
 material as to make it more
 suitable for the work it is
 needed to perform.
- 5. **Joining and Assembly** those methods of fabricating and fitting together with the various parts of a job to form the desired structure, or give the required movement, to enable it to perform its task satisfactorily, both permanent and temporary.

6. Finishing

the preparation for, and application of, the surface treatment necessary for the material to perform its designed role most satisfactorily.

Core

Hacksaw, guillotine, tenon saw, cross-cut and panel saws.

Rule, try-square, scriber, chinagraph pencil, marking knife and pencil. Centre punch.

Hollowing, bending, forming by heating/pressure, simple casting, steam bending and lamination.

Hand snips, saws, files, rasps, basic planes and abrasive cutters. Simple hole boring by hand and machine. Hand threading and tapping.

Annealing, case hardening, hardening and tempering.

Methods of frame and box (carcase) construction. Permanent and temporary fixtures. Fittings and adhesives.

Surface finishes available, or made, to withstand both interior and exterior use.

Expansion

Purpose built portable tools. Securing work to face-plates, lathe chucks or between centres. Filing/planing of datum edge/surface.

Marking of datum line, by surface plate and scribing block or calipers. Vernier gauge. Micrometer. Dividers, marking gauge and mortise gauge.

Use of moulds, formers and dies, vacuum, blow or adhesive assisted. Casting to form by heat, pressure, chemical process or in combination.

Pilot, clearance, tapping, countersunk and counterbored holes. Screw cutting. Special purpose planes, chisels, gauges, saws; abrasive mops, discs and belts in addition to special files and rasps.

Annealing of all metals during working. Heat treatment of mild steel and tool steel (HCS). Plastic memory. Steaming and bending times for timbers. Adhesive curing time and strengths.

Use of jigs, formers and holding devices to assist these methods. Later developments in use of fixing aids, particularly in 'newer' materials. Locking and pinning methods and friction fixings.

Special finishes available to withstand corrosion, heat, liquids, stains, etc. Applied finishes as well as the role of 'as bought' finishes (oils, paints, lacquers, stains, dipcoating, satin polishes, etc.).

DESIGN AND TECHNOLOGY 6043 O LEVEL 2010

The Developing Technologies

The developing technologies of Structures, Pneumatics, Mechanisms, Electronics, Materials Processing and Micro Computing are increasingly being used in Design and Technology departments as aids in graphics, design, control and realisation. Students should, whenever possible or appropriate, be given the opportunity to keep abreast of developments in these areas both within school and industry and to make use of that knowledge within their Projects.

ORGANISATION OF ASSESSMENT

PAPER 1 The timed paper will be despatched to CIE for marking.

PAPER 2 Teachers are not precluded from acting as advisers to their

candidates. Candidates will not be penalised if working drawings

show evidence of use.

The teacher's assessment for both Part A and Part B should be made on an assessment form which is at the end of this syllabus. It is expected that practical work will be completed by 15 October. Schools to be visited by Examiners will be notified in good time.

Part A, Design Folio Part A is to be marked internally, with external moderation.

The Design Folio must also contain sufficient photographs of the Artefact, showing an overall view together with detailed views of evidence to support the award of marks for Part B (suitability of

proposed solution, workmanship and evaluation).

Part B, Design Artefact Part B is also to be marked internally using given criteria.

The teacher's assessment is to be sent to the Examiner.

There will be external moderation by Examiners and, at the discretion of the Chief Examiner, some schools each year may be required to send a selection of marked work to CIE for the purpose

of correlating standards.

ASSESSMENT OF PAPER 2 (PROJECT)

The criteria upon which the marking scheme will be built include:

The extent of research and ability shown to use the material realistically in response to the problem being confronted.

The appropriateness and quality of the techniques employed in the resolution of practical project work.

Assessment scheme

Part A – The Folio	Marks
General analysis of the topic	10
Formulation of design brief and specification	5
Exploration of ideas	10
Detailed development of proposed solution	15
Suitability of chosen materials and construction	10
Production planning	10
Communication	10
Total (Part A)	70
Part B – The Artefact	
Suitability of proposed solution	10
Workmanship	30
Evaluation	10
Total (Part B)	50
Total (Paper 2)	120

External Moderation for Centres in Mauritius

External moderation of internal assessment will be carried out by moderators appointed by the Mauritius Examinations Syndicate on behalf of CIE. A representative sample will then by sent to CIE by the Mauritius Examinations Syndicate once in-country moderation is complete.

External Moderation for all other Centres

External moderation of internal assessment will be carried out by CIE.

The internally moderated marks for all candidates must be received at CIE by 31 October for the November examination. These marks may be submitted either by using MS1 mark sheets or by using Cameo as described in the Handbook for Centres.

Once CIE has received the marks, CIE will select a sample of candidates whose work should be submitted for external moderation. CIE will communicate the list of candidates to the Centre, and the Centre should despatch the coursework of these candidates to CIE immediately. Individual Candidate Record Cards and Coursework Assessment Summary Forms (copies of which may be found at the back of this syllabus booklet) must be enclosed with the coursework.

Further information about external moderation may be found in the Handbook for Centres and the Administrative Guide for Centres.

All records and supporting written work should be retained until after the publication of the results.

TEACHERS' GUIDE TO ASSESSMENT

The assessment is to reflect:

- the extent of research and the ability to use the material realistically in response to the problem confronted;
- (ii) the appropriateness and quality of the techniques employed in the resolution of the practical project work.

The following guidance is given to teachers for making the assessment and completing the Syndicate's form.

PART A - The Folio

Exploration of ideas

Candidates should:

General analysis of topic

show, through a general examination of the theme, sensitivity to possible problems and the ability to analyse situations.

Formulation of design brief and specification

demonstrate the ability to define the problem and formulate a design brief and list a detailed specification.

Detailed development of

record the investigation made and show an ability to explore a variety of existing and possible solutions. show engagement in the development of ideas towards a working

proposed solution Suitability of chosen material(s) and construction solution which should be shown in the form of a working drawing. show through reasoned judgement the ability to select materials,

technologies and construction methods appropriate to the selected project.

Production planning

produce a plan setting out a sequence for the technical production of the artefact. The plan which may be in the form of a flow chart or list should identify and describe the more complex tasks.

Communication

have used appropriate techniques for achieving clarity of communication. These might include, for example, the use of colour, 'mock-ups', and models. An understanding of suitable drawing techniques as revealed in the formal presentation of the final solution (assembly drawing, etc.). The use of words should be succinct.

PART B – The Artefact Suitability of proposed solution

show that he/she has responded to the aesthetic and technical requirements of the design brief and specification.

Workmanship

demonstrate an ability to manipulate materials sensitively and apply technologies with accuracy of workmanship and quality of finish.

Evaluation

write a succinct evaluation of the realised solution. The candidate should refer back to the requirements, originally specified, to assess how well the solution satisfies the brief. The evaluation should include:

- (a) an assessment based on objective testing of how well the specification has been satisfied;
- (b) a reappraisal of the brief, including amendments to the brief where appropriate;
- (c) comments on the modifications made as the Project developed;
- (d) comments on any possible improvements that would improve the solution as made;
- (e) any effects brought about by the solution that were not foreseen.

CRITERIA FOR THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROJECT

A THE FOLIO

General analysis of topic	A wide ranging analysis with many aspects of the theme considered.	7-10	10
	A relatively sound analysis with a range of aspects of the theme considered.	4-6	
	An analysis with aspects of the theme considered.	1-3	
Formulation of	A concise brief with a comprehensive specification.	4-5	5
design brief and specification	A clear brief with a statement of some of the specific requirements.	3	
	An unclear brief without relevant specification.	1-2	
Exploration of ideas	A wide range of ideas combined with imaginative interpretation.	7-10	10
	A fair range of ideas with some ideas examined.	4-6	
	Little variety of ideas with a tendency to misdirect efforts.	1-3	
Detailed development of	Thorough and thoughtful development with attention to fine detail.	11-15	15
proposed solution	A developed idea with sufficient attention to detail only.	6-10	
	An undeveloped idea lacking in attention to detail.	1-5	
Suitability of chosen materials	Deep knowledge well applied with reasoned selection of materials and construction.	7-10	10
and construction	Adequate knowledge to recognise main options and make the necessary selection.	4-6	
	Basic knowledge only. Considerable guidance needed in the selection of materials and methods of construction.	1-3	
Production	Good insight to processes, clear detailed planning.	7-10	10
planning	Some anticipation and awareness of main processes.	4-6	
	Adequate overall planning, but lacking in detail.	1-3	
Communication	Clear.	7-10	10
	Competent graphic presentation but lacking in detail.	4-6	
	Lacking both quality and detail.	1-3	

DESIGN AND TECHNOLOGY 6043 O LEVEL 2010

B THE ARTEFACT

Suitability of proposed solution	Good match to specification, refined aesthetic and technical features.	7-10	10
	Sound in most aspects and has some good features.	4-6	
	Little match to main requirements of specification.	1-3	
Workmanship	Overall judgement required, how range of skills contained have been applied. Typically:		
	Precise, accurate, well finished. Mastery of most aspects, refinement of detail.	21-30	30
	Competent, some minor inaccuracies, blemishes, some degree of mastery.	11-20	
	Working product marred by limited skill control.	1-10	
Evaluation	Detailed appraisal related to specification, objective, modifications proposed, tests applied where possible.	7-10	10
	Main aspects of specification critically appraised, some objectivity.	4-6	
	General overall appraisal with little reference to specification.	1-3	

DESIGN AND TECHNOLOGY TEXTBOOKS

Harper Collins Publishers (www	ISBN	
 Collins Fubilishers (www. Collins Educational: Real-Work Graphic Products Resistant Materials Design & Technology: Foundated Design & Technology: Design & Technology: Technology 	d Technology series: ion Course & Realisation	0 00 711 531 8 0 00 711 532 6 0 00 327 352 0 0 00 322 035 4 0 00 322 036 2
further details are available from:	Collins Educational Harper Collins Publishers FREEPOST GW2 446 Glasgow G64 IBR	
Cambridge University Press (www. Design and Technology, James		0 521 36969 X
further details are available from:	Cambridge University Press The Edinburgh Building Shaftesbury Road Cambridge CB2 2RU	
Oxford University Press (www.d OUP: Design & Technology to Graphic Products Resistant Materials		0198 327897 0198 327900
further details are available from:	Oxford University Press Walton Street Oxford OX2 6DP	
Nelson Thornes (Publishers) Ltc Design & Technology, J. Cabo	0 174482779	
Longman Publishers (www.long • Creative Design & Technology	0582 331285	

DESIGN AND TECHNOLOGY SUMMARY COURSEWORK ASSESSMENT FORM GCE SC and O Level 2010

Please	read the	instructions	printed	overleaf	before	comp	leting	this	form.

Centre N	lumb	oer					Cent	re Name												
Candidate						7		Part A — Analysis of Topic	The Fo Design Brief & Spec.	Exploration of ideas	Develop- ment of proposed Solution	Suitability of materials & construction	Production Planning	Communi- cation	TOTAL Part A	Part B — Suitability of proposed Solution	The Arte Workman- ship	Evaluation	TOTAL Part B	Total Mark (A + B)
Number	Can	didate N	lame			Š	Set	(max 10)	(max 5)	(max 10)	(max 15)	(max 10)	(max 10)	(max 10)	(max 70)	(max 10)	(max 30)	(max 10)	(max 50)	(max 120)
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Name of	moa	erator	(BLO	UN	CAPH	IALO)	1											Date		

A. INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING COURSEWORK ASSESSMENT SUMMARY FORMS

- 1. Complete the information at the head of the form.
- 2. List the candidates in an order which will allow ease of transfer of information to a computer-printed Coursework mark sheet at a later stage (i.e. in candidate index number order, where this is known).
- 3. Enter each candidate's marks on this form as follows:
 - a) In the individual skills columns, enter the marks awarded.
 - b) In the column headed 'Total Mark', enter the total mark awarded.
- 4. Ensure that the addition of marks is independently checked.
- 5. Both the teacher completing this form and the internal moderator should check the form and complete the bottom portion.

B. PROCEDURES FOR EXTERNAL MODERATION IN MAURITIUS

- 1. University of Cambridge International Examinations (CIE) sends computer-printed Coursework mark sheets (MS1) to the Mauritius Examinations Syndicate in early October showing the names and index numbers of each candidate.
- 2. External moderation of internal assessment will be carried out by moderators appointed by the Mauritius Examinations Syndicate on behalf of CIE.

The Mauritius Examinations Syndicate will communicate with Centres regarding procedures regarding external moderation and sampling.

It is the responsibility of the Mauritius Examinations Syndicate to ensure that the final moderated marks are recorded on the computer-printed Coursework mark sheets (MS1).

C. PROCEDURES FOR EXTERNAL MODERATION IN THE REST OF THE WORLD

- 1. University of Cambridge International Examinations (CIE) sends a computer-printed Coursework mark sheet MS1 to each Centre in early October for the November examination showing the names and index numbers of each candidate. Transfer the total internally moderated mark for each candidate from the Coursework Assessment Summary Form to the computer-printed Coursework mark sheet MS1.
- 2. The top copy of the computer-printed Coursework mark sheet MS1 must be despatched in the specially provided envelope to arrive as soon as possible at CIE but no later than 31 October for the November examination.
- 3. CIE will select a list of candidates whose work is required for external moderation. As soon as this list is received, send the candidates' work with the corresponding Individual Candidate Record Cards, this summary form and the second copy of MS1 to CIE. Indicate the candidates who are in the sample by means of an asterisk (*) against the candidates' names overleaf.
- 4. CIE reserves the right to ask for further samples of Coursework.
- 5. Send, with the sample work, instructions given to candidates and information as to how internal moderation was carried out.